"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Local showers, cooler to-day; probably fair Sunday; moderate winds, mostly northeasterly.
For full weather report see Page 12.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,558. * * * NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1911.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

TAFT IS IDEAL, TOGO TELLS TIMES

Writes Brief Comments on Men and Institutions He Has Studied in America.

PROVES A POPULAR VISITOR

Again Gets Warm Welcome Here—Visits West Point To-day and Will Be Roosevelt's Guest To-morrow.

Admiral Count Togo, the Japanese victor of the battle of the Sea of Japan, who is the guest of the Nation, arrived back in New York at 6:15 o'clock yesterday afternoon, after flying visits to Washington, Baltimore, and Philadelphia. Since he left New York last Friday afternoon he has been dined by the President, the Japanese Ambassador, several members of the Cabinet; has visited Mount Vernon, where he placed a wreath on the tomb of Washington; has seen the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, been the guest of the City of Baltimore, seen most of the interesting sights of Philadelphia, inspected one of the new fourteen-inch guns that are to be placed in the turrets of the new American dreadnoughts, toured two of the largest of the navy yards, and seen at close range two of the biggest private shipbuilding yards in the country.

On the way from Philadelphia a TIMES reporter, who traveled with Admiral Togo, asked him to give his impressions of President Taft, Mount Vernon, the Naval Academy, and the other interesting peoples and things he had seen since leaving New York. The Admiral asked that the questions be submitted in writing. That was done. The questions and the answers, the latter in the handwriting of the Admiral, were handed back to the reporter when the train reached New York. Here they are:

WHAT ARE YOUR IMPRESSIONS OF
The President?
Ideal.
The Naval Academy?
Magnificent.
Congress?
Grand.
Mount Vernon?
Beautiful.
American battleships of the Utah type?
Excellent.
The new naval 14-inch gun?
Powerful.
The Government Navy Yards?
Very good.
American railroads?
Comfortable.
American hotels?
Up to date.
Reception in America?
Very warm, for which I am grateful.
(1) The effect in Japan of President Taft's complimentary reference to the Mikado. (2) Will it further cement the friendship of the two nations?
(1) Will be very good. (2) Cannot be otherwise.
American newspaper photographers?
Very enterprising.

Arriving in New York the Admiral and his suite hurried to the Hotel Knickerbocker, where they remained just long enough to change from traveling to evening dress, and then the Admiral and the Japanese members of his suite were driven to the home of K. Midsuno, the Japanese Consul General in New York, where the Admiral had the first entirely Japanese meal since he landed in America, a week ago last night. None of the Americans in the party was at the dinner.

The dinner was Japanese in every way. Each guest on arrival had a hot bath, and then donned a ukata, (white kimono,) as is the Japanese custom, after which the dinner was served. Those at the dinner in addition to the hosts and Admiral Togo were Commander Tanaguchi, the Admiral's aid; Commander Hiraga, the Japanese Naval Attaché in Washington; Mr. Hanahara, First Secretary of the Japanese Embassy; K. Nakamina, the Japanese Consul General at Montreal, and Dr. Takamine, President of the Nippon Club of New York.

At 8 o'clock this morning Admiral Togo will leave for West Point on the naval yacht Mayflower, returning to New York late this afternoon. At West Point he will lunch with Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry, the Superintendent of the academy, inspect the institution, and review the corps of cadets. There is nothing on the programme for to-night.

To-morrow morning the Admiral will leave for Oyster Bay, where he will be the guest of ex-President Roosevelt at luncheon. In the afternoon he will return to New York to be the host at a dinner in honor of his escorts at the Hotel Knickerbocker.

Leaving Oyster Bay the Admiral and his party will motor to Carnegie Hall, where the Japanese residents in New York will be waiting to extend a welcome to their great sailor. Admiral Togo is said to be a great admirrer of the phonograph, and instead of presenting him with a loving cup his countrymen in New York will present a phonograph. The Admiral is expected to make what will probably be his longest speech in America in accepting the gift.

That the Admiral is a very popular visitor was again proved last night when he arrived from Philadelphia. A big crowd welcomed and cheered him when he emerged from the Pennsylvania Station, and an even bigger crowd was waiting on Forty-second Street to greet him when he arrived at the Hotel Knickerbocker. The Admiral lifted his big panama hat repeatedly in response to the cheers of the crowd. The crowd was still waiting when he left the hotel for the home of Consul General Midzuno, and the demonstration then was just as cordial as that accorded him on his arrival.

DROPS DEAD ON BOARDWALK.

Mrs. Ida Von Claussen's Father Collapses While Walking with Her.

Adolph Von Claussen, father of Mrs. Ida Von Claussen, the woman who gained notoriety by her controversy with President Roosevelt over his failure to remove Charles Graves, Minister to Sweden, who had refused to present her at court, collapsed on the boardwalk between Manhattan Beach and Brighton last night. Mrs. Von Claussen was walking with her father, who was 74 years old, when he fell.

It was 9:30 o'clock and the place was crowded. Men and women passed around the fallen man, while Mrs. Von Claussen wept over him. Some one thought to call an ambulance, but when Dr. Greenwald arrived from the Coney Island Hospital the old man was dead. The physician said death probably had been due to apoplexy.

Mrs. Von Claussen, who is staying with her ten-year-old daughter at the Manhattan Beach Hotel, where she is registered as Countess Von Claussen, had her father's body taken to the hotel.

Mr. Von Claussen lived at the Hotel Empire in Manhattan, and had spent yesterday with his daughter. He was on his way to take a train at Brighton to go home when he collapsed.

STRANDED IN BRIDGE CROWD.

Little Old Lady from Montreal Separated from Son—Police Help Her.

In the rush of pleasure seekers for seats in the B. R. T. expresses for Coney Island, at the Brooklyn Bridge terminal last night, there was neither man nor woman who noticed a little, white-haired old lady, who walked nervously back and forth on the platform, making no attempt to board any of the trains. From 6 o'clock until 11 she trudged back and forth, till then, the crowd having thinned out, a policeman noticed her and saw that she was crying quietly, the tears rolling from her eyes. She did not sob or utter a sound.

To the policeman's questions the little old lady merely shook her head. She did not understand, and in French tried to tell him so. At last the policeman took her to Police Headquarters. Lieut. Fogarty, in charge there, could not understand here either, and he could not find an interpreter, though at last he discovered one who could understand something of what the little old lady said.

She was Mrs. Marie Renault, she explained, living with her son, G. A. Renault, at 277 Ontario Street, Montreal, Canada, and with him she had arrived in this city yesterday on their way to Portland, Me., to spend her son's vacation. Last night her son was to have taken her to Coney Island, and they had got as far as the train platform at the bridge, when he asked her to hold his coat, promising to return in a moment or two. Then he had gone down from the platform. For five hours the mother waited, and she was nearly frantic with nervousness and fear at his failure to return.

Bit by bit the police gathered that young Renault, before leaving Montreal, had sold a thoroughbred horse for $700, and had the money in his pocket when he reached this city. Lieut. Fogarty instantly sent out a general alarm for him, fearing that he might have wandered into a lower Park Row or Bowery resort, and fallen a victim to thieves.

Mrs. Renault had $7 in Canadian money in her pocket. Lieut. Fogarty sent Detective Marron with her to the Broadway Central Hotel, instructing the detective to see that she received every attention and to tell the hotel management that he would be responsible for her bill.

The little old lady, still crying and still worried over the absence of her son, went with Marron, while other detectives set out for the Bowery and Park Row in the hope of locating young Renault.

POPE PIUS IMPROVING.

"Seems Another Man," Says Dr. Petacci—Thanks Gibbons and Farley.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Aug. 11.—The improvement in the Pope's condition is considered by his doctors as almost miraculous. Dr. Petacci, while looking at him this afternoon when the Pontiff was sitting up in bed, propped up by pillows, exclaimed:

"He seems another man from yesterday."

The color of the Pope's cheeks has lost the feverish pinkness that marked it the past days, and his eyes are bright, although his temperature is still above normal.

His Holiness insisted that Cardinal Merry del Val and Mgr. Bisleti bring him the telegrams which have arrived from all parts of the world, wishing to peruse them. Those from America are the most numerous. He gave instructions regarding the answers, especially to Cardinal Gibbons, adding:

"I remember he was kindness itself during the Conclave, when he chiefly contributed to induce me to accept Papal office."

Mgr. Bressan was about to leave the room with the dispatches, when the Pope recalled him, giving him further instructions, including a special message to Archbishop Farley, saying that he had a great appreciation for the admirable manner in which the New York prelate conducts one of the most important archdioceses in the world, and that he remembered with the greatest satisfaction his last visit here and his filial devotion.

EUSTACE DE CORDOVA DYING.

Stock Exchange Member Kept Alive for Weeks by Oxygen.

Eustace De Cordova of the Stock Exchange firm of Ballard & De Cordova, 25 Broad Street, is dying in the Summer home of his son-in-law, E. S. Brickner, at 32 North Ninth Avenue, Rockaway Park. Mr. De Cordova is suffering with myocarditis, and for the last five weeks has been kept alive only by administering oxygen. He is in charge of two physicians and four trained nurses.

Mr. De Cordova, whose city home is in the Ansonia Hotel, where he lives with two sons and an unmarried daughter, had a severe attack of bronchitis in April, and early in May decided to go to his daughter's home, in the hope that the better air at the seashore would assist him in shaking off his ailment.

Instead, however, of improving, Mr. De Cordova became steadily worse after reaching the beach, and within two weeks of his arrival at Rockaway Park had taken to his bed. It was then that myocarditis developed. His nephew, Dr. F. de L. Myers of Kingston, Jamaica, was in New York at the time, having determined to start practice here. He went immediately to Mr. De Cordova's bedside, and has been in attendance on him ever since.

Dr. Walter Brickner, a brother of Mr. De Cordova's son-in-law, who is attached to the Mount Sinai Hospital, has also attended Mr. De Cordova. Trained nurses have had him in charge day and night, but his condition has steadily been growing worse till now his family have abandoned hope.

Mr. De Cordova is 62 years old, and for twenty-five years has been a well-known figure in Wall Street.

BIDS FOR PORTUGUESE ISLES.

American Offers $200,000 for Cabras Islands, Says Owner.

LISBON, Aug. 11.—The Government is considering whether it will allow Senhor Abrel, owner of the Cabras Islands, off the Portuguese Coast, to sell them to a foreigner.

Abrel says that an American capitalist has offered him $200,000 for the property, and that the same amount has been offered by the British Marconi Company.

He says that a German has also made a bid for the islands.

A Delightful Acid Drink—Horsford's Acid Phosphate is superior to limes or lemons—more wholesome and satisfying for Summer refreshment.—Adv.

LOOT OF SHOPLIFTERS DISCOVERED IN LOADS

Detectives in Search of One Satchel Run Upon Fifty Filled with Silver.

AFTER MAN NAMED SILVER

Ex-Bartender, Who Boarded in Brooklyn with Two Women Who Are Now Under Arrest in Boston.

Acting upon a suggestion received by telegraph from the Boston police, two detectives went out from Police Headquarters in Brooklyn last night to make inquiries about a man named Silver, to whom an express package consisting of a new suit case had been shipped from Boston on Thursday.

The detectives are not sure that they found the particular suit case from Boston that the Massachusetts officials were anxious about. They did find about fifty suit cases and various boxes and bags, all of which were filled alike with silks and silverware and linen, and had been shipped to Silver from a dozen Eastern cities, including Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Boston, Toronto, Buffalo, Baltimore, and Richmond.

There were so many of the suitcases and bags that it required half an hour for policemen to carry them all from the house occupied jointly by Miss Elizabeth Smith and Miss Anna Krost at 316 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn, to a patrol wagon which was backed up to receive them.

On communicating further with the police of Boston the Brooklyn police learned that two women giving the names of Elizabeth Smith and Anna Krost had been arrested for shoplifting in a department store in that city, and had been taken to Police Headquarters, where goods valued at $100 had been found upon them.

The Brooklyn police promptly telegraphed to Boston that they had found thousands of dollars worth of goods stored at the address given by the women. The Bertillon measurements of the prisoners were asked for, so that a search may be made here to see if there is any record of them.

All that could be found out about Silver was that he was once a bartender, who had become a boarder in the home of the two women and had given up bartending after announcing his engagement to one of them. Others who lived in the house, which was run by Miss Smith and Miss Krost as a boarding house, said that Silver had started for Boston Thursday evening. This information, with a full description of the man, was telegraphed to the Boston police, and they were watching all railroad depots for him last night.

Detective Murray, who is attached to the Brooklyn Detective Bureau, is convinced that it will require several weeks of investigating fully to uncover the plans by which the shoplifting was carried on.

When Detectives Murray and Selesky were assigned to the case it was thought that it was an ordinary one of petty larceny, involving two women to the extent that women are usually involved when they are caught with a department store's goods under the cloaks, without having gone through the formality of visiting the cashier.

The description furnished of Miss Smith and Miss Krost was that both were about 30 years old, and gave their addresses as 1,208 Broadway, and 1,516 Broadway, Brooklyn, respectively. They had been watched by detectives and shortly before visiting the department store where they were arrested, had been seen in an express office, shipping a suit case to a man named Silver, whose first name the detectives failed to observe, at 358 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn.

At the first address given the detectives learned that neither of the women was known. At the Bainbridge Street address they found a saloon.

"Where's Silver?" the detectives asked of the proprietor, carelessly, as a friend might ask.

"Oh, Silver, he's gone," was the disappointing reply.

"Did he ever receive any suit cases here by express?"

"Yes, lots of them. He always packed them away with him."

The detectives thereupon concluded that the case was one in which they could afford to take more interest. They found their way to Silver's boarding house by diligent inquiry. Frederick Drew, a boarder, was there, and recalled that Silver had gone to Boston. The owners of the house, Miss Smith and Miss Krost, were also in Boston.

Drew was asked if he would lead the way to Silvers's room, and he obliged them by doing so. The first suit case opened was from Toronto. It was filled with silver knives and silver forks. In the search that followed the entire contents of several of the rooms were confiscated.

At Police Headquarters a squad of policemen were busy for several hours sorting and listing the goods and determining from what cities or stores each lot had been taken.

They found besides the silks, silverware and linens, several boxes of cigars, cases of cigarettes, bolts of cloth, neckties, suspenders, furs, suits of clothes, trousers, shirts, and suspenders. The collection will be sent to Boston for use as evidence against the two women under arrest.

TWO SISTERS MISSING.

Their Father, a Rye Hotel Man, Asks the Police to Seek Them.

Special to The New York Times.

RYE, N. Y., Aug. 11.—Frederick Niedringhaus, who has a hotel here and another at Rye Beach, is looking for his two daughters. They were last seen here last evening sitting on the hotel veranda with Richard Granger, Frank Walker, and George Van Dusen, three Mamaroneck youths, but when Niedringhaus and his wife returned from the beach after 10:30 o'clock the girls were gone. A suitcase, some of their best frocks, and some money also were gone. So were the three young men.

Gertrude, the elder of the girls, is only 15, and Annie is not yet 13, but both looked much more mature than their years. It is said that one of the youths had been attentive to Annie all Summer. The police of New York have been asked to keep a lookout for them.

After an investigation the police said they were satisfied that Granger, Walker, and Van Dusen had nothing to do with the disappearance of the girls. All the youths are at home in Mamaroneck, they said.

A report from Mamaroneck said that two girls answering the description of the Needringhaus sisters passed Police Headquarters about midnight last night, but the police here do not think they were the missing girls. According to the Mamaroneck report the girls boarded a trolley car to New York.

Latest Shipping News.

Arrived — SS Manzanillo, Cienfuegos, Aug. 5; SS Byrland, Banes, Aug. 5; SS Craston Hall, Boston, Aug. 10.

Arrived—SS Campania, Liverpool, Aug. 5.

A FULL-PAGE PORTRAIT OF MISS MADELEINE FORCE.

A striking half-tone reproduction of John Jacob Astor's fiancee will be one of the features of to-morrow's Sunday Times, printed on special paper, as part of the Pictorial Section.

MRS. BILLINGS, AT 89, FOILS BLACKMAILERS

Mother of C. K. G. Billings, on Receiving Threatening Letters in Chicago, Plans Arrests.

TWO MEN QUICKLY CAUGHT

Negro Asserts That John Hendricks Hired Him to Ask for Package at the Billings Home.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—While C. K. G. Billings, driving his champion gelding Uhlan, was hanging up a new world's trotting record at Cleveland to-day, his mother, Mrs. A. M. Billings of Chicago, despite her 89 years, was making a record by capturing a would-be blackmailer, or blackmailers, who are alleged to have made threats in true Black Hand fashion.

John Mills, a colored man, who says his home is at Cairo, Ill., and John Hendricks, a white man about 27 years old, and whom the police styled a hobo from his appearance, were arrested in connection with the case.

Mrs. Billings received a letter yesterday demanding that $500 be wrapped in a bundle of old clothes and given to a man who would call to-day and ask for work, and also for a package. Mrs. Billings promptly notified a firm of private detectives, who called the official police to their aid. They were secreted about the grounds of the Billings home at 1,424 West Lake Street, to-day, when Mills appeared.

"I want a job about the horses here," Mills said to the maid who answered the door, and who had been coached by Mrs. Billings in her part.

"We have no such work here," she replied.

"Well, then, how about that package?" Mills is said to have asked.

At this point the maid invited the mysterious visitor into the house and notified Mrs. Billings, who, owing to the infirmities of her years, was in bed.

The maid was given a bundle of old clothes, but there was no money concealed within it, and this she handed to the negro, asking him to wait for a few moments. Then the detectives were notified and Mills's arrest followed. Mills expressed surprise at his detention. He declared that he came to Chicago from Cairo last night, and that he met a stranger who gave his name as John Hendricks, at a saloon in West Madison Street. Hendricks, he said, asked him if he wanted to earn $50. Mills was willing, and he said he told him to visit the Billings home and to ask the questions about work, and in particular about the package. He was to receive his pay upon the completion of his mission.

Mills, after his arrest, led the officers to a west side saloon, where he pointed out Hendricks, who is a German and speaks a little English. He was sullen and refused to answer the questions put to him by the police. Mills said that he was the tool of Hendricks, and knew nothing of the threatening letters received by Mrs. Billings.

WOMAN ROBS BANKER.

C. H. Lounsbury's Place at Stamford Looted in the Daytime.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Aug. 11.—A woman of middle age, stout, with gray hair, is said by the police to have robbed the house of Charles H. Lounsbury, President of the Stamford Savings Bank. The burglary occurred this forenoon, entrance being gained by use of a jimmy on a rear window. At noon the woman was seen by a neighbor of the Lounsbury family leaving the house. She carried a bag. Previously a man dressed in the garo of a clergyman had been canvassing the neighborhood. The police are seeking him to-night.

Mr. Lounsbury's family are in the mountains. The house was looted from top to bottom and every small article of value was taken. Mr. Lounsbury said to-night the haul was undoubtedly a big one. He telegraphed his daughters.

Mr. Lounsbury takes his dinner in a house near his residence. It was only a few minutes before he arrived for dinner that the woman with the bag left the house. After diner he went to his house and found things topsy-turvy. An overcoat and a suit of his clothes were stolen. The quantity of the stolen property assures the police that the woman had assistance.

WOMAN FRIGHTENS BURGLAR.

Bar Harbor Intruder Flees When Mrs. W. S. Kuhn Calls Out.

Special to The New York Times.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 11.—Old Farm, the cottage occupied by Mrs. W. S. Kuhn of Pittsburgh, and owned by George B. Derr of Boston, was the scene of an attempted burglary early this morning. The intruder was prevented from getting away with a large quantity of valuables only through the wakefulness of Mrs. Kuhn, whose room he entered.

The burglar had gone about his work in a systematic manner, cutting the telephone wires. There were three telephones in the house, however, and the burglar overlooked one, a private line which leads to the stable.

Mrs. Kuhn, who happened to be awake at the time, and who sleeps on a balcony out of doors opening off from her room, discovered the presence of the intruder by lighted matches which he struck from time to time to find his bearings and investigate the contents of the room. Supposing it was her son, Wendell, who sleeps in an adjoining room, she called out to him, and this frightened the burglar, who jumped from the piazza and made his escape. His only booty was one valuable stick pin.

WOMAN TIES UP BURGLAR.

Makes Him Give Up His Loot and Holds Him Until Husband Arrives.

Special to The New York Times.

VERONA, N. J., Aug. 11.—Mrs. John Dox of Pompton Turnpike, Verona, arrested a burglar to-day who was trying to escape from her home, and in the tussle she tore the man's coat off and finally succeeded in binding him with clothesline and holding him until the arrival of her husband, after she had made him disgorge the few pieces of jewelry that he had stolen. She told her mother, who was in the garden, and Mrs. Dox promptly ran in and tackled the intruder. After she had made him fast her husband came home and turned the man over to the police.

CHARLES G. GATES IS TO WED SOON

Son of the Late John W. Gates Engaged to Miss Florence Hopwood of Minneapolis.

BRIDE-TO-BE IS IN PARIS

With Her Parents She Accompanied Mr. Gates Abroad — Former Mrs. Gates Obtained Divorce a Week Ago.

Special to The New York Times.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 11.—Florence Hopwood, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Hopwood of this city and well known in society, will be married shortly to Charles G. Gates, son of John W. Gates, the American millionaire, who died Wednesday in Paris, according to an announcement made here to-day by her father.

The two became engaged early in the Summer, before Mr. Gates was called to Paris by the illness of his father, according to Mr. Hopwood. When he went abroad to be at his parent's bedside, Miss Hopwood, her father, and her mother, accompanied him, and Mr. Hopwood returned later to Minneapolis. The mother and daughter are still in Paris.

The courtship began last Winter at French Lick Springs, where the young people and their parents were staying. They fell in love shortly after their first meeting, says Mr. Hopwood.

"I am glad of the match, and it has my warmest approval," said Mr. Hopwood to-day. "It is purely a matter of the heart, and I am sure that the young people will be happy together."

Miss Hopwood is a graduate of Smith College.

Charles G. Gates, who is 34 years old, was separated from his former wife early in the year. It was not until last April that it became known that Mrs. Gates had started a suit for divorce against her husband. The divorce decree was signed a week ago. Mr. Gates was with his father, John W. Gates, when he died Wednesday in Paris.

Mr. Gates was married to his former wife thirteen years ago in St. Louis, Mo. She was Miss Mary W. Martin. They had no children. While in New York they lived in an apartment at 667 Madison Avenue. Like his father, Charles Gates has been prominently before the public. Last February he made a record-breaking run by special train from Yuma, Ariz., to this city, covering the 3,000 miles in 74 hours and 19 minutes, including stops.

It was said at the time that he had injured his leg while cranking an automobile, and, fearing infection, he decided to get to New York in a hurry. It developed later that he had established a new world's record for long-distance travel at thousands of dollars' expense to check the divorce proceedings then instituted by his wife.

He began his business career in the West, and was in the steel and wire business for several years, becoming identified later with his father in his operations in the stock market. In 1901 he paid $51,000 for a seat on the Stock Exchange. The firm of C. G. Gates & Co. was organized, and branch offices opened in other cities. The firm was dissolved in 1907. Recently Mr. Gates and his father developed valuable properties in Texas.

He is a member of many clubs, including the Automobile Club of America, Atlantic Yacht, New York Athletic, Westchester County, Columbia Yacht, Chicago; Chicago Athletic, Washington Park, and Calumet of Chicago.

Mr. Gates will inherit an immense fortune from his father, whose estate is estimated to be near $40,000,000, most of which is said to be placed in substantial securities.

The funeral of his father will take place to-day in Paris at the American Church. The body most likely will be brought here on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, sailing on next Wednesday. Both Mr. Gates and his mother are said to have been much worn by their long period of anxiety and watching at the bedside of the financier.

GIVES UP $3,000,000 BUSINESS

Wm. Van Nortwick Turns It Over to Son, Nephew, and Son-in-Law.

Special to The New York Times.

AURORA, Ill., Aug. 11.—William Van Nortwick, 74 years old, of Batavia, Ill., one of the largest manufacturers of paper in the United States, as well as interested in other great industries, to-day turned over to his son, John Van Nortwick of Batavia; his nephew, J. S. Van Nortwick of Appleton, Wis., and his son-in-law, E. G. Hobler of Batavia, properties valued at $3,000,000.

John Van Nortwick will be President of the Appleton Manufacturing Company, William Van Nortwick of Appleton will be President of the Combined Locks Paper Company, and E. G. Hobler will be President of the Green Bay and Mississippi Canal Company. Mr. Hobler will resign as General Manager of the Appleton Manufacturing Company to be Chairman of the Executive Committee of all the companies, and Charles P. Hobler, who long has been associated with the Appleton Manufacturing Company as General Agent, will be elected General Manager.

WOMAN SAVED BY CHILDREN.

Mrs. Webb Was Sinking for Last Time When They Reached Her.

Special to The New York Times.

SALEM, Mass., Aug. 11.—Little nine-year-old Wilhelmina Pray of Brookline and ten-year-old Edwin Cann of St. Louis by their own unaided efforts to-day saved Mrs. Ernest Webb of Danvers from drowning.

Mrs. Webb was in bathing when she was attacked by cramps. The children waded into the ocean and struck out boldly for the struggling woman. Just as she was sinking for the last time the little ones reached her and seized her.

Mrs. Webb kept her head, and did not struggle, but did her best to assist the children, though she was in great pain, and incapable of keeping herself afloat. When they finally reached shore they were completely exhausted.

Child Spills Acid on Itself; Dies.

PATERSON, N. J., Aug. 11.—John Wende Wendal, two years old, died to-day from the effects of carbolic acid he had accidentally spilled over the front of his dress. The acid cut through the dress and sunk into the child's body. The child suffered eight hours.

EYES WATER IN DELMONICO'S.

Ammonia Fumes from Leaking Pipe Clear the Restaurant.

Pungent odors of ammonia floated through the corridors and dining rooms of Delmonico's late yesterday afternoon and soon every one in the establishment was in distress. Bellboys preceded the patrons out of doors, and some one turned in an alarm of fire.

In the subcellar under the east wing of the six-story restaurant a pipe connecting with the large ammonia tank holding 100 gallons, and used in connection with the refrigerating plant, had sprung a leak. Thomas Heefey, who was filling the tank at the time, was overcome, but he recovered in time to spread the alarm. With the assistance of a few workmen he stuffed rags in the break and held on tenaciously until relieved by the firemen, who entered the cellar with hoods drawn over their faces.

TRUST READY TO DISSOLVE.

Electrical Combination About to Satisfy Government Prosecutors.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Attorney General Wickersham has been notified that the lawyers for the so-called "electrical trust" are about ready to go before the United States courts and enter a judgment dissolving the combination of which the Government complains in a suit now pending.

An agreement has been reached with the Department of Justice, after much negotiation, which is expected to give to the Government a complete victory without a trial in court. The Department of Justice has been informed that the electrical pools all over the country, against which it was about to proceed, have been dissolved.

TAFT REACHES BEVERLY.

Immediately Starts a Game of Golf with Major Butt.

BEVERLY, Mass., Aug. 11.—President Taft arrived at Beverly this morning in time to breakfast with his family.

The President left the train carrying the delegation of Congressmen to the funeral of the late Senator William P. Frye, at South Station, Boston, and motored with Major Butt, his military aid, up the north shore to Paramatta.

The trip from Boston was made in an hour. Shortly after breakfast the President and Major Butt went to the Myopia Club for a game of golf.

COAST CITIES FEEL SHOCK.

San Bernardino and Los Angeles Shaken by Earthquake—Damage Trivial.

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., Aug. 11.—The most severe earthquake shock felt in this vicinity in years shook the business buildings at 3:40 o'clock this afternoon with such severity that the occupants fled into the streets.

The damage was trivial. A previous shock had been felt at 10:20 A. M.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 11.—A slight earthquake shock was felt here at 3:40 P. M. to-day.

JUMP FROM BURNING BOAT.

Yachtsmen Watching Brenton Cup Races Have Narrow Escape.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 11.—Asa P. Pote of Rochester, N. Y., and Paul N. Runyon of Edgartown, Mass., had a narrow escape from death this morning when the launch in which they were sailing caught fire off the Point Judith breakwater.

The men were in the stern of their gasoline auxiliary sloop, in which they were watching the Brenton Cup races off Newport. They were forced to the rail as the flames raced from stem to stern, finally driving them into the tender they were towing.

Lifesavers from the Point Judith station towed the burning craft ashore. She is a total loss.

WOMEN THROWN FROM AUTOS

Miss Warren and Mrs. Russell of Newport in Slight Accident.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 11.—Miss Constance Warren, who recently took up automobiling, came into collision to-night with the machine of Charles F. Russell of New York on Thames Street, at the head of Wellington Avenue.

Miss Warren was thrown from her machine and landed safely on her feet, but the machine was so badly damaged that she sent for her carriage.

In the Russell machine were Mr. and Mrs. Russell. The latter was thrown out, and was slightly hurt.

Miss Warren was traveling south on Thames Street and Mr. Russell was coming up Wellington Avenue, intending to turn north. Both front wheels of Miss Warren's machine were broken off. Mr. Russell's machine was more seriously damaged.

SHARK KILLED BY PIG.

Capt. Babbitt Admits That the Fish Had Been Well Harpooned.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 11.—When the four-masted schooner Marguerite, two weeks out from Norfolk to this port with a cargo of coal, arrived here to-day, Capt. Fred S. Babbitt reported that on the voyage north, Dennis, the Marguerite's pet pig, had a fight with a seven-foot shark. It occurred on the deck of the vessel after the shark had been harpooned by the Captain and hauled on board by the crew.

Capt. Babbitt says it was one of the most amusing fights he ever witnessed. The outcome was highly satisfactory to the crew, for the pig finally dispatched the shark.

While the shark was thrashing around furiously on deck Dennis ventured too near. The shark seized him by the lower jaw, but Dennis also had a firm hold on the shark's lower jaw, and finally tore it off, so Capt. Babbitt says.

LITTLE HOPE FOR TREATIES.

Proposed Senate Amendments Would Kill Their Arbitration Feature.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Members of the Committee on Foreign Relations today said it was probable that when the committee meets to-morrow a favorable report on an amended form of the general treaties will be ordered. As the amendments, however, are directed at eliminating the most important part of Article III., looking to the enforced arbitration of the questions approved by the Joint High Commission, the favorable report is construed as merely a polite way of killing the plan, at least for the present.

No hope is now felt that the treaties will be ratified this session. Adjournment is near at hand, and the Senate is finding it more and more difficult to keep a quorum. At the same time the opponents of the treaties are determined and quite willing to talk a few hours to stave off a vote.

It is thought that the vote in committee will be largely complimentary to Mr. Taft, though what he will think of the amended treaty remains to be seen.

S. HAYMAN, BROKER, SUICIDE IN CITY CLUB

Shoots Himself While Friend Waits Downstairs for a Business Conference.

HE LEFT THREE LETTERS

One to Attorney Newberger, Who Had Called at the Club to See Him —Family Out of Town.

Siegfried Hayman, 31 years old, a member of the New York Stock Exchange, with offices at 74 Broadway, committed suicide late yesterday afternoon in his room on the fifth floor of the City Club, 55 West Forty-fourth Street, by shooting himself in the right temple with a revolver. Business reverses are believed to have been the cause of the suicide.

Until yesterday morning Mr. Hayman had lived at his home, 12 East Seventy-seventh Street. His wife and little son were spending the Summer with relatives in South Elberon, N. J., and Mr. Hayman, early yesterday, reserved a room at the City Club, of which he has been a member for two years. He also made arrangeemnts for a consultation room, telling the clerk that he expected to have a business meeting at 4 o'clock in the afternoon with four men.

He went to his room during the noon hour, and was not seen about the corridors all afternoon. At 4 o'clock Harry W. Newberger, an attorney of 2 Rector Street, also a member of the City Club, called at the club and asked for Mr. Hayman's room on the fifth floor and knocked at the door. Mr. Hayman came to the door, fully dressed and apparently not in the least disturbed.

"Wait for me in the library, Harry," he said. "I'll be down in about fifteen minutes."

Mr. Newberger waited for him, and when he had not appeared at 4:30 he sent a bell boy up stairs to inquire about the delay. The bell boy knocked at the young broker's door repeatedly, but got no answer. He notified the chief clerk, and an investigation proved that the door was locked from the inside. Entrance was effected through the adjoining room, and when the door swung open Hayman's body was seen in an arm chair, which was drawn close to one of the two windows in the room.

His coat was removed, and his collar and tie were in his straw hat, which lay on the table. The index finger of his right hand still clutched the trigger of a new revolver, and on the floor was a box of cartridges. A bullet had entered the right temple, gone through the head, and then shattered a window pane as it continued on into Forty-second Street.

On the table, tossed carelessly in heap, were a five-dollar bill, a fifty-cent piece, and five pennies; also a metal watch and chain, a pair of cuff buttons, a penknife, and a cigar cutter. There were many sheets of paper on the table, and among them were three letters.

Dr. J. M. De Bermingham of 106 West Forty-fourth Street was summoned. He said the man had died instantly. Coroner Holtzhauser announced that it was clearly a case of suicide. He said that he had not ascertained any motive for the act, but that this would probably be cleared up in the letters which Mr. Hayman had left.

There were three letters, all of them written on Mr. Hayman's own office stationery. One was stamped and was addressed to Harry W. Newberger, attorney at law, 2 Rector Street. Another was to his sister, Margaret Hayman, and was not stamped. The third was addressed to his younger brother, Hugo Hayman, also unstamped.

Acting Capt. Glouster of the East Fifty-first Street Station took charge of the letters to the brother and sister, along with the other personal effects, and Coroner Holtzhauser personally took charge of the letter addressed to Mr. Newberger. Mr. Newberger asked for the letter, but the Coroner said it would have to come to him through the regular channels, and he therewith dropped it into the nearest mailbox.

The body was ordered removed to the undertaking establishment of Leon T. Stowe, 307 West Fifty-first Street, as soon as Hugo Hayman, the younger brother, arrived at the City Club. The brother was unnerved by the news and would not make any statement.

Before the brother had arrived Mr. Newberger was asked by one of the reporters whether Mr. Hayman had had any business reverses, and he replied that he thought he had. Later, after a consultation with the brother, however, he denied knowing anything about Mr. Hayman's business affairs.

"We were good friends," he said. "I saw him on Wednesday, and then he appeared in the best of spirits. I called him on the 'phone at noon to-day and saw him for a brief moment at 4 o'clock, when he told me to wait for him downstairs. When I saw him again he was dead.

"I noticed nothing suspicious about his appearance when he met me at the door, but of course I didn't look at him closely. I had not the slightest idea that he would do anything like that, and I am very much grieved about his death.

"His father is dead, and he has been in the brokerage business practically all his life. He is married and has one child, and his wife has not yet heard of his death. I am going to the country now to break the news to her.

"One of his sisters was to celebrate her wedding anniversary to-night, and I must notify her too."

Mr. Hayman was married in March, 1910, to a daughter of Emanuel L. Heller. She is visiting her mother on Phillips Avenue, South Elberon, N. J. Inquiry was made there as to a possible motive for the suicide, but no information would be given out.

Siegfried Hayman had been a member of the New York Stock Exchange only since April 30, 1910. He was a commission broker, with desk room in the offices of C. W. Turner & Co., 74 Broadway. His office associates were C. W. Turner, W. L. Turner, and Robert B. Holmes.

C. W. Turner said last night that he was at a complete loss to account for Hayman's act. He said that he had always known the young man as quiet and uncommunicative, but that he was not inclined to be gloomy. He said that he was well thought of by his associates. Mr. Holmes likewise spoke highly of Hayman.

BAILEY QUITS MONEY BOARD.

Fears He Will Not Have Time to Prepare a Minority Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11. — Senator Bailey of Texas to-day resigned from the National Monetary Commission, and his resignation was accepted by the Senate. The Cummins measure requiring the monetary commission to make its final report by Dec. 4 and then be dissolved was being discussed when Senator Bailey asked to be relieved from the commission.

"If the report of the majority is not ready before Dec. 1," he said, "I would be compelled in four days to analyze it and make my report. I am opposed to the Aldrich idea for a great central bank. I am the only Democratic Senator now on the commission, and if I did not make a report it would appear that I concurred in the report. This work is too important to have it done by a fixed date."

Senator Burton spoke in defense of the commission.

THORNE PUTS BLAME FOR RUN ON PERKINS

Trust Company Apparently Safe in 1907, He Says, Until Called the Sore Spot.

GIVES CREDIT TO MORGAN

Institution Saved by His Efforts—Perkins Tells of Telephone Calls to the White House.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11. — Oakleigh Thorne, President of the Trust Company of America, told the Stanley committee to-day that he believed that George W. Perkins gave out the statement to THE NEW YORK TIMES on Oct. 22, 1907, wherein the Trust Company of America was called the "sore spot" of the banking situation, and to it he attributed the run that forced the trust company to ask and get large loans. He gave the committee a letter from Melville E. Stone, general manager of The Associated Press, stating that Mr. Perkins gave to the news institution a similar statement which he would not use. He also gave the committee a letter from Charles H. Boynton, a New York broker, giving circumstantially facts which he thought went to prove that Mr. Perkins did furnish to newspaper men statements damaging to the trust company, and naming a considerable number of witnesses to the facts stated.

For a time it was Mr. Thorne's purpose to sue Mr. Perkins for damages, and the reason this plan was dropped appeared to be the consideration of the advance of $5,000,000 to pull the trust company through after the deal with the Tennessee Coal and Iron was practically consummated.

"Now I want to be understood," said Mr. Thorne, as several members were at him with questions, "if it had not been for Morgan the Trust Company of America would have gone under. The old man worked hard to get Perkins to get in the cash to help out."

"Then," observed Mr. Gardner, "giving that statement to the press was a d—d big piece of blind but not malicious stupidity?"

"It seems to have been a carefully designed piece of stupidity," said a voice on the committee down toward Mr. Littleton's end of the table.

"I believe he gave that article to the press," said Mr. Thorne. "I don't know it, however."

"You acquit him of everything except stupidity?" said Mr. Gardner.

"Absolutely," said Mr. Thorne.

When he told of the assistance given by the Morgan firm a committeeman remarked:

"Probably Mrs. O'Leary's cow would have been glad, after kicking over the lamp, to set it up again." He referred to an observation by Mr. Perkins on the Chicago fire the day before.

"The cow in this case did everything she could to set it up again," said Mr. Thorne. "I knew that Perkins had Mr. Morgan's car, and that was all I wanted," he remarked a moment later, as he was describing Mr. Perkins's activity for twenty hours a day during the panic.

"I don't say he wrote that article," he added.

"Did he ever deny it?" asked Mr. Gardner.

"No."

Probing Into Perkins's Action.

Mr. Littleton then endeavored to see if there were any intrinsic evidences in the phrases of the article that would establish Mr. Perkins's authorship. Referring to an examination of the trust company by Messrs. Perkins and Davidson of the Morgan firm, the night before the article was published, he referred to the "sore spot" phrase.

"Was there any suggestion by either of them to you of any such condition?" he asked.

"No, Sir; they said they were pleased to know that the situation with the trust company was as good as it was."

"Did they make any reference to the assurance of a provision of cash in the morning?" asked Mr. Littleton, quoting from the statement.

"No, Sir, no allusion to cash."

"And this statement that the company had $12,000,000 of cash?" He again referred to a line in the clipping.

"That I told only to Perkins and Davidson," said Mr. Thorne. "They were the only ones who knew that fact."

"The mention of guaranty of cash—was that mentioned to any one else?"

"No."

At another point Mr. Thorne said: "I believe that Mr. Perkins was the means or the medium by which that article was given to the newspapers. He gave it out typewritten. People at the Manhattan Hotel have told me he did."

He then gave the committee a letter from Charles H. Boynton, describing how he saw Mr. Phillips of THE NEW YORK TIMES reading a statement to the newspaper men, and one newspaper man asked if it should be used as coming from Mr. Perkins, and Mr. Phillips said: "Don't put it that way." Mr. Boynton said he copied the statement and went to telephone it to Mr. Stanley at the Lotos Club. Mr. Stanley was not there and he read it to Martin J. Perry of Providence. As he came out of the booth he met Mr. Stanley, and while he was reading the statement to him Mr. Perkins came downstairs and asked what he had. Mr. Boynton said he would not be interested in it, and Mr. Perkins is alleged to have said: "Go on, let me see if I can recognize it," and expressed no dissent or correction of it.

Mr. Sterling made the suggestion that the statement was intended to help the Trust Company.

"I said you had $12,000,000 of cash and were all right," said he.

"And said that we could probably keep open until 1 o'clock," retorted Mr. Thorne. "That was invitation to come and get your money."

Mr. Thorne said Mr. Perkins had to-day shown him an article published Oct. 22 in The Sun, a day before THE TIMES article, which he had not noticed at the time, and that that article was similar to THE TIMES article.

Mr. Littleton had put in the record a statement given to the press by Mr. Thorne on Nov. 6, in which he alluded to his "utter amazement" that the chief force of the panic had been directed against the Trust Company of America, a "run unprecedented in the history of American banking." The statement printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES was again called to his attention, and Mr. Thorne was asked if he had made any reply to it.

"No, at that time I was too much interested in trying to get money, not to make arguments," he said. He added that many persons had told him that they believed the newspaper articles had precipitated the run on the company.

Attitude of Associated Press.

Mr. Littleton asked the witness if he had conferred during that time with Melville E. Stone of the Associated Press. He said that he had.

"I had never known Mr. Stone until the time of that panic," Mr. Thorne stated. "I met him then and went to see him practically every day. I insisted that the Trust Company of America was solvent, and that the examiners who looked into the condition of the company should make a report. It was my idea, if the report showed the company solvent, we would be taken care of."

"Were you endeavoring to have knowledge of your condition widespread?"

"My idea in talking to Mr. Stone was to urge the necessity of the examining committee making a report to Mr. Morgan. I knew if the truth of the situation got to Mr. Morgan we would get help. When later he did get the truth we got the $15,000,000."

Asked if he had received a communication from Mr. Stone regarding that matter, Mr. Thorne said he had, and he produced it. It was read into the record, written under date of Nov. 18, 1907. In the letter Mr. Stone said:

> I have no doubt that Mr. Perkins' statement on the night of the 22d distinctly emphasizes the run on the Trust Company of America, if indeed it did not precipitate it. I do not imagine by this that I think there was the slightest purpose on the part of Mr. Perkins to injure you or the Trust Company of America. But we felt that the statement was so injudicious that we did not send it out. Later, when I was to Per-

kins that I thought it was very hurtful, he justified it on the ground that the condition was so strained that if public attention had not been centred upon the Knickerbocker Trust and the Trust Company of America every bank in New York probably would have been involved. I think the whole thing was a mistake—a most unfortunate mistake, for which you had to pay a heavy penalty, but I do not for a moment imagine that there was any malice involved in it.

Had Known of No Danger.

Mr. Thorne reviewed the events of the panic so far as he was concerned. He said he did not know that his trust company had been regarded as in any danger until he went to the Union League conference after the run and was there told of it. Mr. Perkins had over and over, as did Judge Gary, asserted that certain trust companies in New York had not been doing business in the way they should, and the public confidence in them had been shaken. Mr. Sterling asked if the witness had ever heard before the panic rumors that his concern was not doing business properly.

"Never," said Mr. Thorne.

Mr. Thorne could not remember how long before Oct. 22 the New York Bank Examiner had examined the Trust Company. He said that Clark Williams, then State Superintendent of Banks, had never criticised their securities, never commented on the size of their loans, or suggested that they ask for more collateral. He said his company was supposed to be progressive and aggressive for business.

He denied any knowledge of the agreement testified to by George W. Perkins that the taking over of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company by the Steel Corporation to save Moore & Schley from ruin was dependent upon the bankers of New York raising money to save the other horn of the dilemma, the Trust Company of America and the Lincoln Trust Company. That his financial troubles were in any way involved in the difficulties of Moore & Schley at that time he emphatically denied, and further declared that Tennessee Coal and Iron stock held on collateral for the bank's loans amounted to nothing in that situation.

He said that before the panic of 1907 his company had assets of $74,000,000. He had been a member of the Tennessee Coal and Iron syndicate and his bank had made loans to Moore & Schley, which had been paid. So far as Tennessee Coal and Iron stock was involved in collateral on loans of his bank, it was nominal and amounted to something over $400,000.

"Did you have anything to do with the absorption of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company by the United States Steel Corporation in 1907?" Mr. Littleton asked.

"Absolutely nothing," said Mr. Thorne. "I knew nothing about it until I met Mr. Ledyard on Sunday, Nov. 3, and he told me they were trying to put the deal through. I heard no more about it until after it was all over."

Describes Run on the Concern.

Mr. Littleton referred to the failure of the Knickerbocker Trust Company on October 22, 1907, and asked about the condition of the Trust Company of America on that day.

"We had $12,000,000 in hand."

"What were your withdrawals on the 22d and 23d of that month?"

"On Oct. 22 the withdrawals were $1,500,000," Mr. Thorne replied. "On the 23d, before closing time, the withdrawals were $13,500,000."

He explained that on the night of the 22d Mr. Perkins and Mr. Davidson of J. P. Morgan & Co. had called at the company to look into the condition of the bank.

"They examined it thoroughly and announced they were pleased to find the conditions as good as they were," he said. Later a committee from the Clearing House examined all the securities. On the morning of Oct. 23 there appeared the statement that the company was the "chief sore spot," and details were given of a midnight conference of bankers at the Manhattan Hotel with Secretary Cortelyou, Mr. Morgan, Mr. Perkins, and others, where plans were made to save it.

"Did you know anything about that conference that night, or were you invited to attend it?" Mr. Littleton asked.

"I knew nothing about it, and was not invited."

"Did Mr. Perkins or Mr. Davidson say anything to you the night before about your situation being critical?"

"They did not."

"How soon did you open your doors the next day, 10 o'clock?"

"Yes."

"What happened?"

"Prior to that time, a line of depositors had formed in Wall Street leading from the door of the bank toward William Street. There must have been several hundred of them in line before the doors opened."

"Did you make any provisions to make a run?"

"We had not up to that time, but by 10:30 o'clock we had seven paying windows open and were doing our best to get rid of the line, knowing what such a thing meant and how it would spread."

"Did the line increase?"

"Yes; soon the street was crowded with people and the demands were great."

He was asked to give some of the large withdrawals, and named $660,000 in three accounts for the Southern Railway and the Central of Georgia that were drawn by J. P. Morgan & Co.

"What was the total drawn by J. P. Morgan?"

"Oh, I don't know that. I do know if it had not been for Morgan the Trust Company of America would have gone under."

Got Help From Other Bankers.

"Did you call for help?"

"Yes, we had to get cash to save the situation that day," Mr. Thorne explained. "I went to Mr. Morgan's office and saw Mr. Morgan, Mr. Perkins, Mr. Stillman, and Mr. Davidson there. I went there primarily to get the report of the Examining Committee, but as we were practically out of funds by 2 o'clock I also needed money. I told them I had to have money. So far as I know the Examining Committee had not made any report to Mr. Morgan."

One million dollars, Mr. Thorne said, was loaned him by J. P. Morgan & Co., the First National Bank, and the National City Bank. Mr. Thorne added that he had obtained $1,500,000 that afternoon from the Hanover National Bank, which tided the situation over until closing hours. He explained how, that afternoon, Mr. Morgan had called the Trust Company Presidents of New York to meet at the Union Trust Company, and he was called in. He met there Messrs. Morgan, Stillman, Woodward, King, and other bankers.

"The situation was discussed at length, and an arrangement made to loan him $10,000,000 on $20,000,000 worth of securities which a committee of the bankers were to select. A contract was made for this loan, the original of which Mr. Thorne submitted for the record. The following morning he received $6,000,000 of this loan, and the remainder in various sums up to Oct. 31.

He reviewed another loan of $15,000,000 for $30,000,000 of securities advanced by the bankers Nov. 6, but paid to him in variotis amounts from time to time. He explained he never knew where the money actually came from, and that Mr. Morgan, Mr. Perkins, and the others who were raising it had great difficulty in getting it.

Mr. Thorne told how he paid back the loans as rapidly as the trust company securities could be realized on. Some were paid before the end of that October, and all the loans were cleared up by the following August, and the securities returned. At the present time, he said, the trust company has assets of $43,000,000.

Perkins Heard from White House.

George W. Perkins had continued on the stand for several hours before Mr. Thorne was called.

Mr. Perkins said that when Judge Gary and H. C. Frick went to see President Roosevelt in the matter of the absorption of the Tennessee Coal & Iron Company by the United States Steel Corporation, they were urged to send information as to what would be done before 10 o'clock to the next morning in order to save the situation before the Stock Exchange opened.

"I got the White House on the long-distance telephone at 9 o'clock in the morning," said Mr. Perkins, "to find out the President's view of this matter. Just then Judge Gary and Mr. Frick arrived at the White House. I had the wire at 9:45 when Mr. Gary came to the telephone, and said he would let me know in a few minutes. At 9:55 he told me that the President said he had no right to interfere, and that he and Mr. Frick were willing to vote to put the deal through. At 9:57 I was able to give this information that saved the day. It was that close to the crash. I never felt that the President was asked to pass on any technical legal question."

"I don't think so, either," said Judge Bartlett. "I don't think he paid any attention to it."

Mr. Bartlett asked why the Steel Corporation officials deemed it necessary to submit the question to the President.

"It was simply a matter of ordinary good sense," said Mr. Perkins. "Just at that time there was much criticism of corporations and agitation, and we thought it necessary to get the President's view as to what we planned to do."

"Had the Steel Corporation consulted eminent counsel about the legality of this transaction?"

"I do not know about that," said Mr. Perkins, "but one of our great troubles then—as it is now—was that we couldn't find any lawyers who could tell us just what we could do under the law."

"And in that emergency," Judge Bartlett suggested, "you sent to the President, who was not a lawyer?"

"That was not it," Mr. Perkins replied; "we sent to him to find out whether, if we used our best judgment, there would be danger of a restraining order. We were using ordinary horse sense to do the thing we contemplated as near right as we could."

"Regardless of the law?"

"Oh, no."

More Steel Trust Minutes.

Mr. Stanley called attention to the sale in 1903 of the Clairton Steel Company by the Crucible Steel Company to the United States Steel Corporation, in which transaction an agreement was adopted that the Crucible Steel Company should not thereafter manufacture billets in competition with the corporation. Mr. Perkins did not recall the details of the transaction.

The minutes of the Steel Corporation showed that the Crucible Company, if it did not go into competition after the sale, was to receive certain advantages. Originally the Clairton Company was erected to furnish billets for the Crucible Company, and when the latter turned over the billet mill to the Steel Corporation, it agreed not to erect another in competition. The contract thus entered into gave the Crucible Company a differential of $2 to $3 a ton on products purchased from the Steel Corporation. Whether the contract was legal or illegal was the subject of prolonged discussion.

Chairman Stanley called attention to a contract made in 1904 with the International Nickel Company for 500,000 pounds of nickel a year, the price to be 5 cents less than to other companies, except the Bessemer Company. Mr. Perkins said he knew nothing about it.

The Chairman then read from the minutes of the Finance Committee of the Steel Corporation in April, 1904, Mr. Perkins in the chair, in which it was decided that the subsidiary companies should not sell semi-finished products to outside manufacturers. Mr. Perkins did not recall the incident.

"Is it not true," Chairman Stanley asked, "that a few large steel corporations, having control of practically all the raw material, called a meeting of the Presidents of the subsidiary companies at which it was agreed to stop selling billets to manufacturers of wire, nails, tubes, plates, and other products and that thereafter independent concerns were bankrupted all over the Middle West?"

"I never heard of such a thing," Mr. Perkins answered.

Denies Harvester Combination.

"Are you President of the International Harvester Company?" Mr. Stanley asked.

"No, Sir, I never was President," said Mr. Perkins. "I am Chairman of the Finance Committee and a member of the Board of Directors."

Mr. Stanley then referred to the resolution of Senator Hansbrough in 1906 calling for an investigation of the International Harvester Company.

"Did you come to Washington to see Commissioner Garfield about that Hansbrough resolution?"

"I did not."

"Did you go with any one to see the President about it?"

"I did not."

"Judge Gary, George W. Perkins, George F. Baker, and Norman B. Ream are members of the Finance Committee of both the United States Steel Corporation and the International Harvester Company, are they not?"

"Yes, Sir, that is true."

Mr. Stanley then called attention to the Townsend report to the Attorney General on the International Harvester Company, charging that the harvester company was in an alliance with the Steel Corporation and other great concerns.

"That charge," said Mr. Perkins, "is only exceeded in hot air by the air in this room. With all due respect to the gentleman, there is not a word of truth in it."

Mr. Stanley continued to read from the minutes relating to a proposed examination of a new steel tube process of the Shelby Steel Tube Company in 1901. The meeting was to consider a combination with the Shelby Company.

"The President was opposed to the absorption of the Shelby Company," the Chairman read, "because the Carnegie Company had a contract for the sale of steel to the Shelby Company at prices which would make it difficult for the Shelby Company to continue in business. The President said he would rather have the Shelby Company in business under our control than to absorb it."

The minutes showed that the Directors instructed a representative to take up the question of the purchase. Mr. Perkins declared he was not a member of the board then and knew nothing about it. Mr. Schwab, he said, might know about it.

In another meeting in May, 1901, in which the records were signed by Mr. Perkins as Acting Secretary, the consolidation of the coke companies was discussed.

"Do you remember those matters, Mr. Perkins?" Mr. Stanley asked.

"That was eleven years ago, and I cannot recollect," said Mr. Perkins.

Wants Limelight on Corporations.

Mr. Perkins suggested that a Government commission which would insure the focusing of publicity on the business affairs of great corporations would do much to eradicate present-day trust evils and preserve their virtues.

"I believe the mere question of limelight an important thing," he said. "If we had a law providing that a corporation engaged in inter-State business could register itself with a bureau here in Washington, submitting its operations, its prices, its balance sheets, its methods, its treatment of labor, &c., and that if these reports were made public, thus gaining the confidence of the public in the securities of that corporation, the confidence of the competitor that he was being fairly treated, and the confidence of the consumer that he was being fairly dealt with, I think that very soon all corporations would register themselves, until we would have that kind of publicity which would go a long way to eradicate the evils of our great corporations and preserve the good that already is self-evident in these corporations."

Following Mr. Perkins's suggestion, Representative Littleton of New York announced that a resolution soon would be introduced in Congress providing for a thorough investigation of the industrial situation of the country.

"I am advised," said Mr. Littleton, "that there is to be a thorough inquiry into all the commercial ills of the Nation, and that a conference will be called to determine the problem of how to deal with the industrial situation in America. It is a project that will involve a most drastic investigation, and bring together capital and labor in an effort, without bias, to find out just what should be done."

"That is the best news I have heard," said Mr. Perkins.

TAFT GOING TO CALIFORNIA.

Will Break Ground for Panama Exposition at San Francisco.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—President Taft has decided to extend his Western trip to the Pacific Coast for the purpose of breaking ground for the Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco. His first intention was to limit his trip to four weeks, going as far west as Nebraska and Kansas, but he finds it will be possible to take two more weeks in October, or early in November, thus giving him an opportunity to visit California, Oregon, and Washington.

The Directors of the Panama-Pacific Exposition, commercial bodies in California, and prominent citizens all along the coast, have urged the President to visit the Far West. The exposition Directors are holding the date of the ground-breaking ceremonies open to meet the President's convenience. It is expected that he will visit San Francisco in the latter part of October.

A big celebration will be held at San Francisco to greet the President and to celebrate the beginning of exposition construction. Special trains will be run from all parts of the coast. The Pacific fleet will be ordered to San Francisco Bay.

The festivities will include a banquet to President Taft, a procession of historic floats, a military and naval parade, athletic and aquatic sports, and fireworks.

There's trouble ahead.

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489 Fulton Street, opposite A. & S., Brooklyn
897 Broad Street, near Hahne & Co., Newark

M'CABE PUT A SEAL ON LIPS OF CHEMISTS

Forbade Them to Talk to Prosecutors or Congressmen Without His Written Consent.

KEBLER GOT THIRD DEGREE

His Stenographer Also Underwent a Severe Grilling—Bigelow Tells of Many Cases Like Rusby's.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—For the first time since the investigation of the administration of the pure food law began Dr. Harvey W. Wiley was to-day present at the session of the Moss Committee and heard the testimony of his associates, Dr. L. F. Kebler and Dr. W. D. Bigelow, who were designated with himself and Dr. H. H. Rusby of New York by the Personnel Board of the Department of Agriculture and by Attorney General Wickersham for dismissal from the Government service. The testimony of the two chemists, Drs. Kebler and Bigelow, came in a narrative form, telling of treatment they had received at the hands of the Solicitor and the Personnel Board. Dr. Kebler complained freely of the "arrogance" of Solicitor George P. McCabe in dealing with him.

Dr. Kebler said he came from Ames, Iowa, and was a townsman of Secretary Wilson, and formerly enjoyed the intimate friendship of the Secretary. Three or four years ago in conversation with the Secretary he told him of having a single share of stock in a Philadelphia drug concern for which he once worked. Owing to financial difficulties his salary was not forthcoming, and he accepted the share of stock as payment. This he has kept for many years. Since he has been connected with the Department of Agriculture there have been numerous prosecutions of the drug company, and Dr. Kebler has recommended all of them.

"I recommended so many," said Dr. Kebler, "that the President came to Washington and complained that he was being discriminated against."

To find out about his holding of stock in this drug concern Solicitor McCabe investigated the matter in a way that the witness described as putting him through the "third degree." He said he was absent from Washington attending a meeting of farmers in Virginia when he was suddenly summoned to return to Washington. At the Bureau of Chemistry he was told he was to report to the Solicitor.

"I went to McCabe's office," said Dr. Kebler, "and in a few minutes McCabe came in with a secret service agent named Walsh, whom I had known in several Government cases, and a stenographer. McCabe interrogated me about stock I owned in a Philadelphia drug manufacturing company, for which I worked ten years before entering the Government service. I had never concealed the ownership of that stock and told him so. It was only one share. McCabe was not satisfied and sent me home for the stock and compelled me to show it to him. I was then excused and told I could go back to the meeting.

"But that wasn't the end of it. My stenographer, Miss Davis, was grilled by McCabe the same day. She had been ordered to the department, and when she got there was told to go to Secretary Wilson's office with her notebooks. She and the Secretary come from the same State, and when she entered the office the Secretary told her she need not worry, that she would be taken care of."

The committee did not ask what was said to Miss Davis, as she is to be called to tell the story for herself.

Another instance was told by Dr. Kebler of the disposition of the Solicitor to keep his hand in control of all parts of the department having to do with the food law. He said that when the Robert N. Harper Brain Food case, involving a headache medicine, was up in the courts of the District of Columbia, the District Attorney requested that some one from the Bureau of Chemistry be detailed to assist him in the preparation of the case. Dr. Wiley sent the witness to the Court House for that purpose. The Solicitor heard of it and called him up over the telephone and, as Dr. Kebler expressed it, "gave me an unmerciful dressing down."

"What!" exclaimed Representative Floyd. "Do you mean to say that officials of the Bureau of Chemistry cannot even talk to District Attorneys regarding the administration of the pure food laws?"

"We cannot without Solicitor McCabe's permission," replied the witness. "That is the interpretation the Solicitor put on General Order 140."

"Can you talk to a member of Congress?"

"No, Sir, not unless Solicitor McCabe permits."

"Let me understand you," continued Mr. Floyd in surprise. "Do you mean to tell this committee that you and other officials of the Bureau of Chemistry are not permitted to consult District Attorneys in pure food matters unless you get the permission of Solicitor McCabe?"

"I do," said Dr. Kebler, "and we must have that permission in advance, and it must be in writing. That is how the Solicitor has interpreted General Order No. 140."

"So, although Congress made the Pure Food law, and although it appropriates for its enforcement, you are not allowed to talk to a member of Congress about it unless McCabe assents."

"That is correct," answered the witness.

"You may summon anybody in the Bureau of Chemistry and obtain corroboration of that statement," interposed Attorney Henry E. Davis.

Dr. Bigelow related how the matter of Dr. Rusby's pay had come up in a story that is now very familiar to every one, and went on to give an account of the way the Personnel Board dealt with the chemists who were finally slated for removal from the department. He was out of town when he received a summons to be at his office the next morning at 9 o'clock. When he got there he found Dr. Wiley, Dr. Bigelow, and Dr. Rusby, and learned that all four had been summoned to go before the Secretary on some mysterious matter. In the Secretary's ante-room they were told to go to the Chief Clerk's room, and there they were told to go to the room of the Personnel Board. The board called in, first Dr. Kebler, then Dr. Bigelow. The latter said that he was asked in an impersonal way about the possibility of employing a person at a given salary for the year with the understanding that he should work so many days in the year. Dr. Rusby's name was not mentioned.

Later, he declared, he one day walked along toward the department with Willett Hays, the Assistant Secretary of Agriculture, and asked him what all the trouble in regard to Dr. Rusby's salary was about.

"Oh," said Secretary Hays, "McCabe thought he had stumbled on to something. He thought he could make some trouble. You noticed Clark and I kept in the background. McCabe criticised us for this afterward."

Dr. Bigelow was asked if he could tell of any other employes of the department who received a regularly yearly salary and were not required to work the full time usually required of employes. He said there were scores of charwomen who received a yearly pay and worked irregularly, and only a small part of the day. The same was true of many employes, some in the Forestry Service, and in various parts of the field service of the department, notably in the crop demonstration work and crop reporting service.

Dr. Wiley will be the next witness after Dr. Bigelow.

REFORMATORY FOR NAVY.

Mr. Winthrop Orders a Change in Prison Methods of Service.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Recognising reformation as the primary purpose of punishment, Acting Secretary of the Navy Winthrop to-day ordered a detention barracks established at Port Royal, S. C., where enlisted men convicted of offenses against naval discipline will be sent. Major Charles B. Hatch of the Marine Corps, now in command of the naval prison at Boston, will be placed in charge.

The object of this departure is to safeguard enlisted men from the stigma of imprisonment and to save to the service a large number of men, who will have a chance to develop into desirable seamen. The men will not be designated as prisoners, as the term is generally applied, but they will wear the service uniform and be put through a selected course of service drills and instruction. Good conduct will be rewarded by release on probation.

It is believed the new policy ultimately will lead to the abolition of the prison ships.

THANKSGIVING DAY SET.

Will Come on Nov. 30 Despite the Objections Made by Bankers.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—President Taft, it was learned to-day, will designate Thursday, Nov. 30, as Thanksgiving Day this year. It always has been the custom to set the last Thursday in the month, but this year there had been some doubt, because November happened to include five instead of four Thursdays.

The White House has been besieged with theatrical managers and those in charge of college football games to settle the doubt, so that definite arrangements could be made for the usual arrangements of special performances and sports that mark the day.

Bankers throughout the country were said to be anxious that the President should designate Nov. 23 as Thanksgiving Day. They said that the designation of Nov. 30 as a legal holiday would seriously interfere with their work, inasmuch as the law requires National banks to make their statements to the Treasury Department on the first day of each month, and a holiday falling on the last of the month would be most inconvenient.

LIABLE TO $4,000,000 FINE.

Decision in Rebate Case May Thus Affect Standard Oil Company.

BUFFALO, Aug. 11.—An important decision under the Elkins rebate law and one by which fines aggregating $75,000 imposed upon the Standard Oil Company, the Pennsylvania and New York Central Railroads may be increased to $4,000,000 against the first-named corporation, was handed down by Judge Hazel in the United States court here to-day.

The fines already imposed were for giving and receiving rebates on shipments of oil from Olean, N. Y., to Rutland and Bellows Falls, Vt. The Standard Oil Company was convicted on the trial of a first indictment, and fined $20,000, the conviction being affirmed upon appeal. The railroads pleaded guilty, and were fined $55,000, finally disposing of the case so far as they were concerned.

When United States Attorney John Lord O'Brian and S. Wallace Dempsey, special attorney, moved the trial of a second indictment against the Standard Oil Company, based upon the same series of alleged rebates, a "plea at bar" was entered. It was argued that the act of paying the rebate—handing over the cash—was the essential part of the offense, and as the alleged offense in the pending indictment was covered by a payment for which the company already had been fined, it should not again be placed in jeopardy. A decision by Judge Grosscup was cited to sustain this point.

The Government took an opposite view, Mr. O'Brien holding that each shipment, whether paid for in daily payments or in lump sum, constituted a separate offense. Judge Hazel's decision to-day upholds the Government's contention.

The are two untried indictments against the Standard, containing about 200 counts, each of which is punishable by a fine of $20,000.

STANDARD OIL PAYS $42,395.

Fees in the Litigation Ending in Its Defeat Go to Government.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—It cost the Standard Oil Company $42,395.69 in court fees alone to resist the Government's long fight to have it dissolved. A check for that sum, the amount awarded by the Supreme Court as costs in its decision, was received at the Department of Justice to-day.

That amount, of course, does not include attorneys' fees or other expenses which the big corporation incurred in the long litigation. The court costs paid to-day are probably the smallest item of a bill totaling into millions—the exact amount of which probably never will be known.

"Business Depression"

is not present with "America's Leading Surety Company."

Our premiums for first seven months of 1911 are $401,000 greater than same period in 1910.

We bond more people than any other surety company in the world!

NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY

115 BROADWAY

CONFEREES AGREE ON THE WOOL BILL

Rate of 29 Per Cent. for Raw Product Is Fixed in the Compromise Measure.

FREE LIST STILL IN DOUBT

Bailey Blocks Efforts of Underwood—Senate Refuses to Take Up the Cotton Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—For the first time in the history of the Government a tariff bill was disposed of this afternoon in an open conference between the representatives of both houses. The public was admitted, and witnessed with acute curiosity the chatting and informal discussion of Senators and Representatives which heretofore has been conducted always behind closed doors, with only a few special clerks in attendance.

The result was a definite agreement on the Wool bill and what looks like an agreement definitely to disagree on the Free List bill. Meanwhile the Senate had voted down a motion to take up the Cotton bill, and the expectation now is that adjournment will be accomplished without a vote upon the measure itself.

The basis in the Wool agreement is 29 per cent. on raw wool. The original House bill was 20 per cent.; the original La Follette bill 40 per cent.; and as passed by the Senate 35 per cent. The inclusion of carpet wools in the rate of the "first class" at 29 per cent. instead of the 10 per cent. of the La Follette schedule brought up his average somewhat and formed a basis for later increases in the carpet paragraphs. As the carpets in question were considered luxuries, the Democrats gladly accepted the increases, and the final rates are, as a result, in some cases much higher than either the Senate or House bills. The bill was amended to go into effect Jan. 1 instead of Oct. 1, but in view of the President's certain veto this is not considered important.

The report will be made to both houses on the Wool bill to-morrow if the printing can be done in time. A single objection under the rule would send it over for real consideration until Monday. Then the report will be adopted and the bill sent at once to the President. His veto will follow promptly, and an adjournment of the session is expected to follow shortly afterward. It is not thought that there is any danger of the veto being overridden in the Senate, though in the House the vote will be close.

The proceedings of the Conference Committee were simple in the extreme. Chairman Penrose of the Finance Committee was absent at the funeral of Senator Frye, and Mr. Cullom of Illinois, since Mr. Frye's death the oldest member of the Senate, presided. Mr. Underwood, "in behalf of suffering humanity," moved that coats be dispensed with, and Mr. Cullom, while laughingly admitting the good precedent set yesterday by the British House of Commons, decided against the motion. Just then Mr. Bailey came in with Mr. La Follette and tossed his coat into a corner. All coats were accordingly laid aside and the work of the conference began.

The conference was practically in the hands of Mr. La Follette and Mr. Underwood just as the preliminary negotiations have been. Occasionally Mr. Cullom smoothed things over, and once or twice some other Senator or Representative made a remark. Sereno E. Payne, formerly Republican Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, made occasional humorous replies to attacks on the Payne-Aldrich bill, but most of the time he and Mr. Dalzell of Pennsylvania—standpatters both—buried themselves in afternoon papers. Neither of them nor Mr. Cullom signed the report when an agreement was at last reached.

A feature of the colloquy which lasted three hours was the constant suggestion that Mr. La Follette was not keeping faith with Mr. Underwood. Many times on particular agreements it was suggested by Democrats that it was understood that the Wisconsin radical and Mr. Underwood had reached a particular agreement on a particular point, but each time Mr. La Follette denied that he was bound. Once after actually admitting that he had agreed to Mr. Underwood's wish that the bill should be called a separate act he said subsequent investigation had convinced him of the unwisdom of such a course, and he stood out so stubbornly that Mr. Underwood at last consented to the measure being entitled an amendment to the existing statute.

The House 25 per cent. duty on combed wool or tops, &c., goes up under the agreement to 34 per cent.; on yarns from 30 to 39, on cloths and knit fabrics of every description except blankets and flannels for underwear, the rate, which in the House bill varied from 35 and 40 per cent. to 45 per cent., the conference sends the rate up to 40 per cent., allowing a 20 per cent. differential between raw wool and the manufactured product. But on blankets and flannels, as constituting a necessity of the poor, the House rate of 30 per cent. is retained.

The La Follette bill had a flat rate of 35 per cent. on carpets and the House, with nine paragraphs on the same subject, had rates varying from 25 to 50 per cent. In the end a compromise was adopted dividing carpets into three grades according to price and fixing the duties at 30, 40, and 50 per cent. The La Follette basket clause was reduced from 35 to 30 per cent. and adopted.

The Free List bill was taken up at once, and it was evident that Mr. Bailey, who defeated the House measure in the Senate by his single bolting vote, was in league with Mr. La Follette to block an agreement. Mr. Underwood announced his willingness to accept three Senate amendments, but said he could not recede from the House amendment putting lemons on the free list, and from his opposition to the Kern Senate amendment limiting the operation of the free importation of corn and meat. Mr. Bailey said that if he were sure he could defeat an agreeing report in the Senate he would sign it, but until he was sure he wanted to wait. Mr. Underwood then suggested an open disagreement so that the House could decide whether or not to recede. But Mr. Bailey was not ready yet to assume responsibility for the failure of the bill.

"Oh, no, Oscar," he said, "you can't rush that through this way. We want more time."

So Mr. Underwood consented to let the matter go over till to-morrow afternoon, when it is expected a disagreeing report will be ordered, or that at least Mr. Bailey will have been assured of his ability to defeat an agreeing report in the Senate.

The Cotton bill came up twice in the Senate to-day, and each time its consideration was prevented. In the morning Mr. La Follette asked unanimous consent for a vote on it on Aug. 15, but Mr. Overman of North Carolina objected. Later, while Mr. Burton was debating the Cummins bill to abolish the National Monetary Commission, a motion was made to take up the Cotton bill. The insurgents were unwilling to sidetrack their colleague Mr. Cumminss's bill, and the Democrats, glad of an excuse for delaying the Cotton bill, joined the progressives and voted the motion down. Mr. La Follette, who entered the chamber, voted against taking the measure up.

PAUL O'BRIEN TO BELLEVUE.

Ex-Justice's Nephew Broke Door to Get Into His Home—Under Observation.

Paul O'Brien, 21 years old, a nephew of ex-Supreme Court Justice Morgan J. O'Brien and son of John P. O'Brien, was removed from his home, 57 West Ninetieth Street, to Bellevue Hospital last night for observation, after he had been attended at the West 100th Street Station for lacerations of the hands, sustained, the police learned, when he thrust his fist through the glass panel in the vestibule of his home.

Patrolman Charles Stauch, who was summoned to the O'Brien home, found Paul lying on the stairway in a dazed condition. Stauch was told that the young man had come home after 9 o'clock and, finding the vestibule door locked, shattered the glass panel of the door with his fist.

In the Fall of 1910 Paul O'Brien, while riding with a friend in the Bronx in an auto, met with an accident. The machine was overturned, but O'Brien escaped with minor injuries, but his companion was pinned beneath the car and was killed.

He was arrested several months ago, charged with the theft of his mother's auto. He was charged with having presented a forged order at the garage, and procured the machine. He was held in the West Side Court prison for a week and was released when his father withdrew the charge.

POLICE STOP STRIKE PARADE.

Brooklyn Trolleymen Appeal Now Through Circulars.

To counteract statements by officers of the Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad Company, that the strike of their conductors and motormen was a thing of the past, the men distributed yesterday thousands of circulars in Brooklyn, worded at once to evade the anti-boycott law and yet urging persons not to ride. The handbills said:

> To the public:
> The strike is still on on the lines of the Coney Island and Brooklyn Railway Company. We are only asking for a minimum wage of $2 a day. Are you with us?

The bills bore the union label, but were unsigned. Besides these, two trucks bearing illuminated signs conveying similar sentiments were started through the streets last night.

A parade by the strikers and their sympathizers had been planned for this morning, but after a conference by police officials in Brooklyn it was forbidden. Commissioner Walsh notified Leader Patrick Shea that in his opinion such a demonstration might lead to rioting. Mr. Shea then called off all arrangements. The strikers were much disappointed when they heard the ultimatum, but after Mr. Shea addressed them they voted to refrain from all celebration until the strike was over.

It was announced at the strikers' headquarters last night that a committee of the strikers would meet to-night a committee of the employes of the De K

NEAR HEAT RECORD FOR AUGUST DAYS

Official Thermometer Showed 92 Degrees, but in the Street It Was Nearly 100.

MANY PERSONS PROSTRATED

Rain Came Late in the Evening, but Brought Little Relief — Cooler Weather Promised for To-day.

Weather Forecast.

Local showers to-day and cooler; Sunday probably fair; moderate winds, mostly north to northeast.

High temperature caused great discomfort throughout this city yesterday. The thermometer reached 92 degrees at the Weather Bureau, on the twenty-ninth floor of the Whitehall Building. At the Central Park Weather Station 94 degrees was recorded, and in the street thermometers registered 93 to 98 degrees. Several prostrations were reported.

The Weather Bureau prophesied cooler weather to-day. A cool area in Minnesota was moving eastward, and its approach, the weather men thought, might cause local thundershowers later in the day and during the night, but no general rain would accompany the expected drop.

The twenty-mile-an-hour wind blowing yesterday, was hot and dry from the west and southwest. There was no breeze off the ocean. Overcast skies, which promised rain, made the day oppressive and muggy. The pavements and stone and brick walls of the city's buildings soaked in the heat and gave it forth again, making the streets in the business and tenement sections like fireless cookers.

A light shower fell shortly after 9 o'clock, giving temporary relief, but did not last long. It was followed by high temperature, without prospects of further rain. Before the shower the temperature was recorded at 82 degrees at the Whitehall Building. After the shower 77 degrees was registered by the Weather Bureau thermometers. Later there was a lively breeze and a marked drop in temperatures.

Conditions were little better along the river front and at the beaches, but the only cool spot at Coney Island was the surf. The bathhouses were patronized at the expense of the other amusement resorts. Fifth Avenue and the Bowery were ovens, and visitors hurried from trains to the beach.

The green at the Battery and the slopes of Riverside Park were covered with people, but they found little relief in these usually cool spots. The floating baths at the Battery and along the Hudson and East Rivers were crowded. Bathers in Sheepshead and Gravesend Bays reported that the water was warm.

There were many complaints of humidity, but these the weather men said were unfounded, as the humidity was low, the wet bulb thermometer showing only 76 degrees. But the sultriness seemed to lay nearer the ground, if not apparent on the top floor of the Whitehall Building. Forecaster James H. Scarr looked up the records for previous Augusts, which showed that yesterday ranked with the hottest August days of recent years.

The thermometer reached on Aug. 13, 1881, and Aug. 16, 1888, 96 degrees, the top-notch mark for August in forty years. Ninety-four degrees was recorded Aug. 10, 1894, 95 degrees on Aug. 9, 1900, and 93 degrees on single August days in 1909, 1906, and 1892. Mr. Scarr said that yesterday's temperature was 20 degrees higher than the normal.

The temperature yesterday climbed 15 degrees in less than 7 hours, 77 degrees being recorded at 8 o'clock in the morning and 92 degrees at 3 P. M. This temperature was maintained until after 4 o'clock.

The heat wave was as hard on the horses as on their drivers. That was seen by the number of disabled trucks. Emergency buckets and shower baths did good service in relieving suffering horses but in spite of these precautions it was said thirty horses died of heat in the city. Late in the afternoon horse trucking proceeded with difficulty and many truckmen abandoned work altogether rather than risk the loss of their animals.

These cases of heat prostrations were reported to the police:

BECK, JOHN A., 41, dock builder, 322 Bowery; from Forty-fifth Street and North River; taken home.

BRADY, JOHN, 48, 5 Thompson Street; from his residence to Bellevue Hospital.

FLEISCHER, SAMUEL, 52, laborer, 452 West Fifty-second Street; overcome at 630 West Thirty-fourth Street; New York Hospital.

HANDSPIKER, ERNEST, 29, steward steamship Neva, Fifty-sixth Street and Hudson River; overcome at 884 Tenth Avenue; Flower Hospital.

HARRIS, JOHN, 40, roofer, 562 Ninth Avenue; Thirty-third Street and Ninth Avenue; New York Hospital.

HOGSTETTER, CHARLES, 80; laborer, 3,973 Third Avenue; overcome at Fifty-sixth Street and Sixth Avenue; taken home.

LEVY, SADIE, 17, milliner, 517 East 147th Street; overcome in Grand Central Subway Station; attended and taken home.

LOVE, JAMES A., 17, of 667 Broadway; overcome at Broadway and Third Street; St. Vincent's Hospital.

BERNABICK, FRANK, 29, of 19 Brostin Street, Brooklyn; overcome at Sixth Avenue and Fifty-third Street; taken to Flower Hospital.

HOWARD, JOHN, 42, laborer, 308 East Seventy-fifth Street; overcome at 1,545 Second Avenue; taken home.

McKEON, MICHAEL, 34, laborer, 1,404 Third Avenue; attended at home.

WALLER, NATHAN, 21, of 308 Rivington Street; overcome at 594 Broadway; taken home.

Prostrations in Brooklyn.

BERSEG, RICHARD, 22, of 255 Moffatt Street, motorman on Reid Avenue car; overcome at Fulton Street; taken home.

BROWN, EDWARD, 52, of 81 Manhattan Street; overcome in Commerce Street; taken home.

CONSTABLE, AMANDA, 75, of 143 North Third Street; overcome at South First Street and Driggs Avenue; taken home.

HANNIGAN, WILLIAM, 32, of Sixth Avenue and Forty-sixth Street; overcome in Bergen Street; taken to Swedish Hospital.

SHANNON, CHARLES, 20, of 569 Linden Street; attended at home.

Forecaster Scarr's assertion that there was no hope of a general rain in sight caused a renewal of the discussion of the adequacy of the city's water supply. Water Commissioner Thompson returned yesterday from an inspection of the Croton watershed, more than ever impressed with the gravity of the conditions. He said that the loss last week in reserve was 1,000,000,000 gallons. The supply on hand last Saturday was 30,000,000,000 gallons; there were 77,000,000,000 gallons on hand a year ago.

The average consumption of Manhattan and the Bronx is 330,000,000 to 365,000,000 gallons a day. Figuring on the basis of the present supply there is about enough water on hand to last three and a half months. The reservoirs are lower than they have been at any time since the Croton system was built. The present heat wave is causing the loss of much water by evaporation and converting areas of the watershed into sponges which will soak up any light rain and prevent it from getting into city reservoirs.

HEAT STAYS IN GERMANY.

Hot Spell Has Now Lasted Twenty-one Days—99 Degrees in Berlin.

BERLIN, Aug. 11.—The heat continues unabated throughout Germany, and the past few days the temperature has been higher than before. Deaths from sunstroke are reported from all sections.

A water famine threatens some districts where the brooks are drying up. In the Eifel region the farmers have been forced to haul water for miles. Fish are dying on the river beds there and in Westphalia. Navigation on the chief streams has been almost suspended owing to low water.

The excessive hot spell has continued for twenty-one days, which is unprecedented since 1848, when the first records are available.

A number of cases of persons becoming insane because of the heat are reported. The thermometer in the side streets of Berlin to-day registered 99 in the shade.

KILLED BY INSANE PATIENT.

Matteawan's Silent Prisoner Mortally Attacks His Tent Companion.

Special to The New York Times.

MATTEAWAN, N. Y., Aug. 11.—John Coburn, a patient at the Matteawan State Hospital, died to-day as the result of an attack made upon him three days ago by Antone Krulich, another patient.

The two men occupied one of the tents in the south yard of the hospital, both being ill. Without an apparent cause Krulich attacked Coburn, and before the guard could separate them Krulich felled Coburn and was kicking him furiously. Coburn was unconscious when rescued.

Coroner William J. Haight of this village has taken charge of the case, and this afternoon Drs. Jennings and Bontrou performed an autopsy and found that death was due to injuries to the abdomen.

Coburn was committed to the hospital in 1892 from Sing Sing Prison. He was arrested in New York in 1888 and convicted of manslaughter. During his trial and since his incarceration he had refused to speak to any one. During the nineteen years of his imprisonment in Matteawan he had spoken hardly a dozen words. Nothing is known of him or his relatives.

Dr. James V. May, who on Tuesday was appointed to the Superintendency of the Matteawan State Hospital, and who had not expected to take charge until Sept. 15, owing to the illness of Mrs. May, has been ordered to assume his new duties at the institution on Monday next.

Col. Scott made the announcement to-day that although Dr. May had asked for a delay in assuming his new position, the Superintendent of State Prisons decided that he commence at once. Dr. May is expected here to-morrow to look into the affairs of the hospital before assuming control.

Chaotic conditions at the hospital are said to be the real cause of the Superintendent's desire to have Dr. May in charge as soon as possible.

FRICK TO STAY IN STEEL.

Pique Offered as an Explanation for His Withdrawal from Union Pacific.

Henry Clay Frick announced at his country home in Pride's Crossing, Mass., yesterday that his resignation from Union Pacific and its two subsidiary companies is not to be followed by his withdrawal from many other corporations. He specifically denied the report that he is shortly to leave the Steel Corporation's Directorate.

Wall Street was still finding explanations for Mr. Frick's departure from the Union Pacific family yesterday. One story was that he was piqued that a recent issue of $25,000,000 Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation bonds had been arranged at board meetings at which he was not present, and that he wrote out his resignation immediately upon learning of the projected offering.

One of his former associates on the board corroborated this to the extent of pointing out that Mr. Frick had come to realize that he could not enjoy the amount of leisure that he wished while a member of so many active boards without becoming in effect a "dummy" Director through absence from many important meetings. Mr. Frick and Judge Lovett, President of the Union Pacific, are close personal friends.

DIES BY POISON IN SURF.

Wife of a New York Druggist Commits Suicide While Husband Is Dressing.

William Doughlass, a druggist, whose store is at Avenue B and Tenth Street, went to Rockaway Beach late yesterday afternoon with his wife and their little daughter. The three went into the surf from the bathing houses attached to the Florence House, in Division Avenue, and it was 6 o'clock when they came out. Then Mr. Doughlass went to his room on the men's side, leaving his wife and the little girl to go to theirs on the other. When he was dressed, Mrs. Doughlass was dead.

She had not been inside her room more than a moment or two, when she hurried out again and ran down to the beach. A little later, a life saver saw her struggling in the water, and went out after her, but she died a few moments after he had carried her to the beach. A doctor said death was caused by oxalic acid.

Mrs. Doughlass bought the poison the day before at Long Branch. She had been nervous and despondent for many years, and until three weeks ago was a patient in the Bloomingdale Asylum.

ITALIAN SHIPS DETAINED.

One Death at Sea from Cholera Aboard the Venezia.

The Italian liners Calabria and Venezia, arriving yesterday from Naples and Palermo, were held in Quarantine by the Health Officer for observation, as both came from a cholera-infested port. Late in the afternoon Dr. Doty announced that a bacteriological examination had proven that Salvani Nicola, a thirty-six-year-old steerage passenger on the Venezia, who died at sea on Aug. 7, was a victim of cholera. He got aboard at Naples.

During the voyage eight persons were ill in the ship's hospital. Most of them suffered from ordinary ailments, but Dr. Doty thought it best to remove to Swinburne Island Giuseppe Vavassani, a boatswain, and Antonio Palino, a steerage passenger, who were ill when the vessel arrived and whose symptoms caused suspicion.

The Venezia will probably be detained in Quarantine.

The Calabria will probably be detained in Quarantine three days. All on board were reported well when she got in yesterday.

FLAT ROBBED IN AFTERNOON.

Well-Dressed Youths Take $300 Worth of Joseph Borchensius's Goods.

The police of the West 125th Street Station are looking for three well-dressed youths who, they believe, broke into and looted on Thursday afternoon the apartment of Joseph Borchensius on the ground floor of 660 St. Nicholas Avenue. Clothing and silverware worth $300 were taken, Mr. Borchensius discovering the robbery when he returned from a visit to his bride of five weeks who, for two days, has been in a hospital, seriously ill.

Mrs. Arthur Sigel, who lives opposite Mr. Borchensius on the ground floor, told the police that she saw three youths leave the house about 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon, carrying valises.

"That was a heavy trunk," remarked one, according to Mrs. Sigel, and one of the others responded, "Yes, and we had a hard time getting into it, didn't we?"

Mrs. Sigel thought the youths must live in the house, but the police now think they were the burglars.

AUTOIST UNDER $2,000 BAIL.

Jeanette Tells Court Fatal Accident in Prospect Park Was Not His Fault.

Archibald Jeanette, a piano salesman of 141 West Ninety-sixth Street, Manhattan, who while driving his automobile in Prospect Park on Thursday night hit a carriage, throwing out the occupants and causing the death of Mrs. Anna Rovner, was arraigned yesterday in the Flatbush Police Court charged with homicide.

Jeanette asserted that no lights were displayed on the rear of the carriage, and that, after coming from under a brilliant light into a dark roadway, he was unable to see the carriage until a few feet from it. Then he said he tried to turn into an embankment, but that he had no time. His automobile struck the carriage only a glancing blow, he said, and the horses running away had thrown out the Rovner family.

Magistrate Harris held Jeanette in $2,000 bail for a hearing on Monday. The Magistrate said that he was aware of the inadequate lighting of the park roadways.

Samuel Rovner and his ten-year-old daughter, Sophie, who were taken to the Kings County Hospital, are still unable to make a statement. Mr. Rovner is in a very serious condition.

PACKERS PUT UP THE PRICE OF BEEF

Butchers Hesitate to Advance Retail Prices Because Demand Is Low Now.

CATTLE SUPPLY NOT SHORT

Figures Refute Explanation Offered by Packers—Retail Prices Will Show Effect Soon.

The butchers are again in a quandary, as a result of a further advance in the wholesale price of beef within the last week or two. This increase averages 2 or 3 cents a pound on hindquarters, from which are cut sirloin and poterhouse steaks. Naturally, the hindquarter isn't all steak, and even if the butchers raised their retail price 3 cents a pound it wouldn't make up for the advance made by the packers.

But, with a few exceptions, the retail butchers haven't dared to raise the price, and they are losing the increase paid to the packers. The price of meat is so high now, they say, that their customers are complaining, and have been for several months. Furthermore, this is a time of year when meat is not in great demand, and fish is unusually cheap this Summer. The meat markets are having all they can do to keep up a respectable volume of business now, and if they have to raise the prices further the outlook is a gloomy one for them.

Wholesalers, however, say the retailers have got to raise prices and the public has got to get used to paying more, so the sooner they begin the better it will be. Last Monday the wholesalers were paying 7½ cents a pound for live cattle of the best grade. This was the highest price of the year. On Wednesday, however, the price went to 7.80 cents, and the wholesalers themselves expect it to rach 8 cents by next Monday.

"As a result of this," said a big jobber yesterday, "hindquarters have advanced from 12 cents to 14 in the last two days. This would justify an advance by retailers of 4 to 6 cents on sirloin and roast beef and an increase of 8 to 10 cents on porterhouse steak. The packers have been trying to put up prices ever since July 1, but they have been unable to do so until the last week or two. The early effort was by manipulation, but the present rise is due to scarcity of cattle. There is no doubt about that.

Had Small Stocks on Hand.

"The reason the butchers are feeling it so quickly is that they have been storing very little beef during the hot weather, when the demand is small. They thought prices would go off instead of going up, but in this they were mistaken. Some of the bigger dealers are protected by contracts made some time ago, but this cheap beef will not last long, and the full effect of wholesale conditions will soon make itself felt. The highest prices in the history of the business are undoubtedly coming. We are still receiving beef on contracts made at lower prices, but our supply won't last much longer, and I made a contract to-day for 500 hindquarters at the highest price, with one exception, I ever paid in my twenty years in business."

"If the butchers shift the increase to the consumer, won't the demand fall off?" was asked.

"Coming at this time, I don't think so. The demand is about at its minimum now. About the first of September everybody comes back to town, and the hotels and restaurants are filled. No matter how much the public may object to higher prices, this movement will more than offset any drop in demand due to higher prices."

"Why do you think cattle are really scarcer?"

"Up to three weeks ago there were good receipts of corn-fed cattle. The prospects were for a bumper crop of corn, and the farmer fed it freely to his cattle. The crop report issued a couple of days ago shows a heavy falling off in the prospective corn crop. Of course, the farmer don't have to wait to see the crop report to know the changed conditions. With a smaller crop and higher prices for corn in sight, he knew that he would get more for his corn in the bushel basket than in beef, and he acted accordingly. You can get plenty of inferior cattle now, but the best corn-fed animals are scarce."

Figures Don't Support Packers.

Agents of the big packers tell the dealers that scarcity of cattle is the reason for the advance, and they don't confine it to the extra fine grades. Butchers in Eighth Avenue, Harlem, and Washington Market all told the same story yesterday as to the advance of 2 or 3 cents made by the packers and jobbers in the last few days.

In view of this actual figures of the receipts of cattle in Chicago are interesting. They fail to show any such falling off. The receipts for last week were 50,051, and for the week before 60,351, as against 56,184 in the first week of August last year and 42,000 in 1909. For the year up to date the figures are 1,680,499, and for 1910 only 1,630,046 up to this date.

That these figures are not misleading as to actual conditions is indicated pretty clearly by a statement in the last issue of The National Provisioner, official organ of the American Meat Packers' Association, which says:

> Estimated receipts of meat animals at the chief packing centres for July show increases approximating those of previous months, slight in cattle and heavier in hogs and sheep. At Chicago receipts of cattle for July were about 7,000 head in excess of a year ago, hog receipts about 110,000 head greater, and sheep and lamb receipts nearly 650,000 head greater.
>
> At six leading centres the cattle receipts for seven months are estimated by The Chicago Drovers' Journal as about 21,000 head in excess of a year ago. Hog marketing at eleven points is figured as being nearly 3,500,000 head greater than a year ago, and about 500,000 more than two years ago. Receipts of sheep and lambs at six points are figured at more than 2,000,000 in excess of last year. Last year will be remembered, of course, as a time of high-water-mark prices and low-water-mark receipts.

The same authority in an editorial article puts the blame on the retailer and quotes figures to show that cattle and beef were no higher last week either in Chicago or New York than in February.

"It is so much easier," says the Provisioner, "for the average retailer to put the blame on the packer than it is for him to learn how to run his own business on the same businesslike plan as that of the packer."

In the Winter the average housekeeper turns to pork, when beef takes a jump. In the Summer, of course, there is little demand for fresh pork, and its price vagaries are not closely watched. It is a fact, however, that at the present time pork is higher for this time of year than it has been in twenty years. Four weeks ago it sold at wholesale for 10½ cents. Now it is 18. The result is that at retail it costs as much as the ordinary price for beef. When cool weather comes and beef is really in demand, the housekeeper will discover, if present conditions continue, that no refuge is to be found in pork. Some of the retail butchers say this is part of a plan to keep beef up and make the public take it, once the fish season is over.

As a sample of the prices which are likely to go higher the following, quoted by one of the big dealers in Washington Market, are given:

> Porterhouse, 28 cents; sirloin, 22; flank, 15; round, 20 to 22; prime rib roast, 22; porterhouse roast, 26; pot roast, 20; aitchbone, 20; filet beef, 30; chopped beef, 20; stew beef, 14 to 16; soup meat, 12 to 16; corned beef, 12 to 20; legs mutton, 14 to 16; legs lamb, 20 to 22; hindquarter lamb, 20; forequarter lamb, 16; French chops, 28; loin chops, 25; veal chops, 25; veal cutlets, 30; filet veal, 28; sweetbreads, pair, 75 to 85, and ox tails, 10 cents.
>
> These prices are based on conditions precedent to the latest increase in wholesale prices.

QUESTION BELMONT'S STOCK.

Argument in Suit to Examine Him About His Interest in Interborough.

Persisting in their attempt to have August Belmont examined before they bring suit against him to recover about $4,500,000, some minority stockholders of the Interborough Company, through their counsel, J. Aspinwall Hodge, opposed a motion yesterday made by Julien T. Davies, counsel for Belmont, to have set aside a recent order of Supreme Court Justice Kelly of Brooklyn, directing Mr. Belmont to submit to the desired examination. The proceedings yesterday were before Supreme Court Justice Putnam of Brooklyn. After a lengthy argument on both sides the court took all the papers in the case and reserved decision.

The Continental Securities Company and Charles H. Venner, a banker of Manhattan, are the plaintiffs in the action. The securities company held 300 shares of the Interborough stock in 1906, and later on Mr. Venner obtained 50 shares. They say that in 1902 the Directors of the Interborough voted Mr. Belmont $1,500,000 of treasury stock at par value in consideration for services in procuring the consignment for the Interborough Company of the McDonald contract for building the Subway, for his work in getting subscriptions of about $9,000,000 worth of stock, and for his other activities in organizing the company. They assert that this stock is now worth $4,500,000, and has already paid nearly $1,000,000 in dividends.

Mr. Hodge began the action against the Interborough for his clients to have the Directors rescind their order giving Mr. Belmont this stock on the ground that the proceedings were irregular, because they claim the order was not entered on the minutes of the company until four years afterward.

In his argument before Justice Putnam Mr. Davies declared that the plaintiffs were bringing this action to harass Mr. Belmont so that he would make a statement. He also opposed the motion on the ground that it was too general in character. "All we want to get are the facts of the actual transaction in 1902," said Mr. Hodge. "I believe it was irregular. I want to know whether in all fairness to the other stockholders Mr. Belmont had a right to take that money. If he will answer questions and not make speeches it will not take more than two hours to examine him as to all the facts of the case."

Mr. Davies insisted that the plaintiffs were not stockholders in good faith, to which Mr. Hodge replied:

"I don't see what the character of the plaintiffs has to do with the motion. When Mr. Belmont took this $1,500,000 he may have taken it to build cathedrals, or a race track, or railroads, and he may have thought he had a right to take it. The question here in this suit is whether he did have a right to take it."

COLLINS GUILTY OF MURDER.

Slayer of Patrolman Lynch Convicted on Circumstantial Evidence.

The jury in the case of John W. Collins, the negro, who on July 1 last shot Policeman Michael J. Lynch, brought in a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree before Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions yesterday, after they had been out for three-quarters of an hour. They stood eleven to one for conviction on the first ballot, and the dissenting vote was for murder in the second degree.

The prisoner showed no signs of feeling when the jury filed into the room with faces averted, but when the foreman announced him guilty of murder in the first degree, he raised his head slightly and nervously pulled at his collar.

He said he was twenty-three years old and lived at 347 West Thirty-seventh Street. He was an elevator runner by occupation and his father and mother were living.

The case against Collins was of a circumstantial nature, as none of the witnesses saw him fire the shot that killed Policeman Lynch, and the other policeman did not enter his room to see if any one else had been in there with him. Collins's defense was that he did not remember firing the shot, and that he was intoxicated at the time and might have had a revolver in his hand.

The murder occurred early in the morning of July 1 last. Collins, according to the evidence, had been out drinking all night and returned home at 4 o'clock in the morning. Going to the window he fired two shots into the air and then instructed May Johnson, who lived at the same address, to lock all the doors and allow no one to enter. Patrolman Lynch ran to the house where he heard a woman screaming.

Rushing upstairs he ordered Collins to open the door, and, when the latter refused, burst it open. Collins stood near the window and fired at the policeman, killing him almost instantly. He then ran upstairs, pursued by Policeman McDonald, with whom he had a pistol battle. He ran across the roofs to a house on Thirty-eighth Street and was arrested there.

CITY BATH OPEN TO BATHERS

"Officially" Opened Days Ago, but Yesterday Was the Actual Event.

The Municipal Bath House at Coney Island, which was opened "officially" some days ago, was really opened for the use of swimmers yesterday, and in the first two hours after 8:15 o'clock 102 men and boys had paid their dimes and got rooms in the new building. The part reserved for women is not ready yet.

William Henry Hale, Superintendent of Public Baths in Brooklyn, and nine small boys were the first ones in the new bath house. They had been waiting in line before the doors opened. Mayor Gaynor also visited the baths in the afternoon and stayed for about an hour. He was pleased with the eagerness with which the public patronized the new building.

Howard L. Woody, Superintendent of Public Buildings in Brooklyn, was on hand to see that everything went off properly, and found that he had nothing to do. The attendants acted as though they had been at their posts for months instead of minutes, and the censor of bathing suits, who inspects the apparel of the swimmers before they may go on the beach, found no occasion to stop any one.

Crowds visited the new baths all day, but as there are accommodations for several thousand bathers, they made no impression on the big building.

IN SING SING BY MISTAKE.

Man Sentenced to 12 Years Five Years Ago on Child's Story May Be Freed.

Stephen Smith of Bayshore, L. I., who has served nearly five of a twelve-year sentence to Sing Sing, may receive a belated release, according to new evidence that has been brought to the attention of the District Attorney's office of Queens. He was convicted on the testimony of Rhoda Smith, daughter of David H. Smith, a harnessmaker of 12 New York Avenue, Jamaica, when she was only 9 years old, and is now appears that her story was not true.

Assistant District Attorney Collins entered yesterday complaints charging the girl's mother and father and Frank Jenne, a boarder in the family, with endangering Rhoda's morals. All three were held in $300 bail for examination on Aug. 22.

Stephen Smith, who was a well-known trainer of polo ponies, was boarding with the Smiths (the families are not related) at the time of his arrest five years ago.

"It is an outrage that, upon the word of this child, this man should have been confined to prison for five years," said Mr. Collins yesterday. "My office will assist his friends in any way to have him freed, and will put at their disposal the records and affidavits filed in the case."

Carriage Accident Kills Aged Woman.

Mrs. Ellen A. Wood, 117 Columbia Heights, who was injured in a collision between a Flatbush Avenue car and her surrey, in which she was riding with her daughter, Mrs. Alva Scranton, on last Thursday, died yesterday morning in the Brooklyn Hospital as a result of her injuries. Mrs. Wood was 80 years old. Mrs. Scranton, the daughter, is still in the hospital, but is improving.

GERAGHTYS DELAY RETURN TO NEWPORT

Going to Nova Scotia to Finish Their Honeymoon, Bridegroom Telephones Parents.

FRENCHES GO TO TUXEDO

But Bride Says Father May Call on Her at Springfield To-day—Have Plenty of Money.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 11.—Mr. and Mrs. Amos Tuck French have gone to their Tuxedo (N. Y.) place with Mrs. Stuyvesant Leroy. The parents have not heard direct from their daughter, Miss Julia French, who ran away and married young John Geraghty, but Stuyvesant Leroy stated to-day that the family has been fully advised of everything, which means the movements of his niece and Geraghty since their elopement on Tuesday.

It is quite evident that the mother and father of Mrs. Geraghty are not as yet taking any action to bring their daughter back to their home, but that something is being arranged is equally as evident. Mrs. French Vanderbilt had a long consultation with Mr. and Mrs. French, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel J. Wagstaff, and Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Leroy this morning before the Frenches started for Tuxedo.

John S. Geraghty, father of the bridegroom, said to-night that he had received a telephone message from his son in Springfield, Mass., to-day, and a letter was received by the mother stating that the couple contemplated making a trip to Nova Scotia before returning to Newport.

Mrs. Geraghty said that Stuyvesant Leroy, uncle of the bride, had called at the Pender garage where her son was employed and talked with Mr. Pender, who took Miss French and Geraghty to Centre Village, where they were married. Mr. Leroy, according to Mrs. Geraghty, was anxious to learn if the newly married couple were supplied with funds.

"We know just what movements the young people are making, and their intentions," said Mrs. Geraghty.

"I'm sick of the rot some of the newspapers have printed, and this is my final talk to the press. When my son left here Tuesday he took some changes of clothing with him. What his wife took I do not know, for she was not outside our home when Bender and my son went away in the automobile. I know the boy has considerable money with him, however."

That young Geraghty had a larger sum of money than was supposed before leaving Newport is shown by the fact that his expenses must have been large. Miss French had some money from a check cashed here on Monday, reported to be more than $100.

While it is not known here when the Geraghtys will return to Newport, it is the general opinion that it will not be very long. Some say that the bride will go to her home and the bridegroom to his.

It developed to-day that while Geraghty was a mere lad his parents were in charge of Summer homes in the Greenough-Redwood, Red Cross Avenue district, in which the Frenches live. The children of all classes thereabout were friendly, and in their infancy Jack Geraghty and Julia French, who owned a pony cart, drove together, but their real friendship did not mature until two or three years ago, and more strongly last Spring. The elder Geraghty sticks to the assertion that he and his wife tried hard to break up the attachment, but failed.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Aug. 11.—John Edward Paul Geraghty, who eloped from Newport on Tuesday night with Miss Julia Estelle French, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Amos Tuck French and niece of Mrs. Elsie French Vanaderbilt, said to-day that he had ample resources to support his wife in comfort. In no case will her parents be called upon for assistance.

Mr. and Mrs. Geraghty intimated to-night that they would not be surprised if Mrs. Geraghty's father came to Springfield to-morrow.

Mr. and Mrs. Geraghty, who arrived in Springfield yesterday, are planning to spend several days in the plain but comfortable home of Geraghty's aunt, Mrs. Joseph H. Harris, 220 Pine Street. Geraghty made no attempt to avoid reporters to-day. Mrs. Geraghty industriously clipped and pasted together the accounts of the elopement from various newspapers, and in several instances expressed her opinion of the editors of certain New York dailies.

Geraghty is nettled at the newspaper publicity which has tended to belittle his station in life.

"It is true that I have no social standing in the sense of the word as understood by my wife's family," he said. "It is not true, though, that I was a mere hanger-on in a garage, a sort of substitute chauffeur. The facts are that the garage with which I have been connected is a highly prosperous enterprise, and, moreover, I own a one-third interest in it."

Geraghty declined to-day an offer to represent a tire concern in Boston. He is undecided whether he will return to Newport to live. In any event he will continue in the automobile business.

Geraghty makes light of the report that his father-in-law proposes to institute abduction charges against him. He looked into that matter, he says, before running away with Miss French, who was 18 years old last week, which gives Geraghty a few days to spare as regards the matter of legal requirements as to his wife's age. When this question came up to-day he turned to his bride and said:

"Julia, they say I abducted you. Is that so?"

"I should say it wasn't so, dear," she replied emphatically. "If anybody did that, it was I who took you away, Jack."

Mr. and Mrs. Geraghty both state that the elopement was planned some time ago, but that they had not contemplated marriage at this time. The elopement was precipitated by plans of Mr. French to send his daughter abroad in the hope that she would forget Geraghty.

In a telephone talk with a friend in Newport to-day Mrs. Geraghty expressed curiosity regarding what her mother had to say. She said that she had received no word from her parents as yet, but intimated that announcement of the wedding had been sent to them. Young Geraghty said that it was true that men of high standing in Newport had tried to make him keep away from Miss French, and also that his father had advised him to give her up.

Mr. and Mrs. Geraghty may be married again in the parish house of the church the Geraghty family attends when they return to Newport, as Geraghty is a Catholic, and such a ceremony would be pleasing to his parents. Geraghty was educated in the parochial schools of Newport. He was an athlete during his school days, he says, and was Captain of the baseball team of the Hazard Memorial High School of Newport several years ago.

INDICTS EDITOR FOR LIBEL.

Grand Jury Acts on Justice Erlanger's Complaint Against New York Review.

Samuel M. Weller, the editor of The New York Review, a weekly theatrical and sporting paper published by the Shuberts, was arraigned before Judge Swann in General Sessions yesterday, and pleaded not guilty to an indictment charging him with criminal libel. He was released on $1,000 bail. The complainant against Weller is Supreme Court Justice Mitchell L. Erlanger, brother of Abraham L. Erlanger of the theatrical firm of Klaw & Erlanger.

Mr. Erlanger appeared before the July Grand Jury, but it refused to indict, and yesterday he appeared before the August Grand Jury, and the indictment was found during the morning session. Mr. Erlanger contends that in the June 24 issue of The Review Mr. Weller wrote an article about Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr.'s, "Follies of 1911," in which he speaks about the plans made for the cabaret show and mentions the Erlanger home at Lawrence, L. I., as belonging to Abraham Erlanger, when in fact it belongs to Justice Erlanger.

BOY THIEF WRITES PLEA.

Confesses and Protests a Desire to Reform—Sent to Elmira.

Judge Swann of General Sessions sent Joseph Degnon, a seventeen-year-old thief, to Elmira Reformatory yesterday after he had been arrested for breaking his parole on a suspended sentence for grand larceny committed on Jan. 6 last. Clemency was shown the prisoner in the first case on account of his age, though he had only stolen $75 worth of clothing from Louis Olms of 341 West Twenty-first Street. Immediately after his release the police of the Twentieth Street Police Station received a number of complaints from residents of the lower west side, declaring that their apartments had been burglarized. Degnon was suspected and arrested in his apartments, 408 West Twenty-fifth Street, where the proceeds of fifty crimes were stored. He was indicted for having looted the apartments of Evelyn P. Miller at 359 West Twentieth Street.

Degnon was convicted of this crime on July 10 and arraigned for sentence yesterday, when half a dozen of his former employers appeared in court and announced that they were willing to give the boy employment. Before sentencing him Judge Swann read a letter which he had received from Degnon, and which was as follows:

> I am a boy, just entering manhood, in an unfortunate predicament, the result of my own folly, I admit. This is the second time I have appeared before the courts on this charge. The first time the prospect of a prison sentence sobered me so that I promised to become a better man. The cumulative effect of the second charge has made me realize the folly of continuing the way I am.
>
> I want to ask the mercy of your court, because I am a young boy with a hope to reform, with a desire to show my mother there is some good in her boy, because I am not vicious, I have not offended through malice or through hatred to society.
>
> Bravado and unworthy rivalry of my favorite dime novel heroes have caused my downfall. I mean in the future to pursue more worthy ideas that will make a better man of me, so, therefore, your Honor, I beg of you to send me to a reform school, where I will not learn more crime, as I might if sent elsewhere.

After giving the boy a long lecture Judge Swann sentenced him to Elmira.

WARNING TO CORONERS.

Don't Handle the Evidence in a Murder Case and Confuse the Police.

Many finger prints were found by the police on the chloroform bottle and other effects that Paul Geidel, the bellboy, left after he had murdered William H. Jackson at the Hotel Iroquois. The police took these finger prints as valuable evidence until they were found to be those of the Coroner, who was first on the scene. As a result Commissioner Waldo sent to all Coroners yesterday this letter:

> In the investigation of crime in many cases the greatest aid to the detectives is afforded by finger prints of criminals left on various articles which they have handled. In some cases the evidence secured by these finger prints is the only clue which is obtainable. The importance of carefully preserving such impressions is apparent.
>
> On the occasion of a recent crime, a Coroner handled and fingered articles found in the vicinity of the murder to such an extent that it was impossible for the police to secure any evidence from this source. Fortunately, in this case, another clue was available, which led to the arrest of the murderer.
>
> The Police Department request that this matter be given your careful attention, and that every care be taken to avoid obliterating possible evidence which may be obtained from finger prints.

Dr. Max Talmey of 55 West 126th Street examined Geidel in the Tombs yesterday, and will report to Geidel's counsel, James A. Gray, to-day upon the mental condition of his client.

It was announced yesterday that the District Attorney would oppose any motion for a lunacy commission in Geidel's case unless Mr. Gray consented to allow the court to appoint two alienists to examine the prisoner before such a commission is appointed.

POSTAL RATE DISCUSSION.

Commission Again Hears About Cost of Handling Second-Class Mail.

Postal experts were under cross-examination yesterday at the hearing of the Congressional Commission on the second-class postal rate. Herbert Noble, counsel for the magazinees, recalled Second Assistant Postmaster General Stewart, and took him through the costs and methods of handling the mail. Then J. J. Masten, the Postal Department's contract expert, was questioned on the rural free delivery.

The Commissioners were much interested in the way postal money orders and registered letters are handled on the rural routes. Mr. Masten explained that if a farmer lives more than a quarter of a mile from the road the carrier, instead of leaving the registered package in his box, merely placed a notice there, and the addressee must meet the carrier next day to get his package.

In further questioning of Mr McBride of the Railway Mail Service, who has been on the stand several times before, it was brought out that the department reckons that the average haul of letters is 500 miles, of newspapers 250 miles, and magazines and similar publications 1,000 miles. This was the basis on which the apportionment of $68,000,000 as the cost of the transportation of second-class mail matter was built. It also appeared that the Post Office reckons 150 pieces of second-class mail matter to a sack, and that these figures have been reached by actual comparative counts.

The hearing was adjourned to Tuesday morning at 10:30 o'clock.

WANTS HIS CHILD.

Richard De Carnejo Declares She Is Now Held Illegally.

Richard de Carnejo, an engineer with the Meyerowitz Manufacturing Company, Thirty-first Street and First Avenue, and living at 442 East Eightieth Street, through his attorney, Charles Pechner, aplied in the Supreme Court yesterday for a writ of habeas corpus directing the Sevilla Home at Hunt's Point, Bronx, to produce his seven-year-old daughter Aurora. He says she is unlawfully kept at the home, and his demand to Mrs. Jackson, the Superintendent, for the custody of the child has been refused.

His wife died in 1909, and being unable to take proper care of the little one, he placed her in the home. He says that at that time Mrs. Jackson urged him to sign a paper releasing his claim to the child for a number of years. Mrs. Jackson explained upon his refusal to sign that it was only a formal matter and that he could take Aurora out whenever he wished. Upon this representation he signed.

De Carnejo told the court that he owns considerable real estate in New Jersey, and is well known in engineering circles, and is well able to give the little one every care.

The case will probably be heard on Monday.

THIEF-CATCHING WATCH GONE

Thrown Under Car by Latest Suspect in the Postal Service.

A gold-plated watch with a history came to its end on Thursday night, as it was employed in the country's service. For fifteen years Post Office Inspector James had employed it in decoy letters to trap dishonest postal employes, and it had figured in the conviction of at least one evildoer every year.

Recently Inspectors Jacobs and James were bidden keep their eyes on Joseph H. Eckert, a laborer, who had recently come into the Post Office package department. James packed up the watch addressed to Robert Ingersoll & Co., 45 John Street, and inclosed as well $1.35, ostensibly for repairs. Then the inspectors stopped Eckert on Thursday night as he was leaving the building. He tried to dodge them, but as they came he threw the watch right under the wheels of a Third Avenue car.

It was ground to bits

LONDON STRIKE ENDS, NEW CRISIS ARISES

City's Food Supplies Released, but Liverpool Ship Owners Threaten a Lockout.

DEMAND DOCKERS' RETURN

Police and Fear of Bullets Restrain Interference with Distribution of Provisions in London.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—London's food strike is over, the last of the outstanding disputes with the transport workers having been settled at 11 o'clock tonight.

Apprehensions of a serious shortage in provisions at the week end were relieved before the strike was actually settled, for the police were out in full force, and the knowledge that 20,000 troops were ready to enter London also had a deterrent effect on the strikers, so that there was little interference with the distribution of supplies by non-strikers.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—The strike leaders, in a manifesto, say that all men who desire to resume work may do so to-morrow. The manifesto declares the determination to enforce the demand that every man concerned in the strike shall be reinstated to his former position, and that no proceedings shall be taken by the employers against any workman for breach of contract.

Although the strike in London has been terminated, labor troubles are threatened in several provincial towns in addition to Liverpool. The municipal street car men in Glasgow decided to-night to strike, while the railway strike in Manchester, combined with the labor movement in Liverpool, threatens stoppage of the cotton trade. Minor strikes have begun or are imminent in Newcastle, Hull, and Edinburgh.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 11.—The crisis in the dockers' strike here was reached to-day when the leading ship owners gave notice that unless a settlement of the trouble was reached by Monday they would attempt to effect a lockout in all the industries of Liverpool.

The ship owners have been complaining that in spite of their recent agreement with the dockers, sectional strikes have taken place, dislocating trade. They warned the union leaders that unless they could keep their men to the terms of the agreement a serious situation would arise. Therefore fifty of the loading ship owners to-day formally notified the dockers' union that unless all sections of the strikers resume work by noon of Monday steps will be taken to close down all work throughout the port.

In a letter to the Lord Mayor informing him of this decision the ship owners explain that a stage has been reached making trade impossible, as the men have refused to accept their friendly overtures and return to work. The Lord Mayor has offered his services as mediator.

Huge quantities of meat are tied up in the refrigerators at Birkenhead, and the stock of coal is rapidly running out. Shortage of coal to-day necessitated the closing down of a number of factories and added greatly to the number of idle men.

Additional cavalry and infantry were brought into the city to-day, but there was less disturbance than on previous days. This was due to the strike committee issuing a manifesto earnestly appealing to the men to refrain from acts of violence.

During the course of the evening 83 wagon loads of provisions were successfully moved from the docks under guard of a large force of military and police and with a magistrate at the front and rear of the procession prepared to read the Riot act in case of interference. The procession traversed the streets amid the cheering of thousands of strikers, but it was not disturbed.

JAIL 57 SHIP STEWARDS.

Allan Line Charge Mutiny for Refusing to Serve Meals on Victorian.

MONTREAL, Aug. 11.—Five police patrol wagons and a squad of constables met the Allan Line steamer Victorian upon her arrival here to-night from Liverpool, crowded the vehicles with the vessel's fifty-seven first and second class stewards, and placed them in jail. The stewards are charged with mutiny, having failed to serve breakfast and luncheon to the vessel's passengers. They submitted quietly to arrest.

The trouble started this morning, it is charged, when the stewards balked at hieping to put ashore the mail at Rimouski. They afterward consented to do so, but declined to assist in serving the meals. The chief and second stewards and four stewardesses served the meals as well as they could.

Officials of the Allan Line assert that they cannot explain the attitude of the stewards unless it be in sympathy with the dock strike on the other side of the Atlantic. The wages of the stewards, they say, were raised two months ago.

TWO KILLED IN COURT.

Illinois Men, Held for Shooting, Open Fire to Escape.

Special to The New York Times.

CHRISTOPHER, Ill., Aug. 11.—Two are dead and six are seriously injured, owing to an attempt to override the decision of a police court here last night.

John Benges and Martin and Charles Shadowen became involved in an encounter, and Benges received a bullet in the leg. The Shadowens were arrested and taken before Justice Mannon for trial. The hour being late the court decided to postpone the hearing until to-day, remanding the Shadowens in police custody. Upon being informed that they would be locked up for the night they objected, refused to pay a guard to watch them, and informed the officers in charge they were going home. Instead of obeying the order to halt both men pulled pistols and attempted to fight their way out.

When the smoke had cleared away the courtroom looked like a slaughterhouse, and every man therein showed signs of the fight. Martin Shadowen was dead, pierced by several bullets, and Charles Shadowen was lying on a concrete walk sixteen feet below, having been hurled through the window above.

John Stakewider, City Marshal, was shot twice through the body and died today. James Mannon, Justice of the Peace, was shot in the forearm; a Deputy Marshal was badly cut, and another was shot through the body.

PENROSE HAS A CANDIDATE.

Hopes to Defeat Vare for Philadelphia Mayor at the Primaries.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 11.—Senator Penrose announced this afternoon that he would not consent to the candidacy of Recorder of Deeds William S. Vare for Mayor, but would fight his nomination and bring out a candidate of his own very shortly.

The failure of Senator Penrose and State Senator McNichol to make any impression on Mayor Reyburn in the Mayoralty contest and the Mayor's cryptic assertions late last night that they had failed to convince him that Recorder Vare was not the man, but had convinced him "that he (the Mayor) had a mind of his own," settled all the doubts in the minds of the politicians yesterday that the Mayor will aid the Recorder in the primaries.

It was also asserted with positiveness that Recorder Vare's official declaration of his candidacy was seen and passed upon by Mayor Reyburn the night before it was published and that it met with the Mayor's unqualified approval.

While Senator Penrose would not disclose his candidate, political gossip is to the effect that it will be Congressman J. Hampton Moore, who recently declared that he would be a candidate if "certain influences" [illegible]

TURKEY THANKS ZIONISTS.

Aid for Fire Victims Acknowledged—Reports on Zionist Banks.

BASEL, Switzerland, Aug. 11.—At to-day's session of the Zionist Congress a telegram was read from Grand Vizier Hakki Bey thanking the congress, on behalf of the Turkish Government, for the generous contribution to relieve the sufferers in the recent fire at Constantinople.

The session was occupied largely by favorable reports of the operations of the three Zionist banks, the Jewish Colonial Trust of London, the Anglo-Palestine Company of Jaffa, and the Anglo-Levantine Company of Constantinople.

It was reported that the capital of the Jewish Colonial Trust had increased from £40,000,000 to £47,500,000 and a dividend of 6 per cent. had been paid.

The Jewish National Fund for the purchase of land in Palestine has been increased by £300,000 since the last conference. Dr. Buddenheimer, who reported on this fund, refuted the assertion that the laws of the Jewish religion were disregarded upon the estates purchased with this money. A spirited debate arose between the orthodox and the free-thinking elements of the congress.

The congress adjourned to-night over Saturday.

OUT AGAINST MADERO.

Anti-Re-electionists Plan New Ticket —Diaz Is Asked to Return.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 11.—Following the abandonment last night of Francisco I. Madero's standard by the Anti-Re-electionists, in reply to his virtual repudiation of them they sent out a call to-day for all the Anti-Re-electionist clubs for a convention on Aug. 15 to nominate a new national ticket, of which Francisco Vasques Gomez, Minister of Foreign Affairs, is slated to be the head.

The delegates at last night's meeting claim to represent 298 out of a total of 367 delegates.

Special to The New York Times.

MOBILE, Ala., Aug. 11.—The Rev. G. Wallace Gasque, lately pastor of Trinity Congregational Church in Chihuahua, Mexico, and recently elected President of Green College in Woodville, Ala., arrived in the city from Mexico to-day.

Mr. Gasque regards the Mexican situation as very unsettled and uncertain. He did not think there would be another revolution, but for some years at least Mexico was likely to have political wranglings and some bloodshed in different parts.

Madero, he says, was not as popular as he was two months ago, but was likely to be the next President.

"At present Madero is only a private citizen," said Mr. Gasque, "and, of course, cannot speak and act officially, but should he be elected President, capable as he may be, it would surprise me if he is able to handle the situation."

Business, he added, was at a standstill.

LUCERNE, Switzerland, Aug. 11.—Gen. Porfirio Diaz, former President of Mexico, who is stopping here, has received many cablegrams from opponents of Francisco I. Madero, urging him to return to Mexico and restore order. One message, from the Mexican Society of New York, informs the deposed Executive that the society is getting up a huge petition begging him to intervene in the Mexican disorders. The society has re-elected Diaz as President.

Gen. Diaz does not heed these communications, and is looking for a villa with the object of remaining here until the end of the season. His health is excellent, and he takes short excursions into the surrounding country.

HOME RULE ISSUE NEXT.

Lords' Acceptance of Veto Bill Opens the Way, Say Irish Leaders.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—The Irish leaders are confident that, with the passage of the Veto bill by the Lords yesterday, the way is now open to home rule, and from the statement of Home Secretary Churchill in the House of Commons that the Government intended to pass a home-rule measure during the present Parliament their confidence appears to some extent justified.

It must be remembered, however, that the Lords will still be able to delay the passage of such a bill two years, and they can be depended upon to delay home rule so long as they can do so. The earliest bill could not be introduced until next Spring, and it would be strongly fought in the House of Commons. The Lords would then throw it out, and some time must elapse before it could be again presented, so much depends on whether the Government will be able to hold out that long.

There is an increasing number of people in England, formely opposed to home rule, who are now prepared to give Ireland a local self-government, which is all that John Redmond asks at present, and, accordingly, the prospects of an election on this issue are not as threatening as heretofore.

The Irish press adopts a moderate tone in discussing the passage of the Veto bill.

PORTUGUESE TROOPS MUTINY

Eighteen Sergeants Are Jailed—Officer Commits Suicide.

LISBON, Aug. 11.—In consequence of insubordination in the Sixteenth Infantry, quartered in this city, eighteen Sergeants were arrested and imprisoned in the fortress to-day.

A part of the Seventeenth Infantry at Beja planned a mutiny under the leadership of a Sub-Lieutenant, who, upon being denounced, committed suicide by cutting his throat.

Sir W. S. Gilbert Left $560,000.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—The will of the late Sir W. S. Gilbert, the dramatic author and librettist, was filed for probate to-day. The estate, amounting to $560,000, is left to his widow.

Czar to Receive Ambassador Guild.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 11.—American Ambassador Guild will be received by Emperor Nicholas on Aug. 17, when he will formally present his credentials.

$1,000,000 Fire at Antwerp Docks.

ANTWERP, Aug. 11.—Fire on the Queensland docks, where much cotton is stored, did damage to-day amounting to $1,000,000. Immense quantities of saltpetre were destroyed.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Following is the forecast for the cotton and grain States as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for Saturday and Sunday:

North Carolina—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; light to moderate southerly winds, becoming variable.

South Carolina—Local showers Saturday and probably Sunday; light to moderate southerly winds, becoming variable.

Georgia—Local showers Saturday and probably Sunday; light to moderate variable winds.

Florida—Showers Saturday and Sunday, except fair Sunday in extreme northwest portion; moderate east to southeast winds, except brisk and shifting in extreme northeast portion.

Alabama—Showers Saturday; Sunday probably fair; brisk shifting winds Saturday.

Mississippi—Local showers Saturday, except fair in extreme north portion; Sunday fair, moderate, variable winds, probably brisk Saturday near the coast.

Louisiana—Local showers Saturday, except fair in northwest portion; Sunday fair; moderate variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; moderate southeast to south winds on the coast.

Western Texas, Utah—Fair Saturday and Sunday.

Oklahoma—Fair Saturday and Sunday; little change in temperature.

Arkansas, Tennessee, Kansas—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

Kentucky—Fair, slightly cooler Saturday, Sunday fair.

Ohio—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; slightly cooler Saturday in southern portion; light to moderate north to northwest winds.

Indiana—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; slightly cooler Saturday in southern portion; light to moderate northeasterly winds.

Illinois—Local showers Saturday. Sunday generally fair; warmer in northern portion; moderate northeasterly winds, becoming southeasterly by Sunday.

Lower Michigan—Fair Saturday and Sunday; moderate east to southeast winds.

Upper Michigan—Fair Saturday; warmer in northwest portion. Sunday fair, warmer; moderate winds, mostly southeasterly.

Wisconsin—Local showers Saturday in southern, generally fair in northern portion; Sunday fair, warmer; moderate east to southeast winds.

Minnesota—Fair Saturday; warmer in western and southern portions; Sunday fair, warmer in northeast portion; moderate southerly winds.

Iowa—Local showers Saturday, slightly warmer in western portion; Sunday fair, warmer.

Missouri—Fair in southern, local showers and slightly cooler Saturday in northern portion; Sunday fair, warmer in northwest portion.

HOTEL MAN DIES, HAD NO PHYSICIAN

Treated by Christian Science Healer for Ptomaine Poisoning —Ruptured Spleen Killed Him.

CORONER TAKES CHARGE

Believes Life of A. W. Eager of the Martha Washington Could Have Been Prolonged.

Arthur W. Eager, one of the oldest hotel men in this city, and for the last five years proprietor of the Hotel Martha Washington in East Twenty-ninth Street, died suddenly early yesterday morning in his apartment on the third floor of the hotel under circumstances which caused Coroner Israel Feinberg to say a number of harsh things about Christian Science.

After having been treated for chills and fever and ptomaine poisoning by a Christian Science healer for the last five days, Mr. Eager died in great pain from what a Coroner's autopsy subsequently showed to have been a ruptured spleen. Coroner Feinberg, while investigating Mr. Eager's death, found that no licensed physician had been called in to treat him until ten minutes before his death. The Coroner said he believed that if a licensed physician had been called in Mr. Eager's life might have been prolonged, and that he would have been saved a great deal of pain.

Mr. Feinberg said that the responsibility for Mr. Eager's death would be determined formally by a Coroner's Jury next month, and that if it was proved that the Christian Science healer who continued to treat Mr. Eager until a few hours before his death knew that Mr. Eager was in danger of death and had neglected to call in a regular physician to take care of him the healer would be proceeded against criminally.

The first the Coroner's office heard about Mr. Eager's death was when Sexton Meurer of Trinity Chapel, the Eager family's undertaker, telephoned that Mr. Eager had died suddenly and without medical attendance in his apartment. No undertaker can prepare for burial the body of any person who has died without regular medical attendance until the Coroner makes an investigation and issues a permit. So Coroner Feinberg went up to the Martha Washington to see what the trouble was.

"When I got there I found the whole hotel upset," Coroner Feinberg said later. "No one at the hotel desk or in the lobby seemed to know what Mr. Eager had died of. One person told me ptomaine poisoning and another told me chills and fever. Then a bellgirl took me up to the suite of three rooms which Mr. Eager occupies on the third floor of the hotel, and in the bedroom of the suite I found Mr. Eager's body lying on the floor, covered by a sheet. There was a bruise on the forehead and two bruises on the knees. Half a dozen physicians who had been telephoned for at the last moment were in the room. All of the doctors except one were men, and the woman doctor seems to have been the only one who had been spry enough to get there before Mr. Eager died."

Doctor Present When He Died.

The woman doctor was Miss Eugenia Hancock of 126 East Thirty-fourth Street. She told Coroner Feinberg that she had reached the Martha Washington Hotel about ten minutes before Mr. Eager died. She said she had found him fully conscious, but suffering the most intense pain from cramps in his stomach. He told her that he believed that he was suffering from ptomaine poisoning.

"I am a Christian Scientist," he told Dr. Hancock. "I have been treated by a Christian Science healer for chills and fever for the last week. She cured me of the chills and fever, but last night I ate a big dinner and early this morning I began to suffer intensely from cramps. I called in the Scientist again, and we both decided that I was suffering from ptomaine poisoning. The Christian Scientist gave me, at my request, the usual treatment of consecrated prayer which is common in our faith. At first it benefited me, but after the healer left the pain came on worse than ever and my wife, who is not a Christian Scientist, insisted on some licensed physician being called in."

While Mr. Eager and his wife were telling Dr. Hancock these facts the physician was preparing to give Mr. Eager a simple remedy to relieve his pain. Instead of taking the remedy, however, Mr. Eager insisted in getting up, and walked over to a side room. After he entered the side room he was heard to fall. He was unconscious when his wife and Dr. Hancock went to pick him up, and he died a few minutes later without regaining consciousness.

A Coroner's physician, who performed an autopsy later in the day, found that Mr. Eager had died of internal hemorrhage brought on by a ruptured spleen.

"Mr. Eager was apparently fond of good things to eat and drink," the physician said. "He was a heavily built man, weighing over 200 pounds. His heart, liver, and spleen were greatly enlarged. The attack of pain which he had last night was due to an enlarged spleen. The rupture of the spleen, which was the immediate cause of Mr. Eager's death, was due to his fall on the floor."

Science Healer Tells of Her Treatment.

The Christian healer who had been treating Mr. Eager for chills and fever and ptomaine poisoning is Mrs. John Meeker of 80 Madison Avenue. Mrs. Meeker is a prepossessing young woman, who says she is listed as a recognized Christian Science healer in the sect's journal, practicing under the name of Mrs. May Wilson. She took up Christian Science, she says, while she was a student at college six or seven years ago, after having undergone two operations and having been saved from a third one by Christian Science treatment.

"I began giving Mr. Eager treatment about three years ago, and was indeed the one who caused Mr. Eager to join the Christian Science Church," Mrs. Meeker told a TIMES reporter yesterday. "When I first came to the city to practice I was unmarried and stopped at the Martha Washington Hotel. I became acquainted with Mr. Eager's mother-in-law while there, and he himself allowed me once to give him Christian Science treatment for headaches, from which he had suffered for twenty years. The treatment cured him and he became an enthusiastic Christian Scientist. He joined the First Christian Science Church. I treated him successfully for malaria two years ago. Last Monday he came to me and said that he had been suffering from chills and fever and that he and his mother-in-law had not been able to cure it by Christian Science. He asked me for a treatment and I gave him half an hour daily from Monday to Thursday. The treatment consisted of the usual consecrated prayer, as described in Mrs. Eddy's book. On Thursday Mr. Eager said he was entirely cured. About 2 o'clock this morning, however, he called me up by telephone.

"'I am suffering intensely from cramps,' he said. 'I ate an unusually hearty dinner to-night. I think I have ptomaine poisoning. Don't come over, but give me an absent treatment.'

"I gave him absent treatment for half an hour and then went to bed myself again. At about 4:30 o'clock, however, the telephone bell rang again. Mrs. Eager was calling this time.

"'My husband was benefited by the treatment at first, but he insisted on drinking a glass of ice water, and now he is suffering worse than ever. Please come over,' she said.

"I went over to Mr. Eager's apartment and found him conscious but suffering greatly from sharp pains in his side, which he and I thought were caused by ptomaine poisoning. I have cured many cases of ptomaine poisoning by Christian Science, and after I had treated Mr. Eager for a while he went peacefully to sleep. Then I left, after telling Mrs. Eager that if her husband continued to be in pain when he awoke, to have a regular physician summoned and a hypodermic given. I understand that a few hours later Mr. Eager woke up suffering great pain and that a regular physician was called, but that Mr. Eager died. I was not summoned during Mr. Eager's last moments."

The Christian Science healer was still under the impression late yesterday afternoon that Mr. Eager had died of ptomaine poisoning.

"I had no idea that there was any such condition as that which you describe," she exclaimed when she was told that a Coroner's physician had discovered that Mr. Eager's heart, liver, and spleen were greatly enlarged.

Might Have Prolonged His Life.

According to the Coroner's physician who performed the autopsy yesterday, a regular physician might have prolonged Mr. Eager's life, but could not have saved it, his vital organs having degenerated too far. Coroner Feinberg pointed out, on the other hand, that if Mr. Eager had been under treatment by a regular physician instead of by a Christian Scientist during the last few years the degeneration of the vital organs might have been retarded.

Mr. Eager's body is being held by Albert Meurer, sexton of Trinity Chapel, at 16 West Twenty-sixth Street, until Coroner Feinberg decides whether or not to issue a burial certificate.

Mr. Eager, at different times during the last twenty years, had owned or controlled more hotels than almost any other man in this city. He was 49 years old and had been proprietor of the Wellington, the Westminster, the Schuyler, and the Orleans. He owned and managed the Westminster before taking charge of the Martha Washington. Before he took hold of the latter hotel several years ago it had not been wholly successful in some ways. Mr. Eager reorganized the help, the cuisine, and the supply purchasing methods and put the institution on a paying oasis.

Mr. Eager was born in West Townsend, Mass., in 1862, being the son of Ebe and Helen Eager. He married Miss Emily J. Tucker of South Carolina in 1894. She survives him, with one daughter, Angelin. He was President of the North River Improvement Company, Treasurer of the Northern Hotel Company, and a Director in the Forestry Corporation. He was a member of the Manhattan, the Automobile Club of America, and the Manhasset Bay Yacht Club. He had a large country place in Roslyn, L. I.

THREE KILLED IN AQUEDUCT.

Another Injured in Explosion of Dynamite in Shaft Near Cornwall.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Aug. 11.—By the explosion of half a ton of dynamite in the storehouse of the Mason, Hanger & Munsey Company, contractors on shaft No. 6 of the New York Aqueduct at Cornwall-on-the-Hudson, at 5 o'clock this morning, it is thought that three men were killed and one man, Edward Sawyer, was seriously injured.

No one can explain the cause of the accident. No one was thought to be near the powder house, for all the men had left the shaft at 4 o'clock, and the day shift of men was not due to go to work until an hour later.

The force of the concussion shook the country for fifteen miles around. Houses in Cornwall were damaged, as were others in Newburg, Fishkill Landing, and Matteawan.

The men who lost their lives are foreigners, and they could not be accounted for to-night.

At the office of the Board of Water Supply yesterday Commissioner Chadwick said that word had been received that an explosion had taken place in Shaft No. 6 of the aqueduct, and that a man working the elevator hoister had been knocked down and had become unconscious, but had later recovered. No other casualties had been reported, he said.

PRISON GUARD SHOT AS CONVICT ESCAPES

Tied to a Tree by Man's Two Accomplices and They Flee in a Buggy and Auto.

BLOODHOUNDS IN PURSUIT

Hundred Armed Men Also After Them —Prisoner's Friends Trick Iowa Warden Over the Telephone.

ANIMOSA, Iowa, Aug. 11.—An armed posse of a hundred men in automobiles is pursuing to-night in the timber belt west of Marion, Iowa, Charles Smitch, a convict, who with the aid of two unidentified companions escaped to-day after shooting William Humaker, a guard at the Iowa Penitentiary here, and then tying him to a tree.

The trio escaped in a buggy, which later was abandoned for an automobile. It is thought, however, that they may have abandoned the motor and taken to the dense woods, an ideal place in which to hide or to battle from. They are said to be well suplied with firearms.

Humaker probably will die, physicians say. He was shot in the stomach. Lashed to a tree, he suffered for some time before his cries finally brought aid.

Early to-day, while Smitch was working in a stone quarry two miles away from the prison, some one telephoned the Warden's office and asked permission to see the convict. The request was granted and Humaker was ordered to bring the prisoner to the Warden's office.

Half way to the prison Humaker was confronted by two armed men in a buggy. Before the guard could draw a revolver he was shot. Smiten and his friends then tied the wounded man to a tree, leaped into the buggy, and whipped the horse into a gallop and disappeared.

At Viola several hours later the escaping men hired an automobile, and with one of them at the wheel put on full speed and hastened toward the wooded country. The posse had little trouble in picking up the trail.

MARION, Iowa, Aug. 11.—Sheriff Loftus of Linn County sent bloodhounds from here late this afternoon to the wooded country eight miles west in pursuit of Smitch and his two companions. The convict and his friends were tracked to this timber, and their early capture is expected.

CALIFORNIA SHOCK SLIGHT.

Publishers and Officials Unite in Statement of Earthquake Facts.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.—The newspaper publishers of this city have issued a statement, under direction of the Panama-Pacific Exposition officials, regarding the earthquake shock of July 1, saying that investigation shows that absolutely no damage resulted to person or property.

The statement is supported by Hiram Johnson, Governor of California; Dr. Armin O. Leuschner, Professor of Astronomy and Director of the Students' Observatory, University of California; Sturla Einarsson, Instructor in Practical Astronomy, University of California; Prof. R. G. Aitken, Acting Director of the Lick Observatory; Nathaniel Ellery, State Engineer of the State of California; H. D. Connick, Chief Assistant to the City Engineer of San Francisco; the Rev. Jerome S. Ricard, S. J., Director Seismographic Station, Santa Clara College, Santa Clara, Cal., and Otto Von Geldern, Consulting Engineer and member of the Engineering Committee on the Earthquake of 1906.

In letters signed by the above named citizens the following facts are stated:

"It is not true that any death was occasioned, even remotely, by the shock of July 1. It is not true that anybody was even slightly injured as a direct or indirect consequence of the quake. It is not true that San Francisco was thrown into a state of panic or that a condition of public terror prevailed. It is not true that buildings were thrown out of plumb, that cornices were thrown down and plaster badly cracked. It is not true that business was paralyzed and public amusement suspended for the remainder of the day. It is not true that the shock was of long duration.

"The quake in San Francisco lasted perceptibly just twenty seconds. It was sharp, but it lacked destructive force and intensity. People did run out of crowded public places, such as stores and theatres, but they went back immediately. The interruption of business or of pleasure did not actually amount to five minutes."

FOUND DEAD IN MOUNTAINS.

J. C. De Marez Oyens, Netherlands Statesman, Was Missing Since Aug. 3.

GARMISCH, Upper Bavaria, Aug. 11.—Johannes Christiaan de Marez Oyens, former Secretary of State for the Netherlands, was found dead to-day in the mountains near here. Death was caused by heart disease. He had been missing since Aug. 3.

Herr de Marez Oyens was born in 1845. He was well known as a jurist and statesman.

BROTHER AIDS SISTER'S SUIT.

Breach of Promise Case Hangs on Previous Marriage Which Isn't Proved.

Special to The New York Times.

BRISTOL, Penn., Aug. 11.—In an effort to establish that the plaintiff in the $100,000 breach of promise suit of Elizabeth Regina Allen of New York City against William Jenkins Bruff of the same city has a husband living, testimony was taken here to-day before Franklin Gilkeson, acting as Commissioner for the New York Supreme Court.

James N. McGinley of this borough is a brother of Mrs. Allen, and it was his testimony that the defendant was anxious to get.

The suit was brought some months ago in New York. The defendant is a wealthy dealer in antiques, who, it is alleged by the plaintiff, promised to marry her within one day after his wife should die. Mrs. Bruff died Dec. 21 last, but Bruff failed to keep his promise, and hence the suit. Bruff sets up the defense that the Allen woman has a husband living, and it was hoped to establish this fact by means of the testimony of her brother here to-day.

Charles S. McKenzie and Walter F. Wood appeared for the defendant, and Henry Young and Morris V. Thelle for Mrs. Allen. Neither of the principals was present.

McGinley's testimony proved disappointing to the lawyers for the defense, as he declined to identify his sister as the woman named in the papers. He admitted, however, that he had a sister by the name of Regina, and that she was married several years ago. He professed to have forgotten the name of her husband entirely. He did say that he had been informed by his father that his sister's husband died some time ago.

This ended McGinley's testimony, and the next move is scheduled for the New York courts.

GIRL TAKES POISON IN PARK.

Dies in Bellevue—Was a Servant at Huntington, L. I.

A man who was walking in Central Park last night heard groans in the shrubbery near 106th Street. It was very dark, but the man was able to discern the form of a woman lying on the grass some distance from the walk. When he reached her side she said: "Oh, let me alone, let me die." The man found Patrolman Murphy, who called an ambulance from the Presbyterian Hospital.

While waiting for the ambulance, the woman said she was Gertrude Greenberg, 19, years old, a servant employed by a man named Goldstein, a dry goods merchant, living at Huntington, L. I. She refused to say why she wanted to die.

Soon after the arrival of Ambulance Surgeon Hall the young woman became unconscious. It was decided to rush her to Bellevue Hospital, where she was sent a prisoner in charge of Policeman Murphy. She died about twenty minutes after being admitted to Bellevue.

A white paper that had evidently contained the poison taken by the young woman was found near the walk.

LA FOLLETTE ATTACKS TAFT.

Asks Why Excuse for Vetoing Wool Bill Did Not Apply to Reciprocity.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 11.—Charging President Taft with inconsistency in his present attitude toward the Wool bill, Robert M. La Follette in his magazine will print to-morrow another editorial on the Taft policies. He will say:

'Word comes from the White House that President Taft will veto the Wool bill. Because—and it is the only excuse ofered to the public—because President Taft desires to wait for his Tariff Board to furnish him with a report upon which tariff revision downward, perhaps, very likely, unless something happens, may be based.

"But when before has the President shown the same solicitude for the findings of his Tariff Board? Did he when he framed his Canadian Tariff bill and demanded that Congress pass it without a change? What few facts the board did throw together for the occasion were trampled upon by the President. He discredited the work of his own experts when it was found not to lend support to his declarations. He repudiated time after time the figures of the board showing that there was, in fact, a difference in cost of production between Canada and the United States.

"What assurance have we that President Taft will accept the figures of the board on the woolen industry, in case they do not happen to suit his purpose?"

IT BEHOOVES

the Owner of a building enterprise to so handle that enterprise that the result shall substantiate rather than reflect upon his judgment.

And with this end in view, we respectfully maintain that he cannot do better than employ us.

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NEW DRESSMAKERS' CENTRE

In the short block between Madison and Fifth Avenues at 48th Street is being established the most fashionable centre for Dressmakers, Ladies' Tailors, and Milliners. Among those on the block are Redfern and Ward. The most attractive building in the block is

12 EAST 48TH STREET

where an elevator takes you to suites of 3 rooms and bath, renting for $1,300 to $1,400. Store with unusually fine show window $3,000.

Renting Agent on Premises.

Cannot Digest or Retain Food

MAN-A-CEA WATER

A Natural Mineral Spring Water.

(Not a Laxative Water.)

Sipped while taking food, Stops Nausea and corrects these conditions.

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Everybody uses it. The world depends on it. Have you telephones enough?

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F. CHAUVENET'S

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The Natural RED SPARKLING BURGUNDY of FRANCE

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

All coffee ills yield to well-made

Postum

Be sure it's well boiled.

The New York Times Weekly Financial Review provides information for investors in bonds and stocks. Movements on the Exchanges and Curb impartially recorded. Accurate quotation tables for reference. A mine of useful knowledge to stockholders and bankers and brokers. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a year. Strong binder to preserve the Review sent for One Dollar.—Adv.

Men's Mohair Suits for Business and Evening Wear

Made from Priestley's "Cravenette" English Mohair

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Cool—Comfortable—Dressy—Stylish

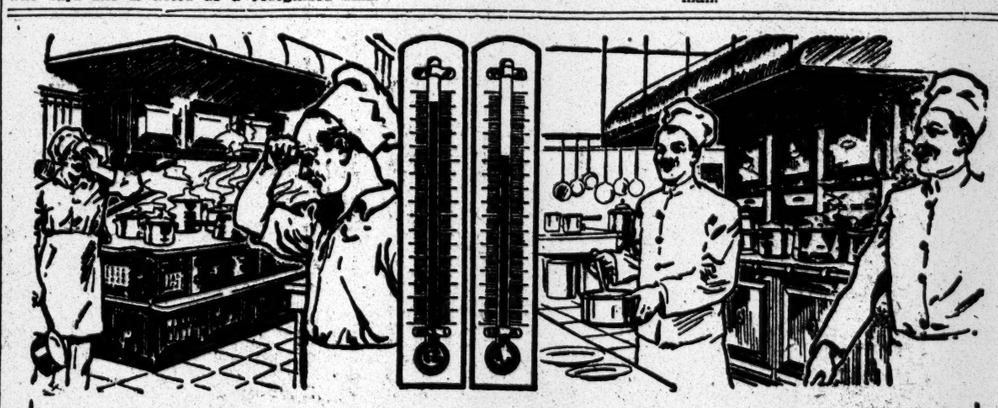
To Every Woman:

Hundreds of women have written to me for advice since I first began the publication of My Beauty Articles in The Globe two weeks ago. I am telling in The Globe every day how I made myself what people call beautiful and publishing all my favorite beauty recipes. I am also giving advice by mail and through the paper to all who want it. It will give me great pleasure to help you in any way I can. You will find my daily article in The Globe not only intensely interesting but of great benefit to you. Won't you look for it every afternoon?

Most cordially,

William Russell

P. S.—I have a full page in to-day's Globe on the care of the teeth, one of the most important details of a woman's toilette.



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FINDS NEW CHARTER A GRAFT PROMOTER

Deputy Controller Mathewson Says It Turns Loose City Money Without Audit or Check.

CONTRADICTS THE MAYOR

Controller Never Consented, He Says, to the Provisions Affecting His Office —A Means of Looting the Treasury.

Deputy Controller Douglas Mathewson, who is, Acting Controller during Controller Prendergast's absence in Europe, spoke of the curtailment of the Controller's powers under the proposed city charter last night at the City Club conference. He also addressed a letter to Mayor Gaynor, in which he questioned many of the statements made by the Mayor in his open letter to Frederick W. Hinrichs, particularly that Controller Prendergast had consented to the new charter provisions affecting his office.

Mr. Mathewson said that the proposed Charter provisions requiring the Board of Aldermen's concurrence in the issue of corporate stock would enable the Mayor and slightly more than one-third of the Aldermen to hold up any progressive work of the city. He particularly criticised Section 304 of the proposed Charter, which makes it obligatory for the Controller to sign warrants without "examination, audit, or certificate" in specified cases. He said in his letter to the Mayor:

> You and every other intelligent citizen will see at once that so far as an audit or check is concerned, the warrants for the enumerated purposes might as well be signed with a rubber stamp by the head office boy in the respective departments from which they emanate as by the Controller or his representatives. It is estimated by accountants in this department that the money which would thus be paid out without examination, audit, or certificate by the Controller and the payment of which might be enforced by mandamus would aggregate, approximately, $450,000,000 a year, or at least 95 per cent. of the city's average $466,000,000 cash disbursements of each year. That there is absolute necessity for the check on these particular disbursements which the proposed charter would abolish is evidenced by the fact that during my brief experience of twenty months in my present position, to my knowledge, the Controller on the exact voucher proposed to be exempted by this charter has refused payment to the extent of hundreds of thousands of dollars, and the Controller's refusal has been upheld by the court.

The matters exempted from the control of the Controller's audit, Mr. Mathewson said, included all expenditures by the Department of Health for the "cure and prevention of disease." He pointed out that this is the sole function of the Health Department, and this provision would exempt all the department's disbursements from audit.

Orders for supplies and services not contracted for in the open market were also exempted. Department heads can under this provision order anything, and the Controller may not inquire whether the goods are delivered or the services are performed, as he may now. The Corporation Counsel, an appointee of the Mayor, is given the absolute power to settle claims, and the Controller is also required under the new charter to pay the fees and disbursements of referees, special counsel, and experts in actions in which the city, or heads of departments may engage without any audit. The abuses permitted by this section, Mr. Mathewson said, were self evident.

Compensation for employes and officers passed by the Municipal Civil Service Commission, made merely an administrative board of the Mayor under the new Charter, must also be approved by the Controller without question.

"No better instrument for the loot of the City Treasury could be devised," asserted Mr. Mathewson after discussing the various exemption provisions. "This is a Charter not alone for the government of the City of New York under Mayor Gaynor, but under any Mayor. It is conceivable that we might have an undesirable citizen for Mayor. It is significant that after this provision for removing checks on disbursements the Charter omits the clause which permits the Commissioners of Accounts to initiate investigations 'for public good' and restricts their action purely to matters ordered investigated by the Mayor."

Papers three days old may be destroyed by the Mayor under the clause permitting the destruction of useless records, and this without a court record being made of the destruction, as is required under the present Charter, Mr. Mathewson said, and "It is easy to see how useful this would be to a corrupt official," the speaker observed.

Special exception was taken by Mr. Mathewson to that provision of the new charter which deprives the Controller of the right to pass on the Corporation Counsel's settlement of claims and suits against the city. On accident cases in 1907 the city paid out $240,000, and through the following years, after the city, under Controller Metz, instituted the system of investigating these matters from the Controller's office, the amount was steadily reduced to $83,000 in 1910.

Dr. William H. Allen of the Bureau of Municipal Research said the proposed charter's provision making the Commissioner of Charities the sole and unchecked disburser of the city's bounty to private charitable institutions would debauch the institutions and "invite them to debauch city officials." He said he felt sure that the Jewish charities of the city would rise and denounce this provision as sordid, unbusinesslike, and unethical. He said that the whole proposition was degrading to "religious, educational, and charitable bodies."

Miles M. Dawson analyzed the financial provisions of the proposed charter in their entirety. He said that the question before the voters and taxpayers of this city was whether they favored the increase or decrease of the care and caution now exercised over the city's expenditures. The proposed charter pronouncedly decreases this care and caution. This, he said, was exactly what investigators of the charter found was intended by its sponsors. Enormous revenues and sources of influence would be placed at the disposal of Tammany Hall for its own aggrandizement and profit, if the new charter were passed.

Mr. Mathewson suggested a sub-title for the charter, "An Act Amending the Charter of the City of New York in Order to Remove Restrictions on Graft."

DIX SEES SHAM BATTLE.

Hill Occupied by Him Is Captured by the Red Army.

PINE CAMP, N. Y., Aug. 11.—"Hog's Back," a hill occupied by Gov. John A. Dix and his staff and defended by the Blue army, was the object of a spirited attack by the Red forces in mimic warfare here this afternoon. The battle terminated when Brig. Gen. Lester and his Red forces turned the flank of the Blues and became victors.

With double lines of sentries posted about his tent, the Governor slept tonight beneath canvas on "Hog's Back." His tent, almost like that of Gen. Roe, commander of the camp, contains two apartments, one for sleeping and the other for an office, with an awning of canvas between. The Governor plans to leave the camp to-morrow morning.

This afternoon Gov. Dix reviewed the 5,000 troops, and this evening a reception was given in his honor by Gen. Roe, at which time he met the various officers on duty in the camp.

The troops will break camp to-morrow, the first detachment to leave at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon, and by Monday night the camp will again be deserted.

WHISKY BURNED IN STREET.

It Took Fire on an Auto Truck and Was Dumped Out.

An automobile truck, intrusted with the privilege of carting many barrels of whisky, was trundling along 117th Street yesterday morning with a load on. At Eighth Avenue the overheated engine started to blaze. Soon the flames were licking thirstily at one of the barrels, and after that it was only a moment before the whole truck was in flames. John Heinrich, the driver, had time only to spring to the alarm box and then drive his ear to the middle of the block before he had to abandon the seat.

The firemen played several streams of water upon the truck, and started unloading. As soon as a barrel reached the street it was opened, and the contents allowed to run down the gutters. Little flames, dropping from the truck splashed into the little lake that was accumulating there, and that flared up spectacularly. Water was flooded into the gutters, and in fifteen minutes the show was over.

During that brief period $800 worth of perfectly good whisky was consumed.

KILLED AND WIFE MISSING.

Greek Complained That She Had Threatened to Take His Life.

Christopher Anagnos, a Greek, was found dead, with a bullet wound in the right temple, in the rooms of his wife, from whom he had been separated, at 321 East Fifty-sixth Street, soon after noon yesterday. Neighbors heard a shot and the sound of some one running downstairs.

Policeman Schultz found a revolver on a dresser near where Anagnos lay. One cartridge in it had been exploded.

A general alarm has been sent out for Mrs. Anagnos. According to the police, Anagnos, when he was arrested for carrying a revolver two weeks ago, explained that he had just taken it from his wife, who had threatened to shoot him for not living with her.

ASK $20,000 FRESH AIR FUND.

Suffering Women and Children Would Get a New Lease of Life from It.

The New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor of 105 East Twenty-second Street has sent out an appeal to 30,000 persons for funds for fresh air and relief work. With the appeal are facsimiles of a few of the letters from persons living in the tenement districts.

Particular attention is called to one which describes the needs of a mother and her little children. Of the $12 a week the father earns $3 goes for the rent of four rooms. Investigation showed the mother worn-out, the children anaemic, all much in need of rest and fresh air. In another letter a young woman, whose husband earns only $10 a week, pleads for an outing for herself and baby. "I wish you can help me for baby's sake," she says.

"We still lack $20,000 to complete the $50,000 required for our fresh-air work this season," said R. Fulton Cutting, President of the association, yesterday. This will send to the seashore or the country 25,000 mothers and children for from one day to two weeks. We also help those babies and nursing mothers who are too sick to be taken to a fresh-air home. To date we have sent 2,800 persons to Sea Breeze for a week or more. The total of our day parties is now 12,635. We also have sent a number of worn-out bread-winners to the country to recuperate, besides supplying pure milk for sick babies.

MEYER AT CHATHAM DOCKS.

Inspects British Navy Yards, Shops, and Repairing Basins.

CHATHAM, England, Aug. 11.—The American Secretary of the Navy, George von M. Meyer, inspected dock yards and workshops here to-day accompanied by two Admiralty officers from Whitehall.

Mr. Meyer inspected particularly the repairing basins where the warships of all classes are being refitted. Later he motored to Admiralty House and lunched with Admiral Sir Charles Carter Drury and Lady Drury.

Declines $4,000 City Office.

John E. Smith, Secretary of the Republican General Committee of Kings County, who was turned down by the organization for the position of Elections Commissioner when the place was given to Jacob Livingston, Republican leader of the Twenty-second Assembly District in Brooklyn, refused yesterday to accept an appointment as auditor in the Finance Department at $4,000 a year. The place was offered to him by Controller Prendergast. Mr. Smith says he has decided to enter business life as President and general manager of the Van Dyck Engraving Company of Manhattan.

Parmly Estate at Rumson Sold.

RUMSON, N. J., Aug. 11.—Dalton Parmly, one of the heirs of the late Dr. Eleazer Borden Parmly of New York and Rumson, has bought the Parmly estate of 300 acres from the heirs for $225,000. The deal was closed in the New York office of Randolph Parmly, the head of the Executive Board of the Parmly estate. The property is a mile and a quarter deep and half a mile wide, and is intersected by the Rumson Road, Ridge Road, and the road to Red Bank. Besides the old homestead on Bingham Hill a number of cottages have been built on the bank of the North Shrewsbury.

EDUCATION BOARD CHANGES DENOUNCED

Payment of Members a Fatal Mistake, Say Experts of National Reputation.

SCHOOLS PREY OF POLITICS

Ex-President Eliot Criticises Financial Proposals of New Charter—President Humphreys and Dr. Judd Agree with Him.

Charles P. Howland, President of the Public Education Association, is receiving letters from all over the country warmly criticising the educational chapter of the proposed new charter for this city. Special fault is found with the proposal to have a paid Board of Education, and the writers unite in feeling that a misstep on New York's part would have evil consequences throughout the Nation.

Mr. Howland made public yesterday letters from ex-President Eliot of Harvard, President Humphreys of Stevens Institute, Prof. Judd, head of the Department of Education at the University of Chicago, and E. A. Winship, editor of the Journal of Education. In giving them out Mr. Howland simply states that "the iniquity of the educational chapter is too profound for the matter to be allowed to drop."

Emphasizing the question as one of National importance, Dr. Eliot writes:

"It would be a grave misfortune for all the city school systems in the country, if the State Legislature should force on the great City of New York the educational structure proposed in the new charter."

"The example of New York City is of such importance to the country in general," writes Prof. Judd, in explaining why he raises his voice in protest. He adds later, "The interests of all of us are involved in this New York legislation."

On the question of the wisdom of having a paid board, Dr. Eliot says:

"The proposal to pay large salaries to the seven members of the Board of Education seems to imply that these men are to give all their time to the service of the public schools, and to be themselves experts in education. Such has never been the quality or function of school boards in American cities. The members of such boards have been regarded as representatives of the whole body of citizens, selected by the popular vote to direct the administration of the public schools, and to determine in a general way the policies of the school management and the directions of school expenditure.

"Recent experience in large American cities—such, for example, as St. Louis and Boston—has demonstrated the success of small unpaid boards, elected at large, with a term of service for each member of from three to six years. It has been proved by actual trial that intelligent, high-minded, public-spirited men will serve in such boards without compensation, and will discharge their representative duty with efficiency and good judgment. The voters would, of course, be incompetent to select educational experts, but they can and do select successful men drawn from the higher walks of business and from the professions to serve on the new, small boards of education."

President Humphreys testifies to the same conviction. In his letter he says:

"My experiences convince me that many of the difficulties which have beset the teachers and Superintendents of the public schools of the United States have been due to political suggestion and influence. Of late years this harmful influence has been gradually lessening; it should not be allowed to renew its strength in the school system of the first city of America.

"The technical direction of the public schools should be in the hands of wise men trained in the profession of teaching, and paid accordingly. On the other hand, the control of the finances and the general direction can be intrusted more safely to men who are somewhat removed from the details, who have had a business training, who are in touch with the conditions outside of the school walls, and yet are in sympathy with all movements looking to the practical education of the masses.

"There should not be, and I feel sure there is, no real difficulty in securing a sufficient number of broadminded, hard-working, devoted men in New York City to serve without compensation, on such a Board of Direction. I will go further and say that I believe if a salary is attached to the office, many who would be willing and able to render effective service would refuse to take office. Unquestionably there would be many seeking the office who would not be disinterested in their policies."

The provision for a paid board is by no means the only provision with which the educators take issue. Dr. Eliot has this to say on the other features:

"The most remarkable things, however, proposed in this educational chapter are the reductions in the powers of the Board of Education itself. The board is to be compelled to appoint no Superintendents or directors of special branches except persons who have experience in the New York City schools. This will certainly prove to be a very crippling restriction.

"Again, the Board of Education is to have no independent income, such as so many mills on every dollar of valuation; but it is to be completely in the power of the Mayor and the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, so far as its receipts, and, therefore, its expenditures, are concerned. The Board of Estimate, therefore, by refusing money to the Board of Education could destroy any part of the existing school system, stop progress, and prevent improvements, and the Board of Education would not only be unable to predict its income, and, therefore, its expedient expenditures, but would be left helpless alike to prevent injuries and to procure improvements.

"It would, of course, be necessary to pay considerable salaries to members of a board placed in such a position. That the Board of Estimate and Apportionment is a political body, liable to frequent changes in its personal composition, would increase the disabilities of the Board of Education and make the position of its members well-nigh impossible for self-respecting persons."

Dr. Judd dislikes more than all else the proposed method of examining and appointing teachers. He thinks a change would be lamentable. The present plan, he says, is one of the best and most successful in operation in any great American city, and adds:

"Chief among the defects of the proposed plan is the method of examining and appointing teachers. The present plan in operation in New York City is one of the best and most successful in any great American city. To this part of the present educational machinery of New York is to be attributed the enormous advance which has been made in the last fifteen years. To break up the present plan is to go back to the Middle Ages.

"Second, the provision on which THE NEW YORK TIMES commented unfavorably some time ago for drawing supervisors solely from those who have had experience in New York City is a limitation upon New York's educational development of a type which cannot be justified on any known grounds."

Mr. Winship raises the most vigorous protest of all. "I am so amazed," he writes, "at the character of the proposed legislative intervention in the educational affairs in New York City that I cannot restrain myself from writing vigorously of my abhorrence that any one should propose such measures.

"I know at first hand, and from many visits, every city system in the United States, and those of the Provinces, and nowhere else is there anything so unprofessional, so un-American, so educationally repellent as the New York system would be under such a charter.

"Not only New York State," Mr. Winship concludes, "but all America and the whole civilized world will be horrified if such a calamity shall befall any American city, and most of all New York, which the outside world honors most."

THE "BLACK PRINCE" IS BACK.

International Thief Promises to be Good While in New York.

The "Black Prince" is in town again. That is the name that tradition has fixed upon a negro of suave manners and elegant appearance, whose reputation is as dark as his complexion, and whose skill and persistence as a professional pickpocket are known to the police of three continents. He refers to himself as Alfred Laxdale, Alfred Woods, or James Ragsdale, according to his convenience.

He has been abroad of late, and after dropping in on the coronation, and lunching, so he says, with Jack Johnson, he returned to New York to walk Broadway for the first time in five years. He limped a bit, for he picked up rheumatism among other things while he was in Europe. Detective McKenna was walking uptown with Lieuts. Gray and Cain yesterday morning, when he smiled a happy, reminiscent smile.

"As I live, the Black Prince," he chuckled, and the three hustled over to shake hands with the wanderer. "Now that you're back, Prince, you'll just have to come down to Headquarters and show yourself."

The Prince acquiesced calmly enough. He knew that there must be scores of younger detectives who had never had the pleasure of knowing him, and he did not protest when they took him where he could be looked over for future reference. Later Magistrate McQuade discharged him.

Laxdale is now 48. When he was young and nimble, he covered himself with a certain kind of glory by lifting $175,000 in one touch. It is one of his happiest memories. It was more than twenty years ago, in Australia, and the man who had the large roll had just won the Melbourne Cup. The Black Prince left him with nothing but the honor of his victory.

Since then he has been behind bars often. He got three years and ten lashes in Melbourne in 1888. Then came three sentences in Sydney, N. S. W. He was sent up at San Francisco for six months in 1896, and next year he was sentenced to seven months. That was in Sacramento. Subsequently, he was sentenced to short terms in San Francisco, Cincinnati, and St. Louis. Hoboken put him away for six months. New York imprisoned him twice, and he served a sentence in Boston. Then he went abroad for a change. He assured the detectives yesterday that he had no intention of plying his trade in New York any more. He prefers the European capitals, and will return to them.

The Prince always works in frock coat and silk hat, and he carries a gold-headed walking stick. His elegance yesterday included patent leather shoes, a purple shirt, and red neck tie.

FREE RIDES ARRANGED.

Charities Commissioner Will Issue Passes to Poor Children.

Charities Commissioner Drummond called at the office of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company yesterday to arrange the details of the plan by which free fares are to be given to poor children and invalids over the Subway routes to the Bronx and Van Cortlandt Parks.

It was decided to grant the free fares between 8 A. M. and 10 A. M. going to the parks and from 4 to 6 P. M. returning. Officers of charitable organizations which may wish to send their charges to the parks will be required, under the plan, to apply to Commissioner Drummond, who will issue a certificate, identifying the person in charge of the party with the number of excursionists under his charge and the proposed destination.

The offer will be limited to children under 14 years and to the inmates of charitable institutions. They will travel for the most part, it is thought, in rather large groups organized for "outing" purposes. Where the groups are large enough special trains will carry them direct from the starting point to the park selected without making any stops on the way.

Appeal for Picture Books.

The sick children in the Sisters' Hospital of St. Francis, at the foot of Seventh Avenue, are very much in want of picture books to help them pass the long hours. A visitor to the hospital appeals to readers of THE TIMES to send to the hospital books suitable for the little sufferers.

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NEWS OF BOOKS

Contents of The New York Times Review of Books Published with To-morrow's Times:

Ethics of Plagiarism
Also a few of the many instances of "borrowing" which have marked the progress of literature and science.

The Original of "Gretchen"
New controversy over the story of Goethe's Faust-like experience in student days.

Voyages With a Sailorman
Leaves from the interesting logbook of an English commander in many seas.

Life and the Newcomer—Death
It is the latter which has been the necessary accompaniment of evolution.

Criminal Law Across the Sea
The administration of justice in England and Wales by a barrister-at-law.

Murdering Our Mother Tongue
We are forgetting and beginning to deny that grammar is an exact science.

Leading Strings to Literature
Arnold Bennett's book for those who seek to acquire taste in reading.

From German Authors' Pens
New "confessions," novels, and dramas by the leading writers of the Fatherland.

What "Arizona" Used to Mean
Thrilling days that an army officer's wife spent there in the seventies.

The Man-Figure of Christianity
Prof. W. B. Smith's theories set forth in his new work, "Ecce Deus."

American Books London Praises
"Members of the Family," "The Long Roll," and "Queed" are in high favor.

Trailing With a Good Indian
The boy hero of Mr. Seton's story has many exciting adventures in the woods.

New York Literary Notes
Pagello's interesting journal about George Sand and de Musset—Many noteworthy volumes promised from the presses of the leadnig publishers—A wide range of titles in those announced.

Fifteen Years Among the Trees
Alfred Rehder's monumental volumes—Woman's absence from American affairs, as Maurice Low sees it.

BOOKS REVIEWED

Among the books which will be reviewed in to-morrow's NEW YORK TIMES REVIEW OF BOOKS are the following:

LINKS IN MY LIFE ON LAND AND SEA. By J. W. Gambier, Commander Royal Navy. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons.

AN IRISH BEAUTY OF THE REGENCY. Compiled from "Mes Souvenirs," the unpublished journals of the Hon. Mrs. Calvert, 1789-1822. By Mrs. Warrenne Blake. With frontispiece in photogravure and thirty-two other illustrations. New York: The John Lane Co. $5.

THE ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE IN CRIMINAL MATTERS IN ENGLAND AND WALES. By G. Glover Alexander, M. A., LL. M., of the Inner Temple and Northeastern Circuit, Barrister at Law. Cambridge University Press, 1911. One shilling.

RE BALDORIA: A Play. By F. T. Marinetti. Fratelli Treves, Milano, and MAFARKA IL FUTURISTA: A Novel.

PROGRESS OF PHYSICS DURING THIRTY-THREE YEARS, (1875-1908.) By A. Schuster. Cambridge University Press.

TO LOVE AND TO CHERISH. By Eliza Calvery Hall. Illustrated. Little, Brown & Co., Boston. $1.

JAPANESE POETRY. By Basil Hall Chamberlain. London: John Murray.

THE HISTORIC CHRIST IN THE FAITH OF TO-DAY. By William Alexander Grist. Revell & Co. $2.50.

FLOWERS FROM MEDIAEVAL HISTORY. By Minnie D. Kellogg. Illustrated. Paul Elder & Co., San Francisco. $1.50.

ARGENTINE PLAINS AND ANDINE GLACIERS. By Walter Larden, M. A. Illustrated. London: T. Fisher Unwin. Imported by Charles Scribner's Sons, $3.75.

AERIAL LOCOMOTION. By E. H. Harper and Allan Ferguson. With diagrams. Cambridge University Press. $1.

THE CONQUEST OF THE AIR. By Alphonse Berget. With illustrations and diagrams. Putnam's. $3.50.

THE PRINCIPLES OF AEROPLANE CONSTRUCTION. By Rankin Kennedy, C. E. With diagrams. New York: Van Nostrand. $1.50.

LITERARY TASTE AND HOW TO FORM IT. With detailed instructions for collecting a complete library of English literature. New York: George H. Doran Co. 75 cents.

LIFE AND DEATH. By A. Dastre. Translated by W. J. Greenstreet. Imported by Charles Scribner's Sons.

NONSENSE NOVELS. By Stephen Leacock. John Lane Co., New York. $1.

"ECCE DEUS." Die urchristliche Lehre des reingoettlichen Jesus. By William Benjamin Smith. (Eugen Diederichs, Jena, 1911.)

ROLF IN THE WOODS. By Ernest Thompson Seton. New York: Doubleday, Page & Co. $1.50.

VANISHED ARIZONA. By Mrs. Martha Summerhayes. Salem: The Salem Press. $1.60.

AMONG THE AUTHORS.

Frederic S. Isham has just completed his fourth trip around the world. He expects to spend the Summer in British Columbia. Harold MacGrath is pursuing his favorite Summer pastime, fishing, at Cape Vincent, N. Y. Mary Roberts Rinehart, with her three boys, is living in a big farmhouse at Aspinwall, Penn., about twenty miles from Pittsburg.

Max Pemberton, born forty-one years ago at Edgbaston, now a district of Birmingham, England, has upward of a score of novels to his credit. He was sent to school in London at the age of ten, and it was expected that he would ultimately enter the ministry. He decided, however, that writing, not preaching, was his true vocation. His first novel, "The Diary of a Scoundrel," was published in 1891.

W. B. Yeats, Joseph Conrad, the widow of the late John Davidson, and Thomas Whittaker are among recent recipients of civil list pensions in England.

H. Granville Barker, whose paraphrase of "Anatol," by Arthur Schnitzler, has just been published, was born in London, 1877, and made his first appearance on the stage at Harrogate, being at that time fourteen years of age. For six months he played with Miss Sarah Thorne's company, his first London engagement being as a "walking gentleman" under Charles Hawtrey. After playing in A. B. Tapping's stock company at Hastings, he toured with Ben Greet's Shakespeare contingent, and appeared in "Richard II" under the Elizabethan Stage Society. After touring with Mrs. Patrick Campbell and performing in costume plays, he became associated with Bernard Shaw through their mutual connection with the Incorporated Stage Society. Indeed, it was his "production" and stage management of the Shaw plays that made his reputation. He devotes as much care and skill to a commonplace "setting" as does Gordon Craig to one of intrinsic beauty. And in his own plays, such as "The Marrying of Ann Leete," "The Voysey Inheritance," and "The Madras House," this care for the unbeautiful is raised to the level of a cult. To the triple identities of actor, author, and producer he has added that of manager, being associated with J. E. Vedrenne in the famous Vedrenne-Barker matinées, and afterward in the successful repertory seasons at the Court. Together with William Archer he published a book on "A National Theatre," which is the groundwork upon which the proposed London Memorial Theatre is to be raised. In 1908 he married Miss Lillah McCarthy, one of the finest of modern actresses.

H. de Vere Stacpoole's knowledge of the sea and the tropics revealed in his latest novel, "The Ship of Coral," is the result of personal experience on a cable laying vessel. Dr. Stacpoole went on the trip shortly after he had determined that not medicine but literature was to be his career. The long months at sea left him with the passionate love for the ocean which permeates "The Blue Lagoon" and now makes itself felt again in "The Ship of Coral." As the son of an Irish father and a French mother, however, it is not remarkable that Dr. Stacpoole should possess a nature sensitive to beauty in every form. Originally intended for the medical profession he took his degree as a physician and then went to Paris to live. It was not long before he had decided that, in his own words, he "would rather write fiction on a crust than have the best practice in Harley Street." He began with one or two volumes on Paris as he saw it and a novel, which, though well received by the reviewers, did not attract much general attention. But with the appearance of "The Blue Lagoon" popularity came at once. Since then Dr. Stacpoole has written a number of romances, each of them differing widely in scene and theme. Thus, "The Blue Lagoon" is a tale of the South Seas, "The Crimson Azaleas" of Japan, "The Pools of Silence" of the forests of the Congo Free State. In "The Drums of War" he returns to civilization and writes a story of the Paris of the Second Empire in which there is a strong mystic element. His latest work, "The Ship of Coral" deals with the Caribbean and Martinique. In addition to these, which are all pure romance, Dr. Stacpoole is the author of two novels, "Patsy" and "Garryowen," which he himself describes as social comedies. Both deal with Ireland as it appears to an educated Irishman. At present Dr. Stacpoole is himself much of a Londoner, although his actual writing is always done in a cottage in the country.

Hamlin Garland, who has become Secretary to the Board of Directors of the Chicago Theatre Society, announces that the first season's plays given under the auspices of this society will be "joyous" in character. "It is the intention of the society," said Mr. Garland, "to give Chicago ten weeks of truly modern drama. Special attention will be given to the best English and American drama. It is the hope of the society that the people of Chicago may be brought to an appreciation of the real drama and turn aside from the frivolous so-called musical comedy." Mr. Garland's sympathy with the stage and stage people is attested by his novel "The Light of the Star," in which this subject stirs him as strongly as conservation in "Cavanagh" or psychic mystery in "The Tyranny of the Dark."

Lilian Bell, hitherto known as a writer for adults only, this Fall makes her debut as an author for children, in a fantasy, "The Runaway Equator," illustrated by Peter Newell. This recounts the adventures of Billy in search of the equator, which, just at a time when it was most needed on the job, ran away and melted up the northern hemisphere scandalously.

George Gibbs is at his home in Rosemont, outside of Philadelphia. He went to Colorado, and while out there became very much interested in the social side of mining and the way in which the interests there are controlled in New York. The background of his story, "The Forbidden Way," was acquired by that Summer visit in the Rocky Mountains. Like "The Bolted Door," the setting of this new story will be the social life in New York and Long Island, but the underlying theme will be the tremendous struggle on the part of Eastern capitalists to control a mine in the Far West.

Cleveland Moffet has left New York and taken refuge among the artists and writers at Twilight Park in the Catskills, where he has a Summer home. He is working upon his new novel, "The Unseen Hand," which will be issued shortly.

Henrietta Dana Skinner is the granddaughter of Richard Henry Dana, author of "Two Years Before the Mast." After she married Mr. Skinner they lived for a number of years in Detroit. Recently Mr. Skinner has retired from business, and Mr. and Mrs. Skinner and their son are spending a year in Europe, and are now in Switzerland. She is the author of "Espiritu Santo," a book that met with great success a decade ago. "Faith Brandon," to be published this Fall, is the story of a young American girl in Europe and describes her marriage to a Russian Prince.

James Luby, author of "The Black Cross Clove," has gone to the Catskills to spend his vacation. It is in this region that the scene of his recent novel, "The Black Cross Clove," is laid, though the characters include, besides rural types, New York artists and society folk. The author's portrayal of life in the mountains is realistic, and he has not descended to flattery in his delineation of character. Mr. Luby is one of a distinguished family, his father having been a well-known Irish patriot, while his brother was Capt. John Luby, U. S. N., who died about a month ago. Mr. Luby is a newspaper man of long experience, and is associate editor of The New York Sun.

Stewart Edward White, who went to Africa to hunt big game, after completing his latest book, "The Cabin," writes from the heart of the jungles that he has just bagged his eighth lion. The author's message was brief, reading: "Only three lions have ever been killed bigger than this, and they, beat him by only a few inches. This is No. 8 for me. S. E. W."

Henry Frank, the author of "Modern Light on Immortality," which is now appearing in its second edition, has been busy lecturing during the Summer and will shortly make an extended tour through the country. While giving himself to metaphysical and scientific work, he is putting the finishing touches on a sonnet-sequence, entitled, "The Story of America Sketched in Sonnets." The object he had in view was to seize on the salient events and conspicuous characters in American history, present them in sonnet form, and then append a series of copious notes, thereby giving a brief history of the Nation in prose and poetic setting. This is expected from the press this Autumn. His last book, just issued, is "Psychic Phenomena, Science, and Immortality," in which he argues that ghosts, apparitions, and telepathy may all be apprehended as radio-active phenomena without reference to spirits or the supernatural.

Frederick Orin Bartlett, author of "The Forest Castaways," running serially in St. Nicholas, divides his time between Cambridge, Mass., and a charming bungalow at Bridgton, Me. Much of his writing is done among the trees. Back of the Maine cottage there is a stretch of woods, four miles by five, unbroken except by wood roads.

Mrs. Sarah Beaumont Kennedy, the only woman writer of newspaper paragraphs in the South and author of "Cicely," a romance of the civil war, to be brought out in the Fall, spent several days in New York recently in consultation with her publishers. Her trip was a flying one because of the necessity for getting back on the job of writing political barbs.

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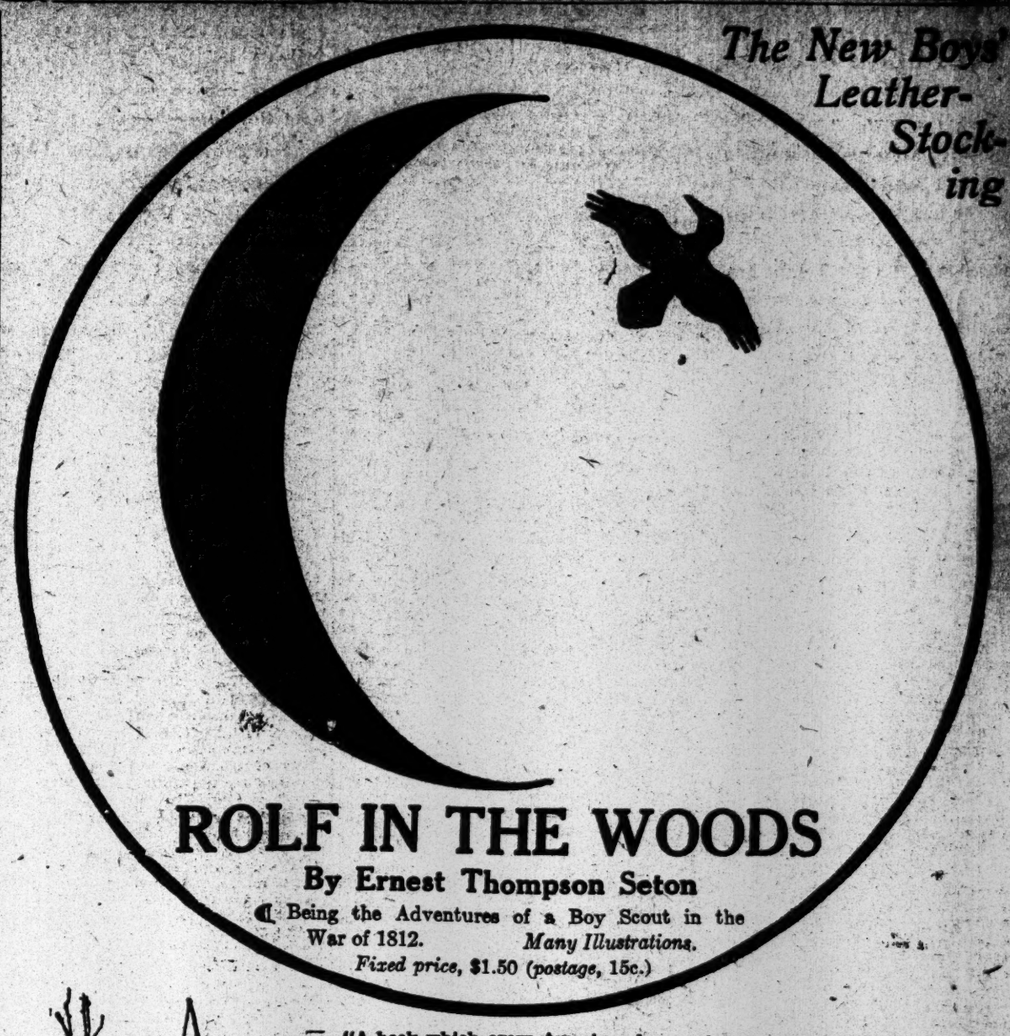

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"Big Six" Shows All His Old Cunning, Luderus Striking Out Four Times.

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Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	BB	SO	PO	A	E
Devore, lf	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Doyle, 2b	3	0	1	0	0	3	4	0
Snodgrass, cf	3	1	0	1	1	0	0	0
Murray, rf	4	1	3	0	0	1	1	0
Merkle, 1b	4	0	1	0	0	6	1	0
Herzog, ob	4	0	0	0	1	3	2	0
Fletcher, ss	2	1	2	0	0	3	2	0
Meyers, c	2	2	2	0	0	9	3	0
Wilson, c	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0
Mathewson, p	4	0	1	0	0	1	2	0
Total	31	6	12	1	2	27	15	0

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	H	BB	SO	PO	A	E
Bancroft, 2b	3	0	0	0	0	2	3	1
Paskert, cf	3	0	2	0	1	1	0	0
Dooin, c	3	0	0	0	0	7	1	0
Magee, 3b	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	0
Luderus, 1b	4	0	0	0	0	4	7	0
Titus, rf	4	0	1	0	0	1	3	0
Moran, lf	4	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Knabe, ss	4	0	2	0	0	0	4	2
Alden, c	3	0	1	0	1	4	3	0
Burns, p	3	0	1	0	0	2	0	4
Total	32	0	11	1	1	9	*23	11

*Murray called out in sixth inning and left third base before Fletcher's fly was caught.

Two-base hits—Fletcher. Home run—Wilson. Sacrifice hit—Paskert. Sacrifice fly—Doyle. Stolen bases—Devore, 2; Murray. Fire base on errors—New York, 3. Left on bases—New York, 6; Philadelphia, 8. Double plays—Doyle, Fletcher, and Merkle; Fletcher, Doyle, and Merkle; Knabe, Doolan, and Luderus. Struck out—By Mathewson, 9; by Burns, 2. Base on balls—Off Mathewson, 1; off Burns, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Burns, 1, (Meyers.) Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Johnstone. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes.

The sympathy brigade got quite a shock at the Polo Grounds yesterday when Christy Mathewson walked out to pitch against the Phillies. Instead of a decrepid, infirm old man, they saw the same old skillful "Big Six." A short time ago everything was fixed for "Matty's" trip to oblivion, except the funeral arrangements. It was whispered that all the steam and fadeaway tricks had left him. Wrong again.

The Giants tripped the Phillies and spilled them into the whitewash tub by a score of 6 to 0. New York was spirited and active in the field and gave Matty fine support. The Phillies hit him some in every inning except one, but they could never bunch more than two at a time. With men on the bases, Matty had the enemy banqueting from his lily white.

"Home run" Luderus was Matty's easiest victim, and he whiffed four times in a row. The slugger reached and hammered for the curves that looped around his bat, but he could not connect. The veteran boxman didn't start to pitch until Phillies tarried on the corners. Then he had speed galore and control which made the ball jump up, roll over, and play dead. Matty fairly teased the corners of the plate, while the Phillies looked on with the open-eyed amazement of a boy seeing his first circus parade.

Against the Giants was Bill Rip Van Winkle Burns. Bill was slammed at opportune times, but his work was badly marred by the nervous support of his teammates. Burns worked in the box as if he was going to fall asleep at any moment, and when grounders were rolled in his direction, he haughtily tried to make them jump up into his hand by hypnotic influence. It didn't work.

The crippled Phillies are not the ambitious bunch that earlier in the season were perched screamingly on the pennant heights. With Charley Dooin out and "one round" Magee in the background, the team isn't displaying a high standard of ball. The first two runs the Giants got were in the form of a gift from Doolan, who tried to see how far he could throw the ball over the new right field stand. Ragged support played a part in some of the other Giants runs, too. Several of the Phillies' hits were scratchy, and not one for an extra base. Just to rub it in, Arthur Wilson, who succeeded Meyers in the eighth inning, smashed the ball into the left field bleachers for a home run.

Devore singled in the first inning and stole second and third. Then he was nailed at the plate after Snodgrass grounded to Burns. Snodgrass went around to third on Murray's hit, and "Red" stole second standing up. Merkle whisked a grounder at Doolan, who threw the ball high over Luderus's head, and Snodgrass and Murray scored.

Two more good runs came in the second inning. Fletcher cracked a hit to right which Titus let slip away from him, and the runner went to second. Meyers hit to right field, scoring Fletcher. Mathewson went out to Luderus. Devore banged a hot liner at Doolan and the ball was thrown to second to catch Meyers off the bag. Knabe dropped the throw, so the Indian got a life. He scored on Doyle's single through second.

In the seventh inning Meyers hit to centre field and went to third on Matty's safe drive to right. Devore rolled an easy grounder to Burns, but he was too tired to pick it up, so the bases were filled. Doyle's sacrifice fly scored Meyers. Then Burns buckled down to work and pulled the team out of a hole. He fanned Snodgrass, and Murray singled to left, filling the bases again. Merkle drove a long fly to Paskert and ended the inning.

Wilson scored the last run in the eighth inning, when he hit into the bleachers for a home run.

A crowd of 8,000 saw the game, and after the contest stood around and took a good look at the massive stand that is going up. Work isn't anywhere near finished on the big structure, although the upper deck steel work is nearly finished and part of the roof is on. All the lower boxes have been finished and furnished with new red chairs.

FEEDING OUT OF MATTY'S HAND.

Giants have got to beat the Phillies a good many more times to get square. The Quakers have taken ten out of fourteen games.

Matty says he can pitch as well as ever, but baseball luck has been breaking against him.

Horace Fogel would think just as much of President Lynch if Magee had been reinstated for this series. No, he isn't sore.

Ought to have a Morris chair near the box for Burns to rest in between throws.

Meyers was unusually fast. He nailed every runner who tried to steal and hit the ball hard. Besides that he caught a good game.

Paskert and Lobert tried a double steal in the first inning. Paskert was willing to run all right, but didn't know what direction to take. He was so slow that Meyers hustled all the way out to second base and ran him down going to third.

The Phillies, minus Dooin and Magee, are very much shot to pieces—too many errors.

They hit almost as hard as the Giants, but the Quakers can't behave on the base paths like McGraw's men.

Artie Latham was again in good voice. But I can't tell whether he says "Fight 'em" or "Hit 'em."

Pirates Win in Last Inning.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Aug. 11.—Pittsburgh made a ninth-inning finish here to-day and defeated Cincinnati by 5 to 1. Suggs pitched great ball up to the ninth inning, while Adams was effective with men on bases after the first inning. In the ninth Clarke singled and Carey sacrificed him to second. Wagner was purposely walked, and Miller singled, scoring Clarke. McKechnie fouled out, but Wilson drove a home run to right field, scoring Wagner and Miller ahead of himself. Score:

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b	4	0	0	1	3
Clarke, lf	4	1	1	2	0
Carney, cf	3	0	0	4	0
Wagner, ss	2	1	1	1	5
Miller, 2b	3	1	1	2	4
McK'e, 1b	4	0	0	9	1
Wilson, rf	3	1	1	1	0
Gibson, c	3	1	1	4	2
Adams, p	3	0	1	0	2
Total	30	5	6	27	13

CINCINNATI	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bescher, lf	4	1	2	1	0
Bates, cf	2	0	0	3	0
Hob't'l, 1b	4	0	0	10	1
Mitch'l, rf	4	0	2	1	0
Downey, ss	4	0	1	2	2
Egan, 2b	3	0	0	2	4
Esm'd, 3b	4	0	1	2	3
Mal'ne, c	3	0	1	4	3
Suggs, p	3	0	0	0	1
Total	32	1	8	27	11

Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5—5
Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 3; Cincinnati, 7. Two-base hit—Adams. Three-base hit—Bescher. Home run—Wilson. Sacrifice hits—Bates, Carey. Stolen bases—Bates, Bescher. Double plays—Downey and Hobitzell; Esmond, Egan and Hobitzell. Struck out—By Adams, 2; by Suggs, 4. Bases on balls—Off Adams, 2; off Suggs, 4. Wild pitch—Adams. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Day.

Rochester Gets "King" Brockett.

Management of the New York American Baseball Club announced to-night that Brockett had been unconditionally released to the Rochester Eastern League Club. Brockett played a game last Saturday.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 6; Philadelphia, 0.
Boston, 6; Brooklyn, 3.
Pittsburgh, 5; Cincinnati, 1.
St. Louis at Chicago—Rain.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Washington, 3; New York, 1.
Washington, 3; New York, 2.
(Eleven innings.)
Philadelphia, 10; Boston, 5.
Boston, 4; Philadelphia, 3.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Montreal, 11; Jersey City, 9.
Rochester, 2; Providence, 0.
(Ten innings.)
Newark, 4; Buffalo, 1.
Baltimore, 3; Toronto, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	60	37	.620	St. Louis	56	45	.554
Pittsburgh	62	39	.614	Cincinnati	45	54	.455
New York	59	40	.596	Brooklyn	38	62	.380
Philadelphia	57	44	.564	Boston	23	79	.226

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	68	37	.648	Cleveland	53	53	.500
Detroit	66	39	.629	Chicago	51	52	.493
Boston	55	52	.514	Washington	44	63	.411
New York	54	53	.505	St. Louis	31	73	.298

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	70	38	.648	Montreal	47	56	.456
Baltimore	67	40	.627	Jersey City	43	59	.416
Toronto	68	43	.613	Newark	41	65	.387
Buffalo	50	55	.476	Providence	40	69	.367

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia at New York.
Brooklyn at Boston.
Pittsburgh at Cincinnati.
St. Louis at Chicago.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Washington.
Boston at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Cleveland.
Chicago at Detroit.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Montreal at Jersey City.
Buffalo at Newark.
Rochester at Providence.
Toronto at Baltimore.
(Two games.)

BURK TOSSES GAME AWAY.

Brooklyn Pitcher Forces In Two Boston Runners by His Wildness.

BOSTON, Aug. 11.—Burk's wildness in the fifth inning, when Boston scored four runs, two of which were forced in by Burk's passes with the bases full, gave Boston to-day's game with Brooklyn, 6 to 3. Managers Tenney and Dahlen were ordered from the field after arguments with Umpire Brennan. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sw'n'y, 2b	4	0	0	3	3
Bris'l, ss	4	1	2	2	2
Jackson, lf	2	1	1	0	3
Donlin, cf	4	0	0	3	0
Miller, rf	2	2	0	2	0
Ing'm, 1b	3	2	2	10	0
M'D'n'd, 3b	3	0	0	1	0
Kling, c	4	0	2	6	2
Brown, p	3	0	0	0	4
Total	29	6	7	27	11

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tooley, ss	4	0	1	2	2
Daub't, 1b	2	1	0	11	0
Wheat, lf	4	0	0	4	1
Hum'l, 2b	2	0	1	4	5
Dav'd'n, cf	3	0	0	0	0
Coul's'n, rf	4	1	0	1	0
Zim'r'n, 3b	3	0	1	1	1
Erv'n, c	3	1	2	5	1
Burk, p	1	0	0	0	0
Schidt, p	0	0	0	0	0
Ragon, p	0	0	0	0	0
*Berger	1	0	0	0	0
†Stark	1	0	0	0	0
Total	28	3	5	24	12

*Batted for Schardt in eighth inning.
†Batted for Zimmerman in ninth inning.
Errors—Sweeney, Donlin, Kling, Tooley.

Boston	0	0	0	2	4	0	0	0	0—6
Brooklyn	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0—3

Two-base hit—Ingerton. Hits—Off Burk, 6 in 4 2-3 innings; off Schardt, 1 in 2 1-3 innings; off Ragon, none in 1 inning. Sacrifice hits—Donlin, Burke. Stolen bases—Johnson, Humell. Double play—Tooley, Hummel and Daubert. Left on bases—Boston, 5; Brooklyn, 4. First base on balls—Off Burk, 6; off Brown, 4. Struck out—By Burk, 2; by Brown, 6. Wild pitch—Burk. Time of game—Two hours. Umpire—Mr. Brown.

MAGEE BACK IN FOLD.

President Lynch Lifts Suspension of Philadelphia Ball Player.

Sherwood Magee, outfielder of the Philadelphia National League Baseball Club, has had his suspension lifted, and will be allowed to get into the game again with his club when the Philadelphians resume play on their home field next Wednesday. President Lynch of the National League made this announcement last night, at the same time giving out a letter he had forwarded to Magee, in which the temporary character of the reinstatement is emphasized. The player's future good behavior will be the determining feature. President Lynch says:

"Magee was indefinitely suspended last month as a result of his assault on Umpire Finneran during a game with St. Louis in Philadelphia on July 10. Later the period of the suspension was fixed as the remainder of the playing season."

President Lynch's letter to Magee raising the suspension is as follows:

Mr. Sherwood R. Magee, Member Philadelphia Baseball Club, Philadelphia, Penn.:

Dear Sir: After very careful consideration of your case, I have decided to lift your suspension temporarily and return you to good standing. This reinstatement will date from the time your club returns home—namely Wednesday, Aug. 16—and it will depend solely on your good behavior whether or not this reinstatement shall be permanent. I trust you will see to it that it is. Yours truly,

T. J. LYNCH, President.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Jersey City.

	R.	H.	E.
Montreal	2	2	0
Jersey City	0	0	1

Montreal	0	0	3	0	1	1	1	1	1—11	15	2
Jersey City	0	0	0	1	0	2	6	0	0—9	10	1

Batteries—Burke, Dubuc, and Roth; Jones, Justus, and Tonneman. Umpires—Messrs. Guthrie and Murray.

At Newark.

	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	1	0
Newark	4	9	2

Buffalo	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—1	9	1
Newark	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	1—4	9	2

Batteries—Stroud, Taylor, and Killifer; Holmes and Cady. Umpires—Messrs. Halligan and Killen.

At Providence.

	R.	H.	E.
Rochester	2	5	1
Providence	0	3	1

Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0—2	5	1
Providence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1	3	1

Batteries—McConnell and Jacklitsch; Lavender and Peterson. Umpires—Messrs. Doyle and Byron.

At Baltimore.

	R.	H.	E.
Toronto	2	8	2
Baltimore	3	5	3

Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—2	8	2
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0—3	5	3

Batteries—Rudolph and Phelps; Vickers, Dygert, and Egan. Umpires—Messrs. Kering and Hart.

Hayes Is Clay Court Champion.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 11.—Walter T. Hayes of Chicago to-day won the Clay court tennis championship of the United States, and incidentally gave every evidence of still retaining the skill which has characterized his game in former years. He beat Percy Siverd of Pittsburgh in the final round, and with the victory goes the championship, as Melville H. Long of San Francisco, the title holder, will not appear to defend the cup.

The final round in the doubles went to J. H. Winston and H. G. Whitehead of Norfolk, who defeated Harvey and Paul McQuiston of New Orleans after the hardest fought match in doubles during the tournament. The final score, 7—5, 6—2, 2—6, 6—4, 9—7, is the best evidence of the struggle. To-morrow the Virginia pair will play Walter T. Hayes of Chicago and F. G. Anderson of Brooklyn, the title holders in doubles, for the championship.

Profanity at Newark Games Scored.

Judge Simon Hahn in the Third Precinct Police Court, in Newark yesterday, condemned the conditions at the baseball park of the Newark Eastern League Club, which he declared such "that ladies were prevented from attending the games because of the profane and obscene language used." The Judge was emphatic in declaring that rowdyism at the park must be stopped. He added that ball players were not above the law, no matter what provocation might beset them. Tron Man" McGinnity, President and Manager of the club, was present and heard the Court's ultimatum. McGinnity appeared as complainant against Lawrence Pierre, who was charged with creating a disturbance following a game last Saturday.

YANKEES DROP TWO GAMES TO SENATORS

Light Batting Marks New Yorks' Work Against McAleer's Hustling Nine.

THE SCORES.
FIRST GAME.

Washington	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

WASHINGTON.

	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Milan, cf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Schaefer, 1b	4	0	1	8	0	0
Elberfeld, 2b	4	0	1	3	2	0
Gessler, rf	3	1	1	1	0	0
C. Walker, lf	4	1	3	1	0	0
McBride, ss	3	0	1	2	6	0
Conroy, 3b	3	0	1	0	1	0
Street, c	3	0	0	2	11	1
Johnson, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Total	31	3	8	11	27	12

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Wolter, rf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Hemphill, cf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Chase, 1b	4	0	0	7	1	0
Cree, lf	3	0	1	2	0	0
Knight, ss	3	0	0	3	2	0
Hartzell, 2b	4	0	1	2	1	0
Gardner, 2b	3	0	0	1	3	0
Sweeney, c	3	0	0	5	2	0
Quinn, p	3	0	0	0	1	0
Total	31	1	4	24	10	0

Two-base hits—Cree, Gessler, Conroy, Street. Stolen bases—Milan, Gessler, C. Walker, Knight. Double plays—Gardner and Chase; Knight, Chase, and Hartzell. Left on bases—Washington, 4; New York, 5. Bases on balls—Off Johnson, 1; off Quinn, 1. Hit by pitcher—Knight by Johnson. Struck out—By Johnson, 10; by Quinn, 4. Wild pitch—Johnson. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Evans.

SECOND GAME.

Washington	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1—3	8	0
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0	5	1

WASHINGTON.

	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Milan, cf	4	1	1	3	0	0
Schaefer, 1b	3	0	1	14	0	0
Cunningham, 2b	2	1	2	1	5	0
Gessler, rf	2	0	0	4	0	0
C. Walker, lf	4	0	0	2	0	0
McBride, ss	4	0	0	3	3	0
Conroy, 3b	3	0	0	4	4	0
Ainsmith, c	3	0	0	2	2	0
Hughes, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
*Lelivelt	1	1	1	0	0	0
†Cashion	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	3	5	33	16	0

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Wolter, rf	5	0	0	2	0	0
Hamphill, cf	5	1	1	2	0	0
Chase, 1b	5	0	1	9	0	0
Cree, lf	3	0	2	3	0	0
Knight, ss	4	0	0	1	4	1
Hartzell, 3b	4	0	0	1	2	0
Gardner, 2b	4	0	1	3	3	0
Blair, c	3	1	1	8	2	0
Caldwell, p	4	0	1	0	1	0
Total	37	2	7	32	14	1

*Batted for Ainsmith in eleventh inning.
†Batted for Hughes in eleventh inning.
‡Two out when winning run was scored.

Two-base hits—Cree, Blair. Three-base hit—Lelivelt. Home run—Cunningham. Sacrifice hit—Blair. Stolen bases—Milan, (2,) Conroy. Sacrifice fly—Gessler. Double plays—Gardner and Chase; Conroy, McBride, and Schaefer. Left on bases—Washington, 2; New York, 3. Bases on balls—Off Hughes, 1; off Caldwell, 3. First base on error—Washington. Hit by pitcher—Gessler, by Caldwell. Struck out—By Hughes, 1; by Caldwell, 6. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Egan.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 11.—Manager Hal Chase and his Yankees dropped a double-header to the Senators here to-day—3 to 1 and 3 to 2.

Walter Johnson, who has long been the hoodoo of the Yankees, served them over in the first game, and Chase's athletes never had a look in. Johnson had terrific speed and good breaking curves. It was too much Johnson, sure enough.

Jack Quinn was Manager Chase's choice to oppose the speed king, and Jack was pounded in the first session for three runs. After this he kept the hits well scattered, although sensational fielding on the part of Knight and Gardner saved the Yanken heaver on several occasions.

In the second battle Ray Caldwell was on the firing line for the New Yorks, and, while he was touched for one less hit than Tom Hughes, he made a fatal mistake in the eleventh inning and passed the wrong man. Ray twirled a great game, allowing the Senators only six swats, two of which came in the eleventh inning.

Birdie Cree was the leading slugger of this battle, the fast left fielder being the only Yankee to get more than one hit off the veteran Tom Hughes. Birdie also made two great catches. The one off Schaefer's bat in the third inning saved a run. But the greatest play of the day came in the tenth round. Earl Gardner was playing in close for Doc Gessler, and Doc poled a line drive toward the right-field fence. Earl went up in the air like a rocket and grabbed the ball.

Knight, Blair, and Manager Chase played their usual brilliant game.

The Yankees made their only run in the opening round of the first game. Wolter, the lead-off man, whiffed at three, but "Gabby" Street could not hold the ball, and Harry went to first. Charley Hemphill then struck out, and Chase went out via the Conroy-to-Schaefer route. Birdie Cree, the fast boy of the outfit, poled out a neat double to right and run No. 1 for the Yankees was over the pan.

In the fourth session, with two down, Knight was hit and Hartzell singled to centre. Gardner than slammed a hot one over second base, but Kid Elberfeld was there, and by a great stop and throw he beat Earl to first base. This was the nearest the Yankees came to scoring again in the first game, except in the sixth round.

In the sixth Hemphill led off with a single to centre, but Chase forced him at second. Cree then drew four wide ones and walked. Jack Knight hit a hard bounder to McBride and the Senators' Captain forced Cree at second, Chase going to third on the play. Then on an attempted double steal Chase came home, but failed to touch the plate, and Street put the ball on him ten feet from the pan. This was almost a run.

Wolter opened the eighth session with a single to left, but Harry died when he attempted to steal on Street. Not a man stole on Street or Sweeney, and not an error was made on either team.

The Senators made all their runs in the opening session. Milan led off with a clean single to centre, and Schaefer flied out to Cree. Elberfeld then dumped a bunt along the third-base line, which Hartzell threw to Chase, making two out and Milan resting on second.

Doc Gessler then slammed out a double, scoring Milan. C. Walker singled and stole second, and McBride slapped a safety to right, sending Gessler and Walker over the pan. McBride died trying to steal. A fast double play, Gardner to Chase, killed the Senators in the second.

From then on they were never dangerous.

Washington opened the second game with a rush, Milan duplicating his trick of the first contest by meeting the first ball pitched for a single. He promptly stole second. Schaefer walked, and when Cunningham forced Germany at second Milan went to third. Gessler hit a high fly to Hemphill, and Milan scored. In the fourth Bill Cunningham signalized his return to the game by sending one of Ray Caldwell's shoots to the centre-field fence for a home run.

With two down in the fifth, Blair doubled to left, and crossed the pan with the Yankees' first run when Caldwell singled to right. Ray died, Ainsmith to McBride.

After Wolter had fanned in the sixth Hemphill singled to left. Chase followed this with a single and Cree walked, filling the bases. Knight hit a hard bounder to Conroy, who touched Chase. Hemphill crossing the pan with the tying run on this play. Hartzell then flew out to Milan. The Yankees had a chance to win the game in the ninth, but a [illegible] play, Conroy to McBride to Ainsmith, and Jack tripled to [illegible] field fence. Manager McAleer [illegible] Jay Carl Cashion, his recruit [illegible] twirler, but Ray Caldwell [illegible]

Manager Chase. Caldwell [illegible]

Blair, and took Knight home. [illegible] at this stage of the proceedings, and as a result of this confab Clyde Milan was purposely walked and Caldwell decided to take a chance on Germany Schaefer. The rejuvenated first sacker of the Senators spoiled the dope by sending the first ball pitched into left for a single, winning the game.

Athletics Win, Then Lose to Boston.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 11.—Philadelphia broke even with Boston in a double-header here to-day. The home team won the first game by hard hitting, by 11 to 5, and Boston landed the second contest, 4 to 3, by bunching hits in three innings. Hendrickson, formerly of the Brockton, Mass., Club, made his American League debut and did excellent work. Speaker and Williams of Boston and E. Collins of Philadelphia were put out of the second game for disputing decisions, the latter being benched at the close of Boston's half of the ninth inning. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Lord, lf	4	2	3	3	1	0
Strunk, cf	3	1	1	1	1	0
Collins, 2b	3	1	2	2	0	0
Baker, 3b	3	0	0	2	1	0
Murphy, rf	4	1	2	1	0	0
M'Innes, 1b	4	1	2	7	1	0
Barry, ss	2	1	0	3	5	0
Thomas, c	4	1	1	4	1	0
Bender, p	4	2	1	2	4	0
Total	35	11	15	27	13	0

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	P	O	A
H'd'k'n, rf	5	0	3	2	1	0
Engle, 1b	5	1	1	7	0	0
Speaker, cf	5	0	0	2	0	0
Gard'r, 2b	4	0	2	2	3	0
Carr'g'n, c	1	1	1	3	2	0
Will'ms, c	2	0	0	0	2	0
Wagn'r, 2b	4	0	2	2	3	0
Yerkes, ss	4	2	1	3	4	0
Rigg'rt, lf	4	1	1	1	1	0
Wood, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
McHale, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Ciotte, p	2	0	1	1	1	0
Total	38	5	12	24	15	0

Errors—Speaker, Williams (2,) Wagner, McInnes, Barry.

Philadelphia	2	3	3	2	0	0	0	1	—11
Boston	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	0—5

Two-base hits—Wagner (2,) Lord (2,) Collins, Engle, Yerkes, Hendricksen. Three-base hits—Collins, Gardiner. Home run—Riggert. Sacrifice hit—Strunk. Stolen bases—Baker (2,) McInnes, Barry, Strunk. Struck out—By Wood, 1; by Bender, 3. Double plays—Strunk and Baker; Lord and Thomas; Wagner and Engle. First base on errors—Boston, 2; Philadelphia, 1. Left on bases—Boston, 7; Philadelphia, 6. First base on balls—Off Wood, 1; off McHale, 2; off Ciocotte, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Bender (Carrigan.) Pitchers' record—Off Wood, 8 hits and 18 times at bat in 2 innings, (none out in third;) off McHale, 5 hits and 11 times at bat in 2 innings, (none out in fifth;) off Ciocotte, 2 hits and 11 times at bat in 4 innings. Time of game—Two hours and twenty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Mullin.

SECOND GAME.

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	P	O	A
H'd'son, rf	4	0	1	2	0	
Engle, 1b	3	0	0	4	2	
Speaker, cf	0	0	0	2	1	
Carrig'n, c	3	0	1	2	0	
Gard'r, 2b	3	0	1	2	2	
Baker, 3b	3	0	0	2	0	
Carr'g'n, lf	3	1	1	3	0	
Wagn'r, ss	4	0	1	2	5	
Yerkes, ss	1	0	0	0	0	
Wood, p	0	0	0	0	0	
Ciotte, p	3	0	0	0	2	
Total	31	1	4	21	12	

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Lord, lf	3	0	0	1	0	
Oldring, cf	3	0	1	1	1	
Strunk, cf	0	0	0	2	0	
Collins, 2b	3	0	0	2	1	
Baker, 3b	3	0	0	1	2	
Murphy, rf	3	0	0	0	0	
McInnes, 1b	4	0	3	6	0	
Barry, ss	4	0	0	1	2	
Thomas, c	4	0	2	9	4	
Krause, p	1	1	1	0	2	
†Hartsel	1	0	0	0	0	
‡Lapp	1	0	0	0	0	
Coombs	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	31	3	10	27	13	

*Batted for R. Collins in the fifth inning.
†Batted for Krause in fifth inning.
‡Batted for Oldring in eighth inning.
‡Batted for Danforth in ninth inning.
Errors—Hendrickson, Lord.

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The New York Times.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY. Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y. Address all communications THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....263 West 125th Street
Bronx.....149th St. and Bergen Av.
Brooklyn.....343 Fulton Street
Long Island City.....17 Vernon Av.
Jersey City.....413 Fuller Building
Hoboken.....94 Hudson St.
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Subscription Rates—by Mail, Postage Paid.

DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week	$0.17
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TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50)	1.00

To Foreign Addresses—Daily and Sunday, $1.05 per month. Daily, $1.35 per month.
To Canadian Addresses—Daily only, 50c. per month; Daily and Sunday, 90c. per month.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUG. 12, 1911.

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MR. ASQUITH'S TRIUMPH.

Once more the British Constitution has been materially changed, without revolution, without bloodshed, and to the satisfaction of the great body of the people. The Liberal Prime Minister has obtained a triumph unequaled in British political history since the passage of the Reform Bill. The House of Lords maintains its integrity, though, by the will of the people, somewhat shorn of its powers. Through the loyalty and wisdom of some of its most influential members, allied with the Opposition Party, the country has been spared the enforced appointment of some hundreds of new peers to carry out the people's will, which is, inevitably, the will of the sovereign. The followers of the uncompromising old aristocrat, Lord HALSBURY, made their stand, bravely enough, against the inevitable, but to no avail. With HALSBURY the Dukes of NORFOLK, LEEDS, MARLBOROUGH, NEWCASTLE, NORTHUMBERLAND, SOMERSET, and WESTMINSTER voted. They would have been better advised if they had refrained from voting, like the Marquis of LANSDOWNE and his immediate followers, and permitted the ex-Lord Chancellor to lead his forlorn hope alone. A strange representative of the ancient, uncompromising aristocratic spirit is the Earl of HALSBURY, who in personal appearance resembles the principal comedian of the Gaiety Theatre's nonsensical plays, and in manners recalls Justice Shallow. Some one once said that the Marquis of SALISBURY disliked Mr. JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN because the Birmingham statesman was "no gentleman." How, then, does he get along so well with Lord HALSBURY? was the reply.

Besides HALSBURY, Lord ROSEBERY, whose course is ever erratic, distinguished himself in the last hour of debate. He voted for the bill, but denounced Mr. ASQUITH'S Government for having misled "a young and inexperienced King." He also predicted the repeal of the law at some future date. There is a yellow streak in ROSEBERY, which accounts for his failure to hold the position his large talents would otherwise have secured to him, as the foremost British statesman of his hour. King GEORGE is 46 years old, and has been trained to kingship since his boyhood. The idea that he has been unduly coerced by his Prime Minister is preposterous. In promising the appointment of new peers if the Government should need them he did no more than his plain duty. Of course, Lord ROSEBERY does not expect that the English people will believe that their sovereign has been unduly influenced.

As for the threat that a Conservative Government in the future will restore to the Upper House its full veto power, that is utterly idle. Great Britain does not go backward. The rejection of the Lloyd-George budget by the peers precipitated a dangerous crisis. The budget had the approval of the country. The new land taxes for which it provided were just, had been carefully considered, and were, indeed, the outcome of a popular movement which had been under way for many years. The situation called for wise and firm statesmanship. The triumph secured by Mr. ASQUITH for his party and the people is a boon to the kingdom and the whole empire. The House of Lords has not been abolished, or, in any large sense, degraded. It retains the power to retard objectionable, emotional legislation for a period of two years. It will still exert a wholesome check on the Government and the House of Commons.

Great credit is due to Lord MORLEY for the wise action of the peers. He has represented the Government in the Upper House with extraordinary ability, frankness, and eloquence. He has taken on new stature as a statesman, and his political influence in the future should be materially increased. He is, assuredly, no blatant radical, and, for that matter, neither is Mr. ASQUITH. The Government has done no more than carry out the will of the people for the good of the whole country, and we may take the outcries of the Tory newspapers for what they are worth. A dangerous political crisis has been safely passed.

THE SLAUGHTER HOUSES.

"I realised that I must be in the wrong," said the good Dr. Primrose in "The Vicar of Wakefield," "so I took refuge from my predicament by falling into a passion." Mayor GAYNOR seems to have fallen into a passion with the records of nuisances committed in the east side slaughter houses, presented by the Bureau of Municipal Research. They are official records. They are taken from the files of the Health Department and from the testimony of rectors of churches and physicians in good standing in the hospitals. They tell of intolerable stenches, lack of screens, the flushing of blood and refuse into the East River, the sale of tuberculous beef in Brooklyn, and lax methods of inspection and enforcement of the sanitary code by the Health Department. Commissioner LEDERLE has refused further to submit to public inspection the records of his department. The Mayor, who went to the slaughter houses personally, but after their managers had been warned of his approaching visit, and on a dry day when the wind was blowing off shore, says he "saw everything myself," and found that the bureau's report on the slaughter houses "was a great wrong to men who have $84,000,000 invested."

However that may be, the Mayor does "guarantee to the people of this city that the slaughter houses will be kept clean and obliged to observe the law." He even admits, in his letter disparaging the work of the Municipal Researchers, that the "time will come when the slaughter houses may have to move further away." A crowded city is no place for the business of slaughtering animals; certainly it is no place for such a business when its managers are negligent and defiant of the simplest provisions of the sanitary code. The slaughter houses should be moved further away. Meanwhile, the buffeted Bureau of Municipal Research will use such means as are within its power to test the efficiency of the Health Department in future, which the Mayor guarantees will be high.

NOT THAT CHARTER.

The Mayor traces with sufficient particularity the paternity of a charter that "was in the main the charter proposed by the Hammond Commission." But that is not the charter which came forth from the Cities Committee of the Assembly bearing the innocent name of Mr. FOLEY. Mr. FOLEY did not write the charter, he merely introduced the bill. In the committee cradle those charters were mixed up. The deformed and vicious brat that came forth would never be recognized or acknowledged by the parents of the Hammond Charter, or any other charter that may have been used or consulted by the concocters of this particular charter.

The Mayor, we are glad to see, is able to say that "there is not a line of the proposed charter written by me." It has sometimes been called the Gaynor Charter, but we have never believed that the Mayor had anything to do with it. He states that he has already "noted one change" that seems to him incredible. That is the restoration, in a worse form, of the provision authorizing the employment of policemen for private individuals or corporations, by whom they are to be paid. The Mayor is informed that this particular "'joker' was restored without the knowledge of a majority of the committee, at the request of certain powerful corporations and interests." If the Mayor will diligently scrutinize this remarkable charter, he will find many things in it that must have been put there, whether with or without the knowledge of the majority of the committee, at the instance of powerful interests. We hope the Mayor will read the charter carefully, and discover for himself the evil things it contains, and then, when he comes to a full understanding of the viciousness of this crooked charter, we are confident that he will be moved to denounce and disapprove it.

A CONSTRUCTIVE INVESTIGATION.

During the examination of Mr. PERKINS yesterday Representative LITTLETON announced that there would be an inquiry into how industrial conditions may be bettered, in an attempt to bring capital and labor together. This is an unexpectedly prompt response to Mr. PERKINS'S remark in his Michigan College of Mines address that Congress was more interested in discovering past wrongdoing than in learning how to amend the conditions which caused the crimes, and would cause future crimes, "Millions for destruction, but not one cent for construction" has been the slogan in the war against the trusts. At no time has there been any perception that whatever their faults there has been any compensation for their existence, and that the result of "busting" them may be worse than allowing them to exist, or even facilitating their existence under regulation.

An excellent example of this was afforded in the attack of Senator CUMMINS on the Aldrich Monetary Commission. He handed it the silken cord of happy dispatch with a complaint of its extravagance. It has averaged almost as much each year as the Department of Justice allows any one of several high-cost counsel in the "busting" of the trusts. In one lump Congress allowed ten times as much for a trust-busting campaign as it allowed President CLEVELAND for expenditure in his discretion at a time when war was thought to impend. Possibly the Monetary Commission has been extravagant, but its extravagance does not exceed that of the Senate for objects more frivolous. Nor will it be admitted that the Commission has not produced results for its expenditures. It is sure that there has been a marked change in Congressional and public opinion during its existence. It would not now be possible to enact the law which was passed after the panic of 1907 for the prevention of other panics without touching their cause, and it is impossible to imagine Mr. BRYAN'S recent proposal for the Government issue of credit currency taking root with any of those who have read the Commission's publications. Doubtless an ideal Commission might have produced even greater results, but this is not the time to complain of a shortage from counsels of perfection. On the contrary, a Commission of industrial inquiry on such general lines as the Aldrich Commission has taken on the financial inquiry would be a boon.

OF DOUBTFUL WISDOM.

Under secular enticement, which, it would seem, they might well have resisted, many Bishops of the Episcopal Church have lately given public utterance to their views concerning a proposed marriage that, it appears, will contravene the canon forbidding ministers to solemnize the marriage of divorced persons. We should think the Bishops of the Church would hold it wise to keep still, very still, about these cases, which show that canon of the Church to have so little restraining force, or none at all; and that they would choose for their public communications those instances, if any such there be, where this canon has been effective in restraining persons desiring to marry from taking a step which would put them in the position of disobeying a solemn command.

It is of doubtful advantage to the Episcopal Church to have the impotence of its prohibitions thus exploited. Those who have doubted the expediency of an ecclesiastical behest that, when called into play at all, is called into play against one of the most irresistible of social forces, the force of human affection that impels men and women to enter the married state, will feel themselves to be justified by such instances as this one, which has evoked so many protests from high authorities of the Church. They will point out that the law breaks down as often as those to whom it applies are strongly moved to disregard it. But the policy of the Church and the great desirability of checking the tendency to easy divorce are not at present in question. The point is, whether the Church should not devise some way better and more seemly than newspaper discussion and denunciation for dealing with those who announce their intention of disregarding the divorce canon.

"GETTING-RICH" COOK.

J. Rufus Wallingford is not the most improbable creature of farce comedy. He represents a type of entertainers of the American people, who have always delighted in being humbugged. Dr. FREDERICK A. COOK, for instance, with the "Big Nail" in his vest pocket, is speaking to good audiences of Western believers, filling his Chautauqua dates on a circuit that extends through South Dakota, Nebraska, Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Illinois. Having made scores of thousands of dollars in his lecture tours before his impostures were unmasked, and having added to his fortune by publishing his confessions, Dr. COOK is now posing as the vilified, abused, and generally put-upon martyr. His next book will be "My Attainment of the Pole," to be published by a company of his own forming. His tale of sledding poleward over the ice floes with AH-WE-LAH and E-TUK-I-SHUCH is now more convincing. With practice he has improved it. He quite believes it. In Topeka, the other day, this "get-rich-quick Wallingford" of polar exploration elicited applause when he said:

> Public sentiment is changing in my favor. That is because the people are not only fair, but they are intelligent as well. After a sober second thought they realized that there was something crooked about Lieut. PEARY'S charge that I faked the north pole story, when PEARY'S story corroborated mine in every important detail. Real scientists now are checking up my account with PEARY'S account, and checking both with known data of the polar country. The further the investigation goes the better it shows up for me. In a little while the people will have all the facts, and then they will say there is no doubt that I discovered the north pole.

Are the "real scientists" engaged by Dr. COOK, perchance, members of the Faculty at Copenhagen?

EXPLOITING YOUNG ENGINEERS?

We commented the other day upon the increasing number of engineering projects throughout this country, due to the great developments of waterfalls for the transmission of electrical power, and upon the chance for a career these developments afforded to young electrical engineers. At the same time our technical contemporary The Engineering News was approving editorially a complaint made by Mr. T. J. JOHNSTON of this city that, in the big electrical concerns "such as the Edison and the Interborough Companies here, and in others of similar character in other places, the average professional pay is not what is earned by a good clerk."

Mr. JOHNSTON is of the opinion that the young graduates of the leading technological schools in New York, Boston, New Haven, Ithaca, and at other universities are being exploited to the disadvantage of older and more experienced engineers. They are taught to believe that during the first few years their work must be hard and their pay low. At the same time these young fellows "come to the work with fresh points of view, (admittedly sometimes too fresh,)" and "make the improvements and do all the harder part of the work." Thus the older engineers are subjected to a competition of ability as well as of low wages. It should not, therefore, as The Engineering News seems to think, be difficult to reconcile the declaration, frequently made by the heads of leading engineering schools, that the demand for their graduates is greater than the supply, with the "fact that at the same time not a few engineers of education, experience, and ability are looking for positions and unable to obtain employment." But Mr. JOHNSTON'S statement, if it is true, warrants comment.

He says that he knows "engineers who, after several years with the corporation, are getting $25 a week"—men now of mature years, intelligent and experienced. Is this the rule in the engineering profession? One would suppose that, if more positions are offered to members of graduating classes each year than there are graduates, the price of their services would respond to the increased demand, and go higher. Is not this complaint rather an admission that the science of engineering is developing so fast, and that the younger men are so much better trained, that engineers still in their prime find themselves involuntarily retired? Of course, the tradition that small salaries must be expected in the first few professional years may be tyrannous in a degree. Great demands for a relatively slim supply should correct the tradition. Meanwhile the older engineers, trained to particular lines in which they have been overtaken by younger and more skillful men, have time to regret their years of narrow specialism. President HADLEY of Yale pointed out some years ago the need of a broader training for specialists, so that they might not depend too exclusively upon their specialty for intellectual, social, and pecuniary sustenance. The men now being educated in the professions are warned.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Senator Turns Humorist.

As Senator CULLOM of Illinois has always been considered a serious-minded man, it is more than hard to understand why he should have drawn, if he did draw it, and why he should have introduced, if the drawing was the work of somebody else, the remarkable bill providing for the construction, at a cost of $1,000,000, of seven National highways, centring at Washington, radiating thence to Portland, Me.; Buffalo, Seattle, San Francisco, San Diego, Austin, Texas, and Miami, and to be named—apparently in that order—after WASHINGTON, ROOSEVELT, LINCOLN, JEFFERSON, GRANT, MONROE, and LEE.

This is a large scheme, and Heaven knows that this whole country is in desperate and disgraceful need of good roads. Indeed, so desperate and so disgraceful is the need that one hesitates to find fault with any suggestion that may lead to the building of them anywhere. This particular suggestion, however, is just a little too absurd to be taken seriously by anybody who cannot figure out at least a possibility of getting for himself a part, larger or smaller, of that $148,000,000.

The number of us who have occasion for hitching up our buggies or cranking our automobiles and going to Washington that way is hardly sufficient to justify the proposed expenditure, while multitudinous are they who would move about in, to or from other places much more than they do—and to their great advantage—if motion were facilitated by the making and maintenance of good roads. What the country wants, however, is not a radial system, with its vortex at the political capital—access to which is even now only too easy—but a reticulation in which Washington would be reduced to its actual importance as one of many points of intersection.

The names chosen by Senator CULLOM for his highways are all good and worthy of the honor he would thus bestow, but not everybody would think so, and some of them would surely give rise to heated discussion. That is a small detail. A large one is the proposal to meet the cost of keeping up these National highways by collecting tolls from everybody who uses them! "Absurd" is not the word to use in characterising that; "foolish" is among the milder adjectives that would do. A toll road is not a road at all, in any proper sense of the term, and for the Government to attempt the revival of an utterly discredited plan would certainly be what the world's people call "the limit."

He Can Rest as Soon as He Will.

Commissioner BULGER declares himself weary of lectures from the press and of accusations to the effect that his conduct of the Quarantine "inquiry" has been improper and unfair. This fatigue is both creditable and encouraging—creditable as indicative of the Commissioner's sensitiveness to public opinion, which in this case the newspapers have certainly expressed, and encouraging because he can only get the rest he needs by abandoning a method of procedure which the public deemed neither fair nor proper and adopting one which nobody could criticise.

The Commissioner is in effect trying Dr. DOTY, not only for his official life, but for his personal and professional reputation. He cannot afford, therefore, even to seem to be seeking an excuse for condemning the Health Officer and to be avoiding reasons for commending him. But so it has looked to those who knew Dr. DOTY'S standing as a sanitarian and the effectiveness with which he has for years performed his delicate, difficult, and important duties.

[illegible] press is not maintaining that the [illegible]stration of Quarantine affairs has been perfect, and it has no inclination to [illegible] or minimise abuses that may be [illegible]ered there. What it lectured the [illegible]ssioner for was the wide publicity [illegible] he was giving to stories told by [illegible]t or vicious witnesses, and his [illegible] to see to it that those stories were [illegible]ed to immediate and intelligent [illegible]. That analysis is all anybody [illegible]ked or could reasonably ask, and [illegible]missioner Bulger wants the [illegible]

THE "RIPPER" CHARTER.

J. Hampden Dougherty Says "Jokers" Are Not of His Making.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Readers of the account in to-day's issue of your paper of the meeting at the City Club last evening might derive the impression that Mr. Hinrichs in his remarks intended to imply that the features of the charter denounced as sinister, full of "jokers," and on a par with the "ripper bill," were ascribable to me. Your reporter states: "Mr. Hinrichs said that there were whole paragraphs in the new charter which had been written by J. Hampden Dougherty," &c. Mr. Hinrichs's allusion to my work was, I well know, not intended in criticism or disparagement of it.

Will you permit me briefly to state the nature of my connection with the draft measure now under discussion, and I may be able also to throw a degree of light upon the attitude of Mayor Gaynor, which is often unjustly misinterpreted?

After the presentation of the so-called Gaynor charter at Albany I was asked by the Mayor and the Corporation Counsel to revise and edit it. The compliment and the honor involved in this retainer induced me to devote my time almost unstintedly for six or eight weeks to the task, which required comparison of the text of the Gaynor charter with the text of the existing charter, of the so-called Ivins charter, and of the two draft charters emanating from the committee of the Legislature appointed in 1909 to examine the work of the Ivins Commission. This committee, headed by Assemblyman Hammond, drafted a charter based in large degree upon that of the Ivins Commission, and submitted it to the Legislature of 1910, and in a revised form the Hammond charter was introduced in the Legislature of 1911. The work of reading and comparing these documents was literally enormous, and I had, moreover, to consider suggestions from the Civil Service Reform Association and other civic bodies, and from department heads. I was never asked by either the Mayor or the Corporation Counsel, directly or indirectly, to embody in the draft a single provision which did not conform with the best and most progressive thought upon city government, and my aim was, without altering the substantive framework of the charter, to clarify its phraseology, eliminate uncertainties, inconsistencies, and redundancies, and out of the heterogeneous bill then before the Legislature compose something like a comprehensive whole in which everything good in the existing system should be preserved and everything pernicious effaced. In the nature of things my work was not so much constructive as critical. I was taking care to see that the city suffered no detriment. The ideal was unattainable in the short time allowed.

I made my changes upon the face of a printed copy of the Gaynor charter, almost every page of which shows erasures and interlineations—whole sections are often omitted, and numerous typewritten insertions made. As I am told, my work was sent by the Corporation Counsel to the Legislature exactly as it left my hands. In one of the city papers it was said some weeks ago that this document was never removed from the wrapper in which it was transmitted to Albany, and had never been inspected by the gentlemen who drew the present Cullen-Foley bill. This, I think, is erroneous, as comparison of that bill with the copy of my revision, which I have retained, shows that in numerous places both my phraseology and ideas were accepted.

There are provisions in the Cullen-Foley bill which I cannot approve, (most of these were not in the so-called Gaynor charter,) and I shall hope shortly to make my views public. I am convinced that the Mayor will welcome any sincere criticism; whatever the defects in the charter he will be glad to see them remedied. To impute its shortcomings to him is unjust and unworthy. Like all men of strong personality he has convictions not easily unsettled. His views upon some charter topics—notably as to a small paid Board of Education—are not shared by all, but he would never deliberately attempt to place in the city's organic law anything injurious to the city's welfare. The man whom his fellow-citizens yesterday honored in so conspicuous a manner, and in the tributes to whom persons of distinction in sister States and foreign countries gladly joined, is not the kind of man to work in the dark to obtain a charter prejudicial to the best interests of the city. As for myself, I shall be glad to have my revision and the reports which accompanied it submitted to the fullest public scrutiny.

J. HAMPDEN DOUGHERTY.

New York, Aug. 10, 1911.

Any System Better Than None.

There is a peculiar and mysterious bitterness, a mingling of contempt and anger, in all discussion between the friends and enemies of the metric system of weights and measures. For that reason we rather regret that our correspondents have taken up the subject, but differences of opinion make more than horse races, especially as we do not believe that any one of these disputants, though he argued without ceasing for the rest of his life, would ever convert another to his views. The natural man, however, unregenerate in one sense, but not degenerate in another, takes an interest in any fight, as a participant usually and as an observer always, and this particular fight has its particular interest to the spectator because the combatants on both sides so often use fallacies instead of facts as missiles. That gives the spectator a chance to leap into the battle, deal a telling blow or two, and then jump out unhurt—which is fun. Such an opportunity was provided by the correspondent in whose letter, printed yesterday, it was stated, as a reason for refusing to accept the French mètre as a unit, that because the earth is an oblate spheroid, no two meridians drawn on it can have the same length, and that a fraction of the earth's semi-axis would be a better basis for mensuration, since all of its semi-axes are equal. As a matter of fact, the oblateness of the earth does not at all affect the equality of its hypothetic meridians, while actual semi-axes vary to the extent of miles, if by semi-axis is meant the distance from surface to centre.

But of course the merit of the metric system only theoretically depends upon the accuracy with which the French scientists measured their meridian. Their error practically affects nothing except map-making, and that not appreciably. In everything else it is not the length of the unit that counts, but its fixity, and still more counts its general acceptance as fixed, no matter how.

The truth as we see it, in regard to the metric system, is that it presents certain trivial but frequently recurring annoyances and inconveniences to people making small sales and purchases requiring constant additions, divisions and multiplications by two, but that for larger purposes, involving computations at all elaborate, it is vastly superior to any of its rivals. That all the world will ever adopt the metric system can safely be doubted, or even denied, for humanity was never unanimous on any subject yet and probably never will be, but world-business, as distinguished from that done in local retail markets, insistently demands a harmonizing of weights and measures, and a near-universal use of decimals would effect the harmony.

PUBLIC LIBRARY COMPLAINTS.

Particularizes the Faults He Finds with Its Service.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have been hoping that some of my fellow-citizens who have found the Public Library lions a fruitful field for fun would sooner or later turn their minds to serious matters and write more happily than I can upon some of the annoyances to which readers of books and papers in our magnificent new building are subjected. Not long ago there did appear in a letter on this subject, which was promptly answered by some member of the staff as being too general in its charges. Particulars were called for. Here are a few things that have happened to another user of the library.

1. On two occasions my slips, properly filled out and accepted, were, at the end of half an hour, reported as lost.

2. I called a few weeks ago for one or two volumes of "The Liberator," (Garrison's well-known anti-slavery paper,) and it took four hours to get them.

3. In the newspaper room one evening recently I handed in a slip for The London Times for March and April. This was at about 8 o'clock. The attendant who took the slip disappeared, returned, and disappeared again. After I had waited some ten minutes a second attendant appeared, and of him I made inquiry as to my Times. He knew nothing about it, and, after I had explained, said that probably the other attendant had gone home and taken my slips with him. Would I please make out another? This I did, and after a reasonable interval learned that The Times for March and April was in the bindery.

4. The newspaper room, open at 1 P. M. on Sunday, July 30, had no attendant till four minutes after that hour—fourteen minutes by the clock on the wall. Men were waiting at nearly every New York file, but no Sunday papers were on them. The day's issues were not all available till twenty minutes after the opening hour.

5. On Monday, Aug. 7, at 10:30 A. M., I wished to see The Boston Transcript of Saturday evening, Aug. 5. It was not on the file. The attendant (chewing gum) didn't know whether it had come or not. Would I please make out a slip? When I repeated that it was not on the file he thought that probably this Saturday issue and the Sunday (!) issue would come at the same time. On Wednesday, Aug. 9, The Boston Transcript for Tuesday evening was not on the file at 11:30 A. M., and to-day last evening's issue was not on file at 11. A. M. At the Hotel Manhattan, a block away, on Forty-second Street, The Transcript is reported as on sale daily at 8 A. M.; on the street corner of Forty-second Street and Madison Avenue it can be had at 8:30 A. M., and at the Hotel Belmont it is reported as received at 10 P. M. on the evening of issue. Here we have another illustration of the relative inefficiency of municipal as compared with individual conduct of business.

This letter is written in no carping spirit, but with appreciation and even gratitude for the courtesy and helpfulness of many of the attendants in the library. Whatever regulations are necessary and reasonable readers are glad to conform to for the general good; whatever delays and accidents are unavoidable they are willing to bear as patiently as they can. Still, when such things as I have described continue to happen it would seem as though there were room for improvement of administration.

B.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Aug. 10, 1911.

President Taft's Remarkable Cow.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Being somewhat astonished at reading in your paper that President Taft's cow daily delivers him the record-breaking (?) amount of sixty-four quarts, (of milk) I am writing to question the possibility of such an achievement. Not being exactly what one would call an expert on cows, (I am only a schoolboy,) I cannot gainsay it, but merely wish to raise a question about it.

I once had dealings with a good Jersey cow. She gave eighteen quarts a day at her best. That was considered good. I have heard of and seen others that gave eight, ten, and fifteen quarts. The cyclopaedia says that one of the best breeds gives from twenty-four to thirty-six quarts (thirty-six being exceptional) a day. As all these are such mere trifles compared with her ladyship, President Taft's cow, how is it possible for her—even if she does hold such a lofty position—to give sixty-four quarts, or 132 pounds of milk, in one day?

CONRAD F. REBMAN.

New York, Aug. 10, 1911.

[The statement of the quantity of milk given by the cow was an obvious error. Quarts was intended, not gallons.—Ed. TIMES.]

Illegal Net Fishing.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

[illegible] P.," who, in your issue of the [illegible] complains of net fishing in certain [illegible], will give this bureau such information as he has he will greatly aid it in its efforts to prevent the violation of the law to which he calls attention.

ROBERT A. WIDENMANN,
Superintendent of Marine Fisheries.

Albany, Aug. 11, 1911.

THE NEWPORT ELOPEMENT.

Its Social Incompatibilities Point to an Uncomfortable Sequel.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to your excellent comment on "The Newport Elopement" I would remark that the apparently insurmountable obstacle to a happy outcome for this truly foolish pair of young people is discernible in the irreconcilable positions of their respective families.

Were it possible for those two variant elements to mingle, or were it even possible for the families to arrive at an "armistice" whereby the errant couple might be settled and left free to solve their problems for themselves, hope of continuing happiness might reasonably be entertained. But when we consider the relative situations of the families in their home community, their tendencies, and their naturally diverse inclinations, we can foresee nothing but a state of misery that must surely end in separation.

A young man possessed of such ambition as here evidenced must rise to the occasion in a manner decidedly different from the course he has followed. He must rise by careful stages to a plane on which, with merit, he can claim the young woman of his choice, else, for her sake, if not for his own, he had better smother his passion.

E.

New York, Aug. 11, 1911.

Trouble.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In these days of upsetments in men's calculations in business, in the markets and in almost every direction, we should remember that trouble is only comparative. A trouble often is only in how we take it. A bright writer recently said that we should avoid the man with three kinds of trouble—the trouble he had, the trouble he has, and the trouble he expects to have. I met a man who said he had just been sold out in Wall Street, and he thought of going down to the bridge and jumping off, but he did not appear half as full of trouble as a woman I saw trying to make up a garment on correct lines with an old-fashioned paper pattern that allowed an inch and a half for seams.

WILLET F. COOK.

New York, Aug. 10, 1911.

A LAMENT.

Break, break, break,
Another trunk gone, I see!
And I would that my tongue might utter
The thoughts that arise in me.

Oh, well for the baggage master,
That he has gone for the day!
Oh, well for the baggage smasher,
That he is well on his way!

For the train of cars rolled on,
And here I am standing still.
But oh! for the touch of his vanished hand
Left me minus a dollar bill!

Break, break, break,
That terrible crack—oh! see!
And the chance to say what I wish I had said
Will never come back to me!

GEORGE MOREWOOD.

MANY SUBWAY IDEAS, ONLY TWO FEASIBLE

Regulation of Crowds Leaving and Entering the Cars Agitates Many Passengers.

EACH SUGGESTION ANSWERED

Interborough Officials Criticise Proposals Sent Them—One Complaint Answers Another.

From the hundred letters received by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company in response to its suggestion that it would be obliged if the aggressively minded public would let itself be heard from, the assistants of General Manager Hedley yesterday found only two missives with practicable thoughts capable of immediate execution.

One suggested the closing of front doors of trains while they pass under the East River on account of the strong blast of air in that section. The other suggested that the painted signs and lights on the front of certain elevated trains be standardized in color. Several other suggestions were practicable, but will require some time to demonstrate whether or not they are desirable for the Subway's special purposes.

Communications have been coming in at the rate of about twenty a day since the company's invitation was issued. Before that people who simply couldn't restrain themselves used to send about eight letters a day. There has been one remarkable change in the tone adopted by the writers. Every third or fourth letter received up to last week urged that the general manager or some of his superiors be sent to jail or executed, while the most radical suggestion received this week is merely that they be turned out of their places forthwith.

The favorite subject for suggestion is the method of getting on and off trains. One-third of the writers presented plans which they felt sure would obviate such conflicts as the collision of a little, fat man, rushing out of the end door of a train, with some other fat and short gentleman trying to travel in an opposite direction.

The "flowing current" idea by which folks would be received at one door and depart through another was suggested again and again, the centre doors being generally used as the means of exit and the end doors of receiving passengers.

To each writer N. H. Norris, Secretary of the company, has sent a reply, telling him exactly why this plan would not work under prevailing conditions. The trouble, as pictured by Mr. Norris, is precisely that upon which all transportation problems in Manhattan centre—the shape of the island.

"You see," he said to a TIMES reporter, while signing a stack of communications to correspondents yesterday, "there are only one or possible two stations in the Subway where the number of people getting off a Subway train equals the number of people getting on.

"In the morning, for instance, a southbound train is gaining passengers until after it passes Forty-second Street, and then it begins to lose them. Would the Bronx folk all ready to push their way aboard be willing to use one door while three people monopolized another in getting off?

"I don't know who would be brave enough to try to teach the travelers to enter at all doors up town and then adopt the "flowing current" idea for the one or two stations where it could be applied. Correspondents are quick to observe its practicability in Central Manhattan. Hence the earnestness with which they present the plan for our consideration. We appreciate their interest, and in return are glad to present our side of the matter."

Not all the men having suggestions to offer sent them in by mail. One man yesterday afternoon asked to see Mr. Norris personally, and then he unfolded the details of a scheme, invented all by himself, through which life-giving ozone could be flooded into the Subway at 1,000 degrees below zero.

"And I can make your power for you at a fifth of the present cost, and if you want the ozone that way I can sent it in at 1,000 degrees above zero just as well as 1,000 degrees below it," he declared.

Mr. Norris had to listen to the plan for half an hour. It was one of forty plans suggested for the cooling of the Subway. Some people called for the installation of ice-making pipes. As these would be full of ammonia gas, Mr. Norris felt it necessary to decline them with regrets.

"I can't quite figure out," he said, "how we are going to secure permission from the Public Service Commission to pipe our Subway with ammonia. What a glorious old time there would be if an ammonia pipe should burst!"

A suggestion often repeated was the installation of electric fans. This has been acted on already to the extent of $150,000 in fans alone. The fans, which cost $40 each, come four to the car, and 1,000 cars are to be supplied. It is expected that in a few weeks they will make the cars "kick-proof," from the fan standpoint at least.

Many of the suggestions as to ventilation called for an investment of $1,000,000 or more. The present system has cost the company $800,000, and it is put into commission every time the Subway temperature reaches 80 degrees. It sucks in air at the entrances south of Fifty-ninth Street, and pumps out air at vents located half way between the entrances. North of Fifty-ninth Street there are the frequent gratings in the parked area above the Subway.

One worthy citizen, who evidently makes his dates to meet friends in Subway stations, regretted that he had such a hard time finding a friend on a crowded express station. His remedy—which he outlined in a three-page letter—was that the company paint a number on every platform post. Then the keeping of trysts would be greatly facilitated, if the meeting were arranged at post No. 4, 17 or 44, or so on.

From a Bronx resident, who boards Ninth Avenue elevated express at Twenty-third Street, an epistle came denouncing the stopping of the train at Forty-second Street when the crowd at Twenty-third Street more than fills it. In the same mail another Bronx resident, who boards the train at Forty-second Street, protested against going down to the bridge and jumping off, but he did not appear half as full of trouble as a woman I saw trying to make up a garment on correct lines with an old-fashioned paper pattern that allowed an inch and a half for seams.

WILLET F. COOK.

New York, Aug. 10, 1911.

A LAMENT.

Break, break, break,
Another trunk gone, I see!
And I would that my tongue might utter
The thoughts that arise in me.

Oh, well for the baggage master,
That he has gone for the day!
Oh, well for the baggage smasher,
That he is well on his way!

For the train of cars rolled on,
And here I am standing still.
But oh! for the touch of his vanished hand
Left me minus a dollar bill!

Break, break, break,
That terrible crack—oh! see!
And the chance to say what I wish I had said
Will never come back to me!

GEORGE MOREWOOD.

FARMERS SEEK $50,000 IN CHICAGO PRIZES

Thirty-five Aviators Enter International Contests on Lake Front, Beginning To-day.

EXPENSES OF MEET $225,000

Government Represented by Fifty Men of Army, Navy, and Signal Corps —Seats for 70,000.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—To-morrow afternoon the international aviation meet will open at Grant Park, and until Aug. 20, for a period of nine days, approximately thirty-five world-famed aviators will contest for prizes aggregating $80,000.

This is the largest purse ever offered for such an event, and unlike previous aviation meets, every man must enter on the same ground—that of sportsmanship.

Aside from a lump sum of $500, to be paid each aviator to cover his expenses in coming to the meet, not one cent of guarantee will be paid to any. The only basis of reward will be superiority, and the better men will win the big money.

A minimum sum of $2 per minute will be paid for actual time in the air, in actual flight, but this also renders performance imperative.

Altitude flights, speed contests between monoplanes, others between biplanes, and open events for both types; quick starting, quick climbing, alighting in a given space, passenger carrying, bomb throwing, cross-water and cross-country flights will alternate in such array every day that one day will be as good as any other.

Stretching from Randolph Street on the north to Twelfth Street on the south, a distance of more than a mile, and directly on the lake front, the aerodrome is ideal, and will afford opportunity for a diversity of events never before shown at such a meet.

President Taft assured the presence of army, navy, and Signal Corps experts from the regular army and navy; the Secretary of War detailed Major Samuel Reber in charge of the Federal equipment, and fifty men have already arrived in Chicago.

The stadium is the largest ever erected, and will seat 70,000 persons. The original plans called for a seating capacity of 50,000, but the interest created around the country and the large proportions of the excursions already announced by the various railroads running into Chicago rendered enlargement imperative.

Each of the five hangars already erected cost $3,000, and each was built with an eye to absolute safety for the valuable aeroplanes to be stored therein. More than $20,000 has been expended improving the grounds, levelling, filling, and grading, and the total expense of the meet is estimated at about $225,000.

Representative citizens have subscribed to a guarantee fund of $100,000, to be drawn upon in the possible event of a deficit, and after the expenses of the meet are paid every cent of proceeds is to go to the United Charities of Chicago.

Every civic, business, and social organization in Chicago has actively assisted the managers of the meet. Led by the Association of Commerce, one after another rendered its aid, and every possible indication presages a splendid success.

The Chicago Athletic Association has offered a $2,500 cup, to be presented outright to the aviator breaking the world's record for altitude. If the record is not broken, the cup shall go to the aviator scoring the highest mark, and eventually to the man breaking the record in America.

Under similar conditions the Auditorium Hotel and the Hotel La Salle have offered valuable cups for the best speed events, and the country clubs near Chicago have offered a purse of $2,000 for the best cross-country flight encircling the clubs.

The Chicago Yacht Club has extended the privileges and courtesies of the club to all visiting aeronautic members of the association and other clubs are preparing special entertainments.

From New Orleans will come one excursion via the Illinois Central, which will bring 6,000 visitors, and other excursions, embracing territory not so far distant, will bring a crowd second to none in the history of the city except the World's Columbian Exposition.

With the entry lists not yet closed, the contracts thus far received embrace the following:

Lincoln Beachey, Jimmie Ward, Hugh A. Robinson, Rene Simon, Rene Barrier, St. Croix Johnstone, John J. Frisbie, Abram Ravvorodsky, J. A. D. McCurdy, Charles F. Willard, Earle L. Ovington, Arthur Stone, James V. Martin, Tom Sopwith, Thomas S. Baldwin, J. C. (Bud) Mars, William R. Badger, Lee Hammond, Andre Ruel, F. E. Post, Eugene Ely, Andrew Drew, J. Cummings, George Mestach, W. G. Beatty, Charles F. Walsh, W. M. Hilliard, Capt. Paul W. Beck, U. S. A.; C. P. Rodgers, C. P. Witmer, and Louis Mitchell.

Jimmy Ward, the youngest airman, braved the high wind before 5,000 people this evening at dusk in a series of flights about the field in an effort to qualify for the pilot's license for the Aero Club of America. He was the only aviator who tried a flight.

In order to get his license he had to make five "figure eights" over a 500-meter course, alight, and then repeat the performance. The rules also require an altitude of 50 meters (164 feet,) and the pilot must bring his craft to a complete stop within fifty meters of a prearranged landing spot.

Ward more than qualified. On each flight he made six instead of five "figure eights," and put in a number of dips that were not on the programme. He completed his first set in twelve and one-half minutes, going at a rate of sixty miles an hour. He reached an altitude of 324 feet, and landed within twenty-seven and one-half feet of the landing point.

On the second flight he attained the same altitude, completed the run in sixteen and one-fourth minutes, and glided to earth within forty-six feet ten inches of the stopping point.

At the north end of the course the wind was so full of eddies that Ward had difficulty in making the turns. His airship bobbed up and down in a dangerous manner. At the south end the gale repeatedly blew him in over the crowds in the grand stand, and gusts from over the hangars interfered with his landing. When he landed he was smiling and elated over his success. Grover Sexton of the Aero Club handed him his pilot's license.

ATWOOD TO START MONDAY.

St. Louis-New York Flight, with Stops at Chicago and Other Cities.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 11.—Harry N. Atwood, the aviator, will start from St. Louis next Monday, weather conditions permitting, on a flight to New York. Before starting on his proposed record flight Atwood will circle over the skyscrapers and the residence district of the city.

The flight will be the longest ever attempted in this country. Arrangements for starting from St. Louis were completed to-day. Albert Bond Lambert, President of the Aero Club of St. Louis, played a leading part in negotiating with A. Leo Stevens, Atwood's manager.

The start probably will be made on Monday from Forest Park, the level field north of the Art Museum having been pronounced ideal for the purpose. This was the site of the St. Louis World's Fair.

Atwood and his machine left Chicago to-day, and will be in St. Louis to-morrow.

"Bad weather is the only thing that will prevent the flight being made on time," said Stevens. "The chances are that Atwood will start on his trip from here to New York immediately after circling the city, but there is a possibility he might wait until later in the day or even until Tuesday morning."

Atwood will make his first stop at Springfield, Ill., where he will circle the State Capitol, and will go from there to Chicago by way of Bloomington. From Chicago the route will be by way of Elkhart, Ind.; Waterloo, Toledo, Cleveland, and Ashtabula, Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York City.

Atwood also plans to continue his flight to Boston, where an aviation meet will be in progress at the time he expects to arrive.

He must reach Coney Island by Aug. 26 in order to gain the $10,000 prize offered by Victor J. Evans of Washington for a flight from Chicago to New York.

SOCIAL NOTES.

The Earl of Granard, King George's Master of Horse, will sail from England to-day for New York on the Mauretania, and upon his arrival here will go direct to Newport to join his wife, the Countess of Granard, who arrived here last week, and who is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. George G. Frelinghuysen and Miss Frelinghuysen of Morristown, N. J., are in town for the week-end and are at the Hotel Gotham.

Ex-Judge and Mrs. Warren McConihe sail to-day on the Lapland for France, and will motor through Normandy and Brittany, and then go to Paris for a short visit.

Mrs. H. McK. Twombly and Miss Twombly, who sail from Europe for New York on Sept. 6, will go to their villa at Newport.

Mrs. J. Howard Ford, with a party of friends motored in from Stony Ford, N. Y., and are at the Plaza.

The wedding of Miss Gladys Matthews, daughter of the late A. D. Matthews of Brooklyn to Stanton Mott, will take place to-day at the Summer home of the bride's grandfather, James Matthews.

IN THE BERKSHIRES.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., Aug. 11.—Mrs. M. Dwight Collier gave a dinner to-night at Osceola House, which was followed by bridge. There were twelve covers. The dinner was complimentary to Miss Kathleen Beresford, who is a guest of Miss Anna B. Shaw, and also for Mrs. Clarence Mitchell, who is visiting the Rev. and Mrs. Anson P. Stokes, Jr.

Mrs. Delancey Kane, who has been motoring in the Berkshires with Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Phelps, has returned to her country place in New Rochelle.

Mrs. William H. Bradford, who was one of the founders of Hillcrest Hospital in Pittsfield, has given $1,500 for the enlargement of the operating room at this hospital.

Mrs. Stephen R. Dow and Miss C. B. Fuller of Boston arrived to-day at Curtis Hotel.

Henry H. Pease has returned to the Orchard from Crescent Beach, Conn. Mrs. Pease will arrive next week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. D. White, Mr. and Mrs. F. R. White, and Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Shrall of New York are at the Hotel Wendell in Pittsfield.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Gunther of New York, who are spending a short time at Curtis Hotel, will start Monday for the north shore.

William Gray Brooks, who has been at the Maplewood in Pittsfield for some time, will go to Philadelphia to-morrow. Mrs. Brooks and her sister, Miss Julia O'Donoghue of Philadelphia, are remaining in the Berkshires for the Autumn season.

David Barnes of New York is visiting his sister-in-law, Mrs. Emily Barnes, at the Maplewood.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur M. Day of New York and Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Hunt of Llewellyn Park, N. J., are at the Maplewood in Pittsfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Bishop, who have been at Southampton visiting Mrs. Walter Cutting, have returned to Pittsfield.

Joseph W. Burden will sail to-morrow from New York for a short trip abroad. He expects to be back to Lenox in time to ride in the Hunt races in early September.

Mrs. James Eddy, who has been visiting Mrs. Joseph W. Burden, has gone to Bar Harobr.

Miss Mary Parsons has gone to Tuxedo Park to visit her sister, Mrs. Montgomery Hare.

The Rev. and Mrs. Theodore Williams are at Miss Emily Tuckerman's villa in Stoekbridge during Miss Tuckerman's visit in Newport.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Six Steamships.

The transatlantic steamships sailing to-day and some of those booked to depart on them are:

AMERIKA (Hamburg)—Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. Gerald R. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. L. V. Bright, Mrs. F. C. Bronson, Commander John V. Chase, Albert F. D'Oench, Clarence Phelps Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. George Dillon, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Gwyn, Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Hering, Hermann Irion, Mr. and Mrs. E. Austin Jenkins, George E. Keith, Countess Caroline R. Lagergren, Ernst Mathias, Richard Cutts Shannon, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Cutts Shannon, 2d., Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Tapp, Mr. and Mrs. R. Percy Thompson, Mrs. Paul Tillinghast, and Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Walbridge.

OCEANIC (Southampton)—Mrs. Ines Alden, Walter Shaw Brewster, Miss Shirley Farr, James Gamble, Louis H. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Lobrat, Mrs. Richard Manning, P. H. Nye, Prof. W. K. Prentice, Mr. and Mrs. E. Pumales Prentice, Mr. and Mrs. Wales Mr. Severance, Mr. and Mrs. George Nathan Todd, Mr. and Mrs. Ramon Vidal, and Charles D. Yargan.

CARMANIA (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. R. C. von Bokkelen, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Carrington, Mr. and Mrs. George Cruikshank, Mrs. A. F. Greig, Mr. and Mrs. George T. Hay, Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Hughes, Daniel Murray, Mr. and Mrs. V. Seymour, and Miss Dorothy Vandevort.

MINNETONKA (London)—Mr. and Mrs. James Andrew, Dr. and Mrs. William S. Baer, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Bosworth, J. S. Bruce-Webster, Mrs. Gerald Stanley Lee, F. M. Perry, N. K. Rendell, H. Bridgman Smith, and Newman Whitmore.

LAPLAND (Antwerp)—Robert L. Black, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Byrne, Miss Dolores Castro, A. T. B. Clarke, George W. Eastman, David J. Ely, Mrs. Norman Galt, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Isham, Murray Seasongood, Mr. and Mrs. J. William Wolfe, and Mrs. Margaret Woodwell.

ST. LOUIS (Southampton)—James E. Arrowsmith, Frederick W. Cameron, Mrs. A. B. Dammann, William Glison, Robert Kennedy McCullough, W. H. Rayburn, and William Bell Wait, Jr.

Expect Astor-Force Wedding This Fall

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 11.—It is reported in the Summer colony that when Col. Astor and Miss Madeleine T. Force wed it will be in Newport, and before the late Fall. Mrs. William H. Force entertained a dinner party at Beechwood this evening.

20,000 MOTHERS AND CHILDREN ARE WAITING FOR AN OUTING.

The mothers are worn out, much in need of rest and fresh air; the children, anaemic and unfit for the coming hard work in the school-room. Adversity, sickness or death of the bread-winner has deprived them of the possibility of a breath of fresh air unless they are assisted.

The A. I. C. P. to-day sent out an appeal for funds to send these 4,000 families to one of its splendidly located fresh air homes. After describing a typical case of suffering, the appeal says in part:

> "This unfortunate family was gasping for a breath of fresh air. But how were they to get it? With hardly enough left to spend for food and clothing, how much of an outing would this care-worn mother and her sickly children have had but for some kind-hearted person whose contribution enabled the A. I. C. P. to send them to Sea Breeze for a week, where the ocean breezes bring back health and vigor.
>
> "Think of the following:—
>
> $2.50 will make one sick baby or child your guest at Sea Breeze for a week. By doubling the amount the tired-out mother may go, too.
>
> $5 will provide for a month's pure milk for a baby too sick to be taken away.
>
> $10 will make a family of four happy for a week at the seashore and stronger for many months—possibly years.
>
> $125 will send a party of five hundred boys and girls from the tenement districts on a day's outing at the seashore and give them a bath and two good meals.
>
> *"If you have returned from your summer rest period you can appreciate most keenly the benefits of a vacation; if you have not, you doubtless realize its necessity. To give thousands of mothers and children the feeling of joy you have had or anticipate, to make them strong and healthy, the A. I. C. P. asks your aid.* We need your help also to provide milk and other relief for hundreds of babies and nursing mothers too sick to be taken to a fresh air home.
>
> "Unless you and others come to their assistance they must remain without relief in their narrow rooms, where scarcely a breath of fresh air stirs."

"Fresh air recipes" bring double returns—health, hope and cheer to those who need relief—and happiness to you.

The A. I. C. P. doesn't want to disappoint these mothers and children. With your help it won't. We know they need the outing, for every application has been investigated by our tenement visitors.

Send contributions to R. S. Minturn, Treas., Room 210, 105 East 22nd Street, the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

E. FULTON CUTTING, Pres.

MR. AND MRS. HAGGIN GIVE DINNER DANCE

Col. Astor and Miss Force Among Guests at Newport Entertainment for Miss Camden.

DINE IN ARBOR AT ARLEIGH

Beautiful Floral and Electrical Decorations—Society Views the King's Cup Yacht Races.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 11.—Mr. and Mrs. James B. Haggin gave a large dinner, followed by a dance, at Arleigh tonight for Miss Tevis Camden of Versailles, Ky., a cousin of Mrs. Haggin, a guest at Arleigh, and who leaves Sunday to attend the Warrington (Ky.) Horse Show. A beautiful arrangement was added to the south verande in the form of a trellace rose arbor, where the dinner guests were seated at sight tables decorated with baskets. Near the rose arboor was a marquee attachment for smoking, with fairy lamps illuminating the pretty spot. Electric rose baskets illuminated the arbor.

The main hall was treated with American Beauty roses, and the reception room, where the guests were received, was arranged with pink flowers. Berger's Band played for the dinner and the dancing following, which brought many of the guests from the other dinners given in the Summer colony.

For dinner the guests included Mr. and Mrs. F. Lothrop Ames, Mr. and Mrs. R. Livingston Beeckman, Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Berwind, Mr. and Mrs. Craig Biddle, Mr. and Mrs. William F. Bristow, Mr. and Mrs. William Earl Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Mr. and Mrs. William Forbes, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Gallatin, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Gould Jennings, Mr. and Mrs. George McFaddon, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills, Mr. and Mrs. Charles De L. Oelrichs, Mr. and Mrs. Harry T. Peters, Mr. and Mrs. James Lowell Putnam, and Mr. and Mrs. Eugene S. Reynal.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Suffern Taller, Mr. and Mrs. Leonard M. Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Whitney Warren, Mrs. J. Norman De R. Whitehouse, Mr. and Mrs. William Woodward, Col. John Jacob Astor, Vincent Astor, J. D. R. Baldwin L. T. H. Betts, William Storrs Wells of Chatewode, Mr. and Mrs. George Henry Warren, Jr., J. M. Waterbury, Jr., E. De N. Cruger, Edmund J. Curley, 2d, Henry F. Eldridge, E. Victor Loew, Richard Lounsbery, Jr., W. Hude Neilson, Richard Peters, Norman Price, N. Rae, Thomas Ridgeway, Andrew Robeson, Moncure Robinson, and Thomas S. Lidell.

The Misses Julia Berwind, Evelyn Burden, Madeleine T. Force, Gwendolyn Burden, Julia Gordon Drexel, the Misses Gerry, Sadie Jones, Catherine Lawrence, Anna Sands, Constance Warren, and Laura Swan, Mrs. French Mandeville, Mrs. John R. Drexel, and Mrs. Stevens.

For the King's Cup races there were not as many guests to-day as on the occasion of the Astor Cup races Thursday. Col. John Jacob Astor had aboard his steam yacht Noma Miss Madeleine Force, Mrs. William H. Force, Miss Katherine Force, Vincent Astor, George Henry Warren, Jr., Phillip Potter, Miss Elizabeth Kane, Miss Constance Kane, Miss Beryl Kane, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Goelet, Mrs. Hernickell, Count Sera of Rome, Mr. and Mrs. Harry T. Potters, Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont, Mrs. P. W. Hourigan, and Mr. and Mrs. Richard Stevens. A colored quartet played for the guests.

Commodore Elbridge T. Gerry had a stag party again on board his steam yacht Electra, including Chief Justice W. W. Douglass of the Superior Court of Rhode Island, Justice Darius Baker of the Supreme Court, Deputy Collector William H. Walcott, George L. Rives, Frank K. Sturgis, Rear Admiral French E. Chadwick, Charles B. Hillhouse, Townsend Burden, James V. Parker, Charles P. Hoffman, Edward C. Post, and John Thompson Spencer.

Henry Walters, aboard the steam yacht Narada, had Lewis Quentin Jones, Pembroke Jones, Joseph S. Stevens, and Elisha Dyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Whitehouse are here from Mount Kisco for a visit in the Summer colony.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry T. Peters of New York are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Storrs Wells at Chatewode.

Lawrence T. Perkins of Connecticut is one of Mrs. French Vanderbilt's house party at Harbour View.

James J. Van Alen will entertain picnic parties at the Newport Fishing Club, on Gooseberry Island, to-morrow and Sunday.

Casino registers include W. O'D. Iselin, Harry T. Peters, E. C. Potter, Miss Potter, Lytle B. Hull, Norman Prince, Richard Boardman, L. F. H. Betts, Mrs. Andrew Robeson, Miss K. M. Robeson, G. Boelig Lee, Miss Reta Carson, and R. A. Waterbury.

Lytle B. Hull of San Francisco is visiting Roderick Terry, Jr.

L. F. H. Betts of New York is visiting Mr. and Mrs. William Goadby Loew.

Mrs. Andrew Robeson of Brookline is visiting her son, Andrew Robeson, Jr.

Miss Reta Carson of Philadelphia is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence W. Dolan.

Richard Boardman of Boston is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel.

Norman Prince of Pride's Crossing is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard M. Thomas at Quarterfoil, where R. K. Waterbury of New York is also a guest.

To-morrow morning the Newport Dog Show will be held at the Casino Theatre, where nearly 460 dogs will be shown.

Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel will give a dinner party Aug. 16, with an informal dance following at Fairholm.

ACTOR AIDS LIFE CONVICTS.

H. B. Warner May Obtain Pardon of Two Men Sentenced for Murder.

H. B. Warner, "Alias Jimmy Valentine," the actor, who has been playing in that play, seems to be instrumental in the possible release from a Federal prison of Robert Sawyer and Arthur Adams, who, with a sailor, named Scott, were accused of having killed the Captain, mate, and two of the crew of the schooner Harry A. Berwind in 1903. They were all three tried and convicted, and Scott was hanged. The sentences of Adams and Sawyer were commuted by President Roosevelt to life imprisonment. Scott, when about to be executed, confessed that the other two men were not guilty.

Winter before last they wrote to Mr. Warner. He was impressed by their letter and he engaged his lawyer, Joseph S. Buhler of 140 Nassau Street, to look into the case.

The lawyer was able to obtain the signatures of the Judge, the prosecuting attorney, and a majority of the convicting jury to a petition for the pardon of the men. Then the aid of President Taft was sought, and this week the lawyer has advice from Washington which he considers encouraging.

FAY TEMPLETON TO RETURN.

Will Reappear, After Several Years' Absence, as Buttercup in "Pinafore."

Announcement was made by the Shuberts a few days ago that Fay Templeton, the former comic opera actress, was to return to the stage this Fall, appearing in "Pinafore" and in "The Pirates of Pensance" at the Casino Theatre. A telegram to Miss Templeton, at her home near Pittsburgh, elicited the reply that she had not decided to take this engagement and that she had no intention of returning to the stage.

Further investigation yesterday, however, disclosed the fact that Miss Templeton has signed a contract with the Shuberts to play the rôle of Buttercup in "Pinafore" for two weeks at the Casino Theatre, beginning on Sept. 4, and to appear after that in the rôle of Ruth in "The Pirates of Penzance." Miss Templeton's last appearance in New York was in "Forty-five Minutes from Broadway." She married W. J. Patterson of Pittsburgh and retired from the stage at the conclusion of her season in this play.

THEATRICAL FOLK RETURN.

George Broadhurst Among Those Back from Vacations Abroad.

Among the passengers arriving in New York on the Cedric of the White Star Line yesterday afternoon were a number of theatrical people returning from vacations or coming to appear in American plays. George Broadhurst, the playwright, was one of them. He had been to his old home at Wallsall, near Birmingham, England, to visit his mother.

Diva Maronda and Rita Otway, two English actresses who are to appear here this year; David Glassford, who has been sperding the Summer in England, and H. Wenman, who is to appear in "Everywoman," were among the other passengers with stage connections.

"AS YOU LIKE IT" OUTDOORS.

Coburn Players to Give Performance in Aid of Huntington Hospital.

The committee for the Emergency Hospital of Huntington, L. I., will give a benefit performance of "As You Like It," by the Coburn Players, on the grounds of Roland R. Conklin, West Neck, Saturday evening, Aug. 19. The proceeds of the sale of tickets are to go toward the fund for erecting an emergency hospital at Huntington.

The play will be given in a natural amphitheatre of great beauty on the shore of Long Island Sound.

Among the boxholders are Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. August Heckscher, Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. Milton L'Etise, Mr. and Mrs. William J. Matheson, Col. and Mrs. T. S. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Willard N. Baylis, Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. de Forest, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Tiffany, Dr. James Clarence Vernam, Mrs. Julianna Ferguson, and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Kelley.

Left Much to Charity.

By the will of Elizabeth F. Vandeveer, 86 years old, filed for probate yesterday in the Surrogate's office, Brooklyn, an estate said to be worth $100,000 is divided among relatives and charitable institutions. The Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church receives $5,000, the Committee of the New York East Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, the Woman's Home Missionary Society, and the Board of Church Extension of the Methodist Episcopal Church each receive $500. Similar sums are also given to the Brooklyn Children's Aid Society, Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church for Aged and Infirm, Seney Hospital, and American Bible Society. The testator lived at 139 St. James Place, Brooklyn.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Virginia Pearson has been engaged by Klaw & Erlanger to play the Vampire for a second season with Robert Hilliard in "A Fool There Was."

The Shuberts have completed the cast for "The Kiss Waltz" that is to be produced this Fall. The principal members of the company will be Eva Davenport, Flora Zabelle, Elsa Ryan, Adele Rowland, Robert Warwick, Charles Bigelow, Martin Brown, William Pruette, George Pauncefort, Joseph Pepe, Fred Hamilton, and Oscar Schwarts.

The Olympic Theatre, in Fourteenth Street, will open for the season to-night with Roble's Knickerbockers in two burlettas. The theatre has been renovated during the Summer, and the seating capacity of the balcony and the boxes has been increased.

Mme. Fritzi Scheff returned to New York yesterday to begin rehearsals of "The Duchess," the new musical comedy in which she is to appear this season. "The Duchess" is by Joseph Herbert and Harry B. Smith and the music is by Victor Herbert.

Liebler & Co. have completed the cast of their Chicago company of "The Deep Purple." The principals will be Frank Currier, Richard Garrick, Madeleine Louis, Maggie Holloway Fisher, Helen Fulton, Edwin Arden, Emmett Corrigan, H. S. Northrup, and Jeffreys Lewis.

The players engaged by Werba & Luescher to support Louis Mann in "Elevating a Husband" include Emily Ann Wellman, Charles Halton, Marie Howe, Jessie Carter, John E. Kelly, Edward E. Horton, Sterling H. Chesseldine, Marion Holcomb, and Douglas Wood. Rehearsals will begin next week, and Mr. Mann's season will start in Utica on Sept. 11.

The National Association of Theatrical Producing Managers will hold its fourth annual meeting at the Hotel Astor next Tuesday afternoon, Aug. 15. Matters to be discussed are an international agreement for the protection of plays, recent demands by the Musical Union, plans for the general improvement of theatrical conditions, and means for meeting legislative attacks upon legitimate theatrical business.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

PATRICK GOODWIN, died Aug. 7, 1911; left more than $5,000 realty and more than $50,000 personalty; $500 each to Rose McCadam, Patrick McCadam, Rose Anna—Lennon, Theresa McCadam, Mary McCadam, John Duffy, Theresa Bannigan, and Owen Bannigan; $1,000 to Philip Goodman, $500 to James Bannigan, $500 to St. Joseph's Seminary, Dunwoodie, N. Y.; $250 to the Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls, $250 to the Convent of the Sisters of the Good Shepherd, $1,000 to the Little Sisters of the Poor, $500 to St. Francis's Home for Chronic Invalids, $500 to St. Joseph's Home for Consumptives, $250 to the Rosary Hill Home and Cancer Hospital, $1,000 to the Mission of the Immaculate Virgin, $250 to the Church of the Immaculate Conception, $1,000 to the University of Notre Dame, $250 to St. Joseph's Normal College, $250 to the Society for the Propagation of the Faith, $500 to the Corpus Christi Monastery, Sisters of St. Dominic; $1,000 to Archbishop Farley, and the residue to be divided between Patrick Goodman and Philip Goodman.

MARY ANNA WENK, died July 5, 1911; left more than $5,000 personalty; $800 each to Emilia Kluger, Arthur Kluger, and May Helen Wenk, $200 each to Elizabeth Schield, Elizabeth Walt, and the Rev. Otto F. Strasch, $400 each to Max Wenk, Hannah Wenk, Jacob Wenk, Barbara Jacoby and Louise Cornell, $450 to the Roman Catholic Church of St. John the Baptist, $100 to the New York Institute for the Blind, $2,800 to the children of Joseph Gunther, and the residue to Joseph Gunther.

LEOPOLD ADLER, died Aug. 7, 1911; left more than $5,000 personalty, to be divided equally among Sarah Rosenbaum, Bertha Meyers, Leo Adler, and Louis Adler.

MEYER JONASSON, died July 21, 1911; left more than $500 personalty, to be divided equally among Victoria Jonasson, Henry Jonasson, William C. Holly, Edward L. Jellinek, I. Grinsburg, Howard M. Jonasson, Joseph Jonasson, Edgar H. Jonasson, Robert Jonasson, Rose Jonasson, and Florence Jonasson.

CHILDREN PARADE AT LONG BRANCH

Crowning Feature of Carnival Viewed by Gov. Wilson and Staff and 75,000 People.

CLASS PRIZES AWARDED

Eleven Divisions in the Procession Along the Ocean Front—Military Band and King and Queen Lead It.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Aug. 11.—Not less than 75,000 people gathered on the ocean front this afternoon and cheered the 900 little ones who took part in the children's parade, the crowning feature of the third annual carnival. The children not only had the privilege of marching before Queen Elizabeth III., King George, and Prince Jack, but were reviewed by Gov. Woodrow Wilson and members of his staff, who occupied a box on the stand.

Gov. Wilson came up from Camp Wilson at Sea Girt in an automobile, accompanied by Col. Archibald Alexander, Col. W. C. Libby, and his secretary, Joseph P. Tumulty. The visitors were entertained by Mayor Packer at luncheon at the West End Shore Club, and returned to Sea Girt immediately after the awards were announced.

In all its interesting features the children's pageant surpassed last year's parade. The procession was made up of eleven divisions, headed by the Long Branch Military Band. Following the band came the Queen and members of the royal family occupying two open victorias.

While the different divisions were being judged the Queen and her court were seated on the throne located on the bluff walk, directly opposite the main stand.

There were Bwana Tumbos, Indian scouts, cowboys, and fairies and knights. In the division for go-carts the first prize went to Dorothy Dietz, aged 3 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carl J. Dietz of Red Bank. Dorothy appeared as a butterfly. Other awards in this division went to Marie Fuska, aged 8 months, a Japanese miss; Irving Washington Davis, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Davis; Mary W. Kasbrie, aged 1 year, and Susie Bonforte, aged 5.

Prize winners in the doll division were Gwendolyn E. Nottage of Brooklyn, flower girl; Kathryn Kirby, Helen Wilkins, and Florence Wardell.

Miss Davis Thompson of this city captured the first prize in the baby carriage division. The second award went to Edwina J. De Camp, aged 5 months, of Newark. Norman and Meyer Shanker, two brothers, aged 8 months, sons of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Shanker of New York, received the third and fifth awards in this class. The fourth prize was won by Margaret Ida Hill, aged 3 years, of Newark. There was keen competition for the four prizes in the division for express wagons. The awards were made as follows: First, Priscilla Piggage; second, Bernice A. Wood; third, Maude Morris; fourth, Florence Beakes.

First honors in the class for burlesques were won by Marie Brunkhorst, aged 4 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Brunkhorst. The winner appeared in a harem skirt. Dorothy Armstrong, aged 4, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Armstrong, of Philadelphia, impersonated a Paris girl and received the second award. Third prize was won by Amanda M. Turner, aged 4, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Turner of Brooklyn. She was dressed as a silver knight. The fourth prize in this division was assigned to Arthur Curley, aged 18 months, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. Clarence Curley of Paterson. He wore a police uniform, and was pointed to as one of the finest by more than one mother. Angeline Cittadino of Long Branch as an Italian fruit girl got the fifth award.

A local lad, Master Hadley King, aged 6, won the first prize in the pony class from a formidable field. He appeared as Ben Hur in a chariot drawn by four ponies. The other awards were won by Elmer and Howard Weber, Wild West boys; Pearl Lein, W. Irving Leary, and Richard Drake.

Four awards were made in the miscellaneous class, the first going to Dorothy Coleman of Eatontown, who appeared as a garden of roses. John Beakes, in carriage of cut flowers, was second; Grace Emmons, dialect, third, and John T. Britton, Jr., who officiated as engineer of a miniature locomotive drawing the fast mail, fourth.

Miss Priscilla Mitchell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Julian Mitchell, riding in a large scenic float entitled, "Shooting the Rapids," received the first award in the division for floats.

Other winners were Rynear and Vera Yale, Elizabeth Surles, Clifford Niles, Michael Fornorotta, Vera Eaton, Samuel Wardell, and Joseph Oxley. In the Sunday school division awards were made to Helen Adams, Helena Hicks, Brent and Anna Orcutt, and Norman De Camp. A masque fête on the bluff walk, followed by the carnival ball at the Casino, were the closing features of to-day's festival.

SHAM FIGHT UNDER HOT SUN.

New Jersey Guardsmen Wind Up Camp—Gov. Wilson at Long Branch.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP WILSON, Sea Girt, N. J., Aug. 11.—Under an almost tropical sun the troops worked out to-day by far the most comprehensive field operations ever attempted at Sea Girt. Several of the men were affected by the heat and kept the Hospital Corps busy.

Hill 100, on the topographical map of the country, was the centre of the operations. It was defended by the First and Second Troops, two companies from the Fourth Regiment, and two guns from Battery B. The attacking force consisted of the other ten companies of the regiment, and two guns from the battery. Much ammunition was fired, and the effect was realistic.

While the main body was in the field a fire occurred in a house about 300 yards from camp. All the men off duty rushed to the blaze, and managed to save nearly all the furniture.

This has been practically the last day of the camp. Special trains will convey to-morrow the Fourth Regiment to Jersey City, the First Troop to Newark, and Battery B to Camden, but the Second Troop will march to their quarters at Red Bank, about thirty miles north of Sea Girt.

Gov. Wilson braved the rigors of a hot sun, and wearing a high hat and frock coat, with his staff in full dress uniform, went to Long Branch for the annual carnival. He returned late this afternoon. He will try to get a little rest after the end of camp, but will be busy with the plans for the annual conference of Governors, which begins a month from to-morrow at Spring Lake.

Gen. Edwin W. Hine and his staff were the hosts to-night at a dinner at Brigade Headquarters, at which Quartermaster Gen. C. Edward Murray and Vivian M. Lewis, who ran against Gov. Wilson, were among the guests at the dinner. To-night there was the usual "last night" horseplay, in which every one, from the staff officers down, participated.

TO-DAY'S MUSIC IN THE PARKS.

THE MALL, CENTRAL PARK. At 4 P. M. F. Kaltenborn's Orchestra.

PART I.

"The Star-Spangled Banner."

March—"Pomp and Circumstance" ..... Elgar
Overture—"Robespierre" ..... Liteiff
Selection—"Faust" ..... Gounod
Violin Solo—"Fantasie Caprice" ... Vieuxtemps
Frank Kaltenborn.
Introduction, Bridal Chorus and March from third act, "Lohengrin" ..... Wagner

PART II.

Overture—"Semiramide" ..... Rossini
Selection—"The Pink Lady" ..... Ivan Caryll
Waltz—"Gold and Silver" ..... Lehar
Ballet Egyptian, No. 5, Andante sostenuto
No. 1, Allegro non troppo ..... Luigini
Ballet Suite, "Henry VIII" ..... Saint-Saens
No. 1 Introduction—Entree des Clans.
No. 4 Danse de la Gipsy.
No. 6 Gigue et Final.
"An American."

MUSIC FOR WAGE EARNERS.

Julius Hopp to Give Series of Festivals in 69th Regiment Armory.

Julius Hopp, as head of the Wage Earners' Theatre Leagues, and of the Theatre Centre for Schools, announced yesterday that he has obtained the use of the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory, at Twenty-sixth Street and Lexington Avenue, for a series of music festivals to be given for the "masses." Mr. Hopp stated that he had a contract for the armory for three nights a week, and that its use for the concerts had been sanctioned by the State officials.

The first performance will be given there on Sunday afternoon, Sept. 17, when the Commonwealth Symphony Orchestra, a co-operative organization, will give a concert. For children and Wage Earners' League members the admission will be nominal, while the general public will be required to pay more.

Mr. Hopp is also trying to arrange to have the big singers of the opera world appear at these festivals for the benefit of the people who cannot afford to hear them at other places.

In connection with the plan for dramatic performances in the public schools a special committee of five has been appointed by the Board of Education to devise means by which plays and concerts may be given in school buildings especially for the benefit of the children. A report is to be made to the Board of Education at the September meeting.

SENATOR FRYE BURIED.

Representatives of Nation and State Attend Services in Lewiston.

LEWISTON, Me., Aug. 11.—William Pierce Frye, United States Senator for thirty years and President pro tempore of the Senate for half that period, was buried to-day.

Private services were held at the residence at 11 o'clock. The body was then removed to the Pine Street Congregational Church, where during the noon hour it lay in state. The public funeral in the church followed, and was attended by scores of Federal, State, and municipal officials, a delegation of United States Senators, and Representatives in Congress.

At the private services those present included forty members of the family and ex-Senator and Mrs. Eugene Hale. The interment was in Riverside Cemetery.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks After Brief Rally Sell Off Again—Trading Less Active.

SOME NEW LOW RECORDS

Most Stocks Close Very Near the Bottom Prices of the Day—Banks Gain Cash.

It was shown yesterday that there was reason for the caution and reserve with which bankers adopted the hope on Thursday that the market had reached a position in which it could show a fair degree of firmness under any further selling that might take place. At the opening yesterday there were some gains in addition to the recovery which took place during the last two hours of trading on Thursday, but very soon after the opening prices began to recede, and thereafter the movement continued downward with few interruptions until the very close of the day. In the large majority of the most active issues the final prices were the lowest for the session, or only a shade above them. This decline carried a number of stocks to new low prices for the year. Union Pacific, which bore the brunt of some of the heaviest of the recent selling, suffered a net loss of 3¼ points. This was the maximum loss among the active stocks, in most of which the net declines amounted to between 1 and 2 points.

Nothing in the day's developments could be charged with causing the further decline in prices. The market, however, was still under the dominating influence of liquidation, prompted not by day to day considerations, but by the feeling of discouragement over the effects of political activity harmful to the business of the country. The existence of this feeling of discouragement necessarily lessens the ability of the market to readily absorb stocks which have been liquidated, and so it has been that every renewal of heavy selling has carried the market lower despite reasonably formed expectations of recoveries. Again yesterday it was held that blocks of stock had been taken over from those no longer able to carry them, but such of these incidents as may have actually occurred yesterday hardly would account for the downward drift of prices. Several days ago a large block of one of the most active stocks is understood to have been taken over from an operator whose large commitments have several times attracted much attention in Wall Street, and who is said to have been committed to an unwieldy long account when the present decline started. He was relieved of at least some of his stocks several days ago at prices which were then well under the market, but which, if reports upon the matter are accurate, were not much under the lowest of yesterday's quotations. Most of these incidents, however, had to do with the markets of some days ago rather than of yesterday, and they are principally interesting, not as accounting for the weakness which has been shown, but as incidents of the decline.

Indications pointed yesterday to a gain in the cash holdings of the banks, and presumably loans will again show a contraction if any considerable part of the selling which has carried the market down this week has represented the liquidation of margined accounts. It is an interesting feature of recent events that the money market has in no wise been disturbed during the heavy selling on the Stock Exchange. Very few loans apparently have been called, else call money would have been far less easy than it has been. This fact helps to support the contention that only a small part of the recent selling falls within the category of forced liquidation.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

International Nickel Co. for dividend on common.
Portland Railway, Light & Power Co. for dividend.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Havana Electric Railway on common and preferred.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¼@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2½ per cent.

Time money rates, 3@3½ per cent. for sixty days, 3@3½ per cent. for ninety days, 3¼@3½ per cent. for four months, 3½@3¾ per cent. for five and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3½@3¾ per cent. for October and November maturities, and 4@4¼ per cent. for January and February maturities.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 2 9-16 per cent., up 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2¼ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3 per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $293,801,283; balances, $10,186,686; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $388,769.

The local banks have lost $2,576,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations this week.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8610; demand, $4.8580. Paris—Cable, $5.19⅝ less 3-64; check, $5.20 plus 1-32.
Berlin—Cable, 95; check, 94 15-16.
Switzerland—Cable, $5.19⅝ less 1-32; check, $5.20 plus 1-32.
Holland—Cable, 40.24; check, 40.22.
Belgium—Cable, $5.20⅝ less 1-16; check, $5.21⅛.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.83⅛; ninety days, $4.82⅛.
London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.83⅛; ninety days, $4.82⅝.
Paris—Bankers', sixty days, $5.21⅞ less 1-32; ninety days, $5.22⅛ less 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, sixty days, $5.22⅛; ninety days, $5.23⅛.
Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 94⅝; ninety days, 94⅜.
Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94⅝ less 1-32; ninety days, 94⅜ less 1-32.
Exchanges on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, par; San Francisco, 20c premium; St. Paul, 40c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver unchanged in London at 24 1-16d per ounce, and in New York unchanged at 52¾c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 45c.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Maturity.		Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper...5	Apr.	1/13	100	100⅛	4.99
Am. Cigar S...5	Mar.	1/13	99⅞	100	4.00
Balt. & Ohio...4½	June	1/13	100	100⅛	4.37
Beth. Steel Co.6	Nov.	1/14	100¼	100⅜	5.74
Ches. & Ohio...4½	June	1/14	99	99⅛	4.81
C., H. & D., pur. money...4	July	1/13	98	99¼	4.28
Chi. & Alton...5	Mar.	15/13	99½	100	5.00
Chi. Elev. Ry.			97½	98¼	6.00
Erie	Aug.	8/14	100⅝	101	5.60
Gen. Motors...6	Oct.	1/13	99	99½	6.20
Gen. Rubber...4½	July	1/13	97½	97⅝	5.28
Hudson Co...6	Feb.	1/15	99	99½	6.27
Int. Ot. Nor...6	May	15/13	97	98	5.81
K. C. R. & L...6	Sept.	1913	74	97	.....
Le. St. ov. deb...5	Mar.	1915	88½	94	6.06
Minn. & St. L...6	Feb.	1913	94½	95	5.90
Mo. K. & T...5	June	1/13	97¾	98⅛	5.05
Mo. Pacific...5	June	1/14	97⅝	97¾	6.15
Nat. Ry. of M...5	June	1/13	97¾	98⅛	5.05
N. Y. Central...4½	Mar.	1/14	100	100⅛	4.40
Pac. T. & T...6	Jan.	1/15	100¼	100¾	5.85
Pere Marquette...6	July	1/12	98	99	7.03
St. L. & S. W...6	Mar.	1/13	98½	99	6.75
St. L. & S. F...6	June	1/13	98	98⅜	5.64
Southern Ry.	Feb.	1/13	100¼	100⅜	4.72
Tidewater Co...6	June	1/13	101¼	101⅝	5.64
U.S.R. & M...5	Aug.	1/14	97½	98	5.88
West. P. & T...5	Feb.	1/13	100⅜	100⅝	4.00
Westinghouse...6	Aug.	1/13	101¼	102	4.68

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday.

Total sales Aug. 11, 1911 738,548
From Jan. 1, 1911 65,039,638
Same period last year 116,255,978

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
21	22	100	Allis-Chalmers pf	21	21	21	21	—1
62	62¼	10,500	Amalgamated Copper	63⅛	63⅝	62	62	—1⅛
56	57	300	Am. Agricul. Chem.	57⅜	57½	56	56	.....
50⅛	51	5,500	Am. Beet Sugar	51	51½	50¾	50¾	.....
9⅛	9⅜	400	Am. Can	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	.....
82½	83	2,800	Am. Can pf	82	84	82	82	.....
50	50½	1,100	Am. Car & Foundry	51	52	50	50½	—1½
114⅞	115¼	100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf	115⅞	115⅞	115⅞	115⅞	—⅜
53	53½	500	Am. Cotton Oil	53⅝	53⅝	53	53	.....
4	4¼	400	Am. Hide & Leather	4	4	4	4	—⅛
21	21½	200	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	21½	21½	21¼	21¼	—1⅛
8	9	200	Am. Linseed	9	9	8	8	—1⅞
36⅛	37	400	Am. Locomotive	35	38	37	37	.....
104	106	100	Am. Locomotive pf	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜	+⅜
70	70⅛	12,600	Am. Smelt. & Ref	72⅜	72⅝	69⅞	70	—1⅝
104⅜	105⅛	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	105	105	105	105	+⅛
35	35	10	Am. Steel Foundries	36	36	36	36	—1
115	116	200	Am. Sugar Refining	115⅜	115⅜	115¼	115¼	—⅛
134½	134⅝	2,370	Am. Tel. & Tel	134⅞	134⅞	134⅝	134⅝	—⅛
		2,842	Am. Tel. & Tel. rights	6	6	5 31-32	5 31-32	+1-32
82	83	300	Am. Tobacco pf	82½	83	82½	82½	—½
28	29	200	Am. Woolen	29¼	29½	28¾	28¾	—¼
36⅜	37¼	200	Anaconda Copper Co	37	37	37	37	—⅛
104½	104¾	28,600	Atch., Top. & S. F	105⅝	106⅝	103⅞	104¼	—1⅝
103¾	104	200	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	103⅞	103⅞	103⅝	103⅝	—⅜
122	123	500	Atlantic Coast Line	124	124	122¼	122¼	—1⅞
102	102⅜	8,700	Baltimore & Ohio	103⅜	103⅞	101⅜	102	—⅝
...	...	10	Bank of Commerce	205	205	205	205	.....
...	18	100	Batopilas Mining	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾	.....
30⅛	31⅜	400	Bethlehem Steel	31¾	31¾	30⅝	30⅝	—⅜
60	61⅛	400	Bethlehem Steel pf	60	61⅛	60	61⅛	+1⅛
76¾	76⅞	3,600	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	76⅝	77	76	76	—⅛
237¾	237¾	14,900	Canadian Pacific	239⅝	239⅝	236¾	237¼	—3
24⅜	25	900	Central Leather Co	25	25½	24¼	24½	—⅝
73⅝	73⅝	6,200	Chesapeake & Ohio	74⅜	74⅝	73⅛	73⅝	—⅜
20	21	200	Chicago Gt. Western	20½	20½	20	20	—⅛
115	115⅛	15,450	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	117⅜	117⅝	114⅜	115⅛	—1⅝
140	140¼	800	Chi. & Northwestern	140⅛	140⅛	140⅛	140⅛	.....
132	135	100	Chi., St. P., M. & O.	132	132	132	132	.....
19¼	19⅜	1,700	Chino Copper	20	20	19⅜	19⅜	—⅛
29½	29⅞	100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	29⅜	29⅜	29⅜	29⅜	—⅛
50¼	51⅛	150	Colorado & Southern	50½	50¾	50¼	50¼	+⅛
187½	187⅝	2,800	Consolidated Gas	188⅜	188⅜	187½	187½	—2½
12⅝	12⅝	1,300	Corn Products Ref	13	13	12⅝	12⅝	—⅛
25½	26	400	Denver & Rio Grande	25⅞	25⅞	25½	25½	—⅛
54⅛	56	848	Den. & Rio Grande pf	55	55	54⅞	54⅞	—⅛
32	33½	200	Distillers' Securities	33	33⅜	33	33⅜	—⅛
29⅞	30	14,375	Erie	31⅜	31⅝	30	30	—1⅛
49½	50⅛	2,400	Erie 1st pf	51	51	49¼	49¼	—1
30	30½	300	Erie 2d pf	40⅝	40⅝	39⅝	39⅝	—1⅛
...	...	10	Fourth Nat. Bank	205	205	205	205	.....
151½	152	1,100	General Electric	154⅜	154⅜	152	152	—⅜
48	48¼	800	General Motors	48	48	48	48	—1⅛
81	84	100	General Motors pf	84	84	84	84	.....
5½	5⅝	1,100	Goldfield Consol	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5½	—⅛
125	125⅛	8,320	Great Northern pf	125⅞	127	124⅝	125	—2
48	48⅜	5,100	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	51¼	51¼	48¼	48¼	—2¼
138	140	500	Illinois Central	138⅞	138⅞	138¼	138¼	—⅝
15⅝	16⅛	2,900	Interborough-Met.	16⅜	16⅜	15⅞	16	.....
43½	44¼	1,700	Interborough-Met. pf	44⅜	44⅜	43⅜	43⅜	+⅛
...	...	300	Int.-Met. pf. vot.tr.cfs.	43⅜	43⅜	43⅜	43⅜	—1½
115¼	117	600	Int. Harvester	118	118	115⅜	115⅜	+⅛
34½	35¼	700	Int. Steam Pump	36⅜	36⅝	34½	34⅝	—2
29½	30	1,500	Kansas City South	31½	31½	30	30	—1
104	104⅛	600	Laclede Gas	104⅞	104⅞	103⅝	104⅛	+⅛
166½	166⅝	10,400	Lehigh Valley	168⅛	168⅝	166⅜	166⅜	—1
142	143⅛	1,200	Louisville & Nash	144	144⅞	142⅛	142⅝	—1⅛
83	84	100	Mackay Cos	85⅛	85⅛	83¾	83¾	—⅛
72	75	100	Mackay Cos. pf	72	72	72	72	.....
76½	80	500	May Dept. Stores	76	76	75½	76	+2⅜
15	16	400	Mercantile Marine pf	15½	15½	15¼	15¼	—⅜
19⅞	20	1,000	Miami Copper	20⅛	20⅛	19⅞	19⅞	—⅛
30	33	200	Minn. & St. Louis	30	30	30	30	.....
44	45	100	Minn. & St. Louis pf	45	45	45	45	.....
132¼	132⅝	400	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	134⅛	134⅛	133	133	+⅛
32½	32⅝	1,200	Mo., Kansas & Texas	33	33⅛	32½	32½	—⅛
66	66½	100	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	66	66	66	66	—⅛
42⅜	43	4,600	Missouri Pacific	42⅜	43	41¾	41⅝	—⅛
17	17⅛	200	Nat. Enam. & Stamp.	17	17	17	17	.....
50½	51	400	Nat. Lead Co	51½	51⅜	50⅝	50⅝	—⅛
28⅛	29⅜	100	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf	29½	29½	29½	29½	+⅛
17⅞	17⅞	300	Nev. Consol. Copper	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	—⅛
103⅛	103⅜	4,950	New York Central	104⅛	104⅛	103⅛	103⅛	—1⅝
135⅞	136⅛	600	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	136	136	134	134	—1⅝
39⅝	39¾	1,400	N. Y. Ont. & West	40¼	40¼	39¾	39¾	—⅛
102⅝	102⅞	1,700	Norfolk & Western	104	104	102⅝	102⅝	—⅝
71	71⅛	900	North American	72⅜	72⅜	70⅝	70⅝	—1
119⅝	120	17,195	Northern Pacific	122⅜	122⅝	119⅝	119⅞	—2⅜
29	30¼	1,100	Pacific Mail	29⅞	30¼	29	29	—⅝
39	40⅜	600	Pacific Tel. & Tel	41	41	39½	39½	—⅝
120¼	120⅝	7,500	Pennsylvania R. R.	121	121	120⅜	120⅞	—⅛
105	105½	165	People's Gas, Chi	103	105	103	105	+⅛
...	115	100	P. C., C. & St. L. pf.	108	108	108	108	—⅛
18⅜	19	500	Pittsburgh Coal	19	19½	18⅜	18⅜	—⅛
84⅜	85	800	Pittsburgh Coal pf	85¼	85¾	84½	84⅝	+⅛
15¼	15½	900	Ray Consol. Copper	15⅜	15⅝	15¼	15½	+⅛
32	33	200	R'way Steel Springs	31⅞	32	31⅞	32	.....
145⅜	145⅝	116,100	Reading	148⅛	148½	145⅞	145⅝	+⅛
91	91¼	100	Reading 2d pf	91	91	91	91	.....
26	27	1,100	Rep. Iron & Steel	27⅛	27⅞	27	27	.....
91¼	92	400	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	92	92	92	92	.....
26⅞	27½	14,350	Rock Island Co	28⅜	28⅜	26⅞	27	—⅛
51⅛	52⅜	8,310	Rock Island Co. pf	54	54⅜	51⅛	51½	—1⅝
42⅞	42⅞	900	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	44	44	42⅞	42⅞	—⅛
46	47	100	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	46½	46½	46½	46½	.....
114	114½	14,850	Southern Pacific	116⅝	116⅝	114	114	—1⅛
28⅜	28½	6,000	Southern R'way ext.	29⅛	29⅞	28⅜	28⅜	—⅝
68⅝	69	500	South. R'way pf., ext.	69⅞	69⅞	68¼	68½	—⅝
33	33½	900	Tennessee Copper	33⅝	33⅝	33	33	—⅛
100	100½	2,980	Texas Co.	103⅝	104	100	100½	—3½
23½	26	1,000	Texas & Pacific	26¼	26¼	26	26	+⅛
45	45	800	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	44½	44½	44¼	44¾	.....
103½	107	100	Twin City, R. Transit	106	106	106	106	.....
85	87	1,040	Underwood Typewriter	90	90	89	89	—2
112	112¾	200	Under'd Typew'r pf	112½	112½	112	112	—1½
5	6	400	Union Bag & Paper	6	6	6	6	—⅛
51	60	100	Union B. & Paper pf	54	54	54	54	.....
173½	174	164,500	Union Pacific	178	178	173⅞	173⅞	—3¼
92⅝	94	500	Union Pacific pf	93⅝	93⅝	92½	92⅝	+⅛
61	64	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	63	63	63	63	.....
53	55	20	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf	52⅝	52⅞	52¾	52¾	.....
89	91	200	U. S. Express	90	90	90	90	.....
70	72	200	U. S. Realty & Imp.	71	71½	71	71½	+⅛
36⅝	37	1,200	U. S. Rubber	37¼	37½	36⅝	36⅝	—⅛
110½	111⅝	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	111	111	111	111	—⅛
73	77	100	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝	—⅛
72¼	72⅝	162,600	U. S. Steel	74	74½	72½	72⅝	—1⅛
115½	116	2,100	U. S. Steel pf	116⅜	116⅜	115¼	115½	—1
45⅛	45¼	5,100	Utah Copper	46	46	45¼	45¾	—⅝
54	54⅜	900	Va.-Caro. Chemical	55¼	55¾	54¼	54¼	—⅝
120	120⅝	100	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf	120½	120½	120¼	120⅜	—⅛
14⅛	14⅜	100	Wabash	14½	14½	14¼	14¼	—⅛
31	32⅛	300	Wabash pf	32	32	31⅝	31¾	—⅛
56	58	900	Western Maryland	58¼	58¼	58	58	—1
76¾	77	1,000	Western Union Tel.	77⅝	77⅝	77	77	—⅛
65⅝	65¾	300	Westinghouse E. & M.	66	66	65⅜	66	.....
8	8¼	200	Wheel & Lake Erie	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	—⅛
52½	53	725	Wisconsin Central	55⅝	55⅝	52	52	—2

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday.

Total sales Aug. 11, 1911 ..... $1,014,000
From Jan. 1, 1911 44,384,000
Same period last year 419,175,500

Panama 3s—
10,000 102
Argentine Gov 5s
5,000 ..... 97½
Chinese Ry 5s, retg. full paid
20,000 98
Jap. Gov 4½s, sterling loan
2,000 ..... 94½
Rep. of Cuba 5s
5,000 108
N Y State 4s, 1961
6,000 ..... 102⅝
Va 6s, def. Brown Bros & Co ctfs
1,000 85
1,000 ..... 51⅜
25,000 51
10,000 ..... 50⅝
10,000 50
1,000 51
N Y City 4½s, 1957
11,000 ..... 108⅜
N Y City 4s, 1957
10,000 ..... 98⅞
N Y City 4s, 1958
1,000 100
N Y City 4s, 1959
15,000 ..... 99⅝
N Y City 4½s
9,000 ..... 102⅜
Allis-Chalmers 5s
1,000 ..... 77½
5,000 ..... 77½
Am Ag Ch conv 5s
2,000 ..... 101⅞
Am Hide & L 6s
1,000 ..... 98⅜
Am Smelt Secur 6s
5,000 ..... 102⅜
20,000 ..... 102⅝
1,000 ..... 102⅜
Am T & T coll 4s
2,000 91
Am T & T conv 4s
23,000 ..... 103⅜
55,000 ..... 105½
27,000 ..... 102⅝
4,000 ..... 103⅝
Am Tobacco 6s
1,000 ..... 104⅝
4,000 ..... 104⅞
12,000 ..... 104⅝
11,000 ..... 104½
22,000 ..... 104⅝
1,000 ..... 104½
47,000 ..... 104⅝
Am Tobacco 4s
4,000 stpd 83½
15,000 ..... 83½
25,000 ..... 83½
73,000 ..... 83½
registered
500 ..... 84⅜
Am Writing P 5s
7,000 ..... 91½
A. T. & S F gen 4s
3,500 90
500 ..... 90¼
1,000 ..... 90⅛
5,000 90
adjsmt 4s, stpd
1,000 ..... 91⅞
convertible 4s
1,000 ..... 106½
conv 4s, 1960
20,000 ..... 101¼
6,000 ..... 101⅛
3,000 ..... 101⅛
1,000 101
Atl Coast Line, L. & Nash col 4s
1,000 ..... 98¼
Balt & O prior lien 3½s
1,000 ..... 92⅛
gold 4s
5,000 ..... 93½
1,000 ..... 93¼
Bethlehem Steel 5s
5,000 94
Brklyn Rapid Tran ref conv 4s
4,000 ..... 83½
5,000 ..... 83⅜
5,000 83
19,000 ..... 83¼
Brklyn Un Gas 5s
3,000 ..... 107⅜
Bush Terminal 5s
2,000 ..... 98⅜
Canada Southn 2d
4,000 ..... 100⅜
Cent Leather 5s
3,000 ..... 93⅛
2,000 ..... 93⅜
5,000 ..... 93½
2,000 93
Cent Pac gtd 4s
3,000 ..... 97¼
Ches & O gen 4½s
1,000 ..... 100⅜
C & A conv 4½s
15,000 ..... 93⅜
10,000 ..... 93⅝
25,000 ..... 93¼
5,000 ..... 93⅜
Chi & Alton 3½s
5,000 66
C, R & Q gen 4s
10,000 ..... 96½
C, R & Q joint 4s
11,000 ..... 90⅜
Illinois Div 4s
2,000 90
Chi & Ind Coal 5s
1,000 ..... 100⅞
C, R I & P R R 4s
25,000 72
10,000 ..... 72⅜
16,000 ..... 72½
13,000 ..... 73⅜
10,000 ..... 72⅝
5,000 73
7,000 ..... 72⅝
Chi, Rock Isl & Pac Ry ref 4s
1,000 ..... 89½
Chino Con 6s, subscrts. full paid
2,500 ..... 108⅜
C. C. C. & St. L. general 4s
4,000 ..... 92¼
6,000 92
Col Midland 1st 4s
1,000 63
Dallas & Waco 5s
3,000 ..... 108⅜
Del & Hud 1st & refunding 4s
10,000 ..... 98¼
4,000 ..... 98½
Den & Rio Grande 1st & ref 5s
2,000 90
1,000 ..... 89½
Dist Secur Corp 5s
6,000 76
Erie 1st con 4s
10,000 88
Erie 1st general 4s
3,000 ..... 78⅜
Erie conv 4s, Ser A
1,000 85
Series B
5,000 75
Genl Motors 6s
24,000 99
Havana Elec 5s
1,000 ..... 98½
Inter-Met 4½s
10,000 78
44,000 ..... 77¼
Inter-Met 4½s
25,000 78
20,000 ..... 77⅞
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s
2,000 ..... 79½
Kansas City So 5s
6,000 100
2,000 ..... 99⅝
Lack Steel 5s, 1923
3,000 ..... 98¼
Lake Sh. & Mich So 4s, 1928
1,000 ..... 98⅝
1931
20,000 ..... 93⅜
Lou & N unifd 4s
1,000 ..... 93⅜
Mercantile Mar col trust 4s
1,000 ..... 66¾
1,000 66
Met St ref 4s, 1/7 Co ctfs, stpd
1,000 ..... 45½
Mich State T 5s
1,000 ..... 100⅜
M., St. P. & S. S. M. 1st 5s
2,000 ..... 114½
M., K. & T. 4½s
5,000 87
Mo Pac conv 5s
200 ..... 92⅛
10,000 ..... 91⅝
Mut Fuel Gas 5s
10,000 101
Nat Rys of Mex prior lien 4½s
1,000 ..... 92⅜
N Y Air Brake 1st convertible 6s
1,000 103
N Y Cent gen 3½s
10,000 ..... 85½
deb 4s, 1934
4,000 ..... 93½
Lake S col 3½s
5,000 78
9,000 stpd 78½
N Y, Chi & St L 4s
2,000 ..... 89½
N Y Telesph 4½s
1,000 ..... 100½
13,000 ..... 100⅜
Nor & Wn conv 4s
20,000 ..... 104⅜
3,000 stpd 104⅜
23,000 ..... 104⅛
divisional 4s
5,000 ..... 93½
11,000 ..... 93⅜
Northn Pacific 4s
2,000 ..... 99½
1,000 ..... 99⅜
Ore Short Line gtd refunding 4s
5,000 ..... 93⅜
Pac Tel & Tel 5s
1,000 ..... 99½
9,000 ..... 99½
Penn conv 3½s, 1915
11,000 ..... 90⅜
registered
1,000 ..... 96½
4s, 1948
1,000 ..... 102⅝
Philippine Ry 4s
7,000 84
Public Serv Corp sinking fund 5s
7,000 ..... 98⅝
Reading general 4s
5,000 96
Rep Iron & Steel 1 & 2 5s, 1940
10,000 ..... 94½
St L & San Fran R. R. ref 4s
10,000 81
1,000 ..... 80⅜
general 5s
4,000 ..... 83¼
3,000 ..... 83¾
1,000 83
Seaboard Air Line gold 4s, stpd
4,000 ..... 87⅛
1,000 ..... 87⅜
Southn Pac col 4s
10,000 ..... 91⅜
Sou Pac conv 4s
14,000 ..... 97¼
2,000 ..... 97⅜
12,000 ..... 97⅛
25,000 ..... 97⅛
Sou Pac 1st ref 4s
31,000 ..... 94⅜
4,000 95
Southn Ry gen 4s
5,000 ..... 79½
5,000 79
5,000 ..... 78⅝
4,000 ..... 78½
St. L. Div 4s
1,000 ..... 83½
Third Av. 4s
1,000 ..... 87½
Toledo Ry & L. 4s
2,000 ..... 71⅝
Union Pac 1st 4s
4,000 ..... 101¼
convertible 4s
20,000 ..... 104⅜
10,000 ..... 104⅝
20,000 ..... 104⅝
3,000 ..... 104⅜
500 ..... 103⅝
5,000 ..... 104⅛
15,000 ..... 104⅛
80,000 ..... 104⅜
13,000 ..... 104⅛
18,000 ..... 104⅜
15,000 ..... 104⅛
15,000 104

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Allis-Chalmers Bonds.

Although the Allis-Chalmers 5 per cent. bonds, which stockholders were allowed to buy at 80 five years ago, when the issue was put out, have not recovered any of their recent loss, and sold yesterday at 71¼, it is reported that the forthcoming annual statement will show the full interest to have been earned last year. Gross and net earnings are expected to reflect poorer business, but there is said to have been enough left after operating expenses to provide for interest requirements with a small margin over. The company is now operating at between 50 and 60 per cent. of capacity. The company's business is said to be "spotty," which means presumably that some departments are not doing as badly as some others.

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Trading in Union Pacific.

Union Pacific has again become the centre of market interest in the last few days. There have been enough news developments in the company recently to add to the speculative interest that had so long lain dormant, and the stories of liquidation by Henry C. Frick and possible labor troubles of far-reaching consequence helped to make Union Pacific the most active stock on the list in yesterday's trading. Of the 728,000 shares sold on the Exchange yesterday 164,000, or more than one-fifth were Union. Steel common furnished a close second in point of activity with 162,000 shares dealt in. At the close of business yesterday Union was selling 15 points below its price two weeks earlier, and on a basis to yield 5.7 per cent. on its purchase price.

***

New Low Records.

A score or more new low records were made yesterday, not only for the present decline, but for the year, and in some cases for a longer time back. The total transactions, however, of 728,548 shares were well below Thursday's big business, that day's aggregate of 1,033,630 making the most active market since Nov. 10, 1910. The last hour was the busiest and it was in that period that the heaviest declines occurred.

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Less Interest in Bonds.

While activity in stocks has increased with the recessions, the bond market has not reflected to any marked extent either the declines or the apparent liquidation. Outside of a few of the speculative issues and the convertible issues which have naturally responded to the losses in the stocks they represent, the bond market as a whole has been fairly steady, though less active. A notable feature of trading in this department has been the narrowing of interest in contrast to the remarkable diversity of business earlier in the year, which brought out many issues seldom quoted and more rarely traded in.

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Bank Clearings Better.

The increased activity on the Stock Exchange showed itself this week in the figures of bank clearings throughout the country as compiled by Dun's Review. Whereas in the previous week the aggregate bank clearings at all the leading cities in the United States were 3.5 per cent. less than in the corresponding week in 1910, and 9.2 per cent. less than in 1909, this week the returns are 17.1 per cent. greater than last year and only 3.8 per cent. less than in 1909. The aggregate earnings were $2,595,508,636. The extent to which the stock market activity here is responsible is measureably reflected in the increase of 25.1 per cent. in New York City. This is the largest gain by comparison with the previous year in a long period. Though a large proportion of the increase here is due to the activity in the securities market, it reflects to some extent the broadening activity in commercial channels.

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Big Elevated System.

With the completion of the merger of Chicago's elevated railroads, Britton I. Budd, who will have charge of the consolidated system, will direct 178 miles of elevated road, with a total capitalization in excess of $100,000,000. The merger was financed by the National City Bank, which has superseded J. P. Morgan & Co. as the chief financial power in Chicago traction matters. The company does an interurban business which extends into several States, and it is planned to inaugurate the sale of commutation tickets with an increased number of rides for $1.

MR. RYAN NOT ENCOURAGING.

Finds Business in West Unsatisfactory, but Likes Copper Outlook.

John D. Ryan, President of the Amalgamated Copper Company, returning to New York yesterday after a two months' absence in the West, where he had opportunity to closely observe business conditions, expressed gloomy views of the situation. He predicted an overwhelming victory for whichever political party should adopt a safe and sane platform next year. The copper business he reports better than any other he knows of, and gives his reasons. Of the slowdown in business generally in the West he says:

"General business in the sections I have visited is dull and unsatisfactory. Men of large and small business alike are complainnig and are generally fixing the blame for conditions on the agitation and interference with business and business concerns by men who have had no business training and do not appear to realize the results of the work upon which they are engaged. I find people are asking now where they are going to be benefited by all these disturbances and how they are going to be repaid for the sacrifice of business which has lasted more or less for the last four years; whether the breaking up of big combinations is going to result in any real benefit to the people generally. They are wondering whether they are going to get their oil or tobacco, or other trust products, any cheaper after the trusts have been abolished.

"I believe, if present conditions continue, that by next year the country will be ready to elect overwhelmingly the candidates of the party that the people believe will do most to restore normal business conditions and permit extensions that have been held back since 1907. I do not think any one visiting as many sections of the country as I have and talking with as many people will come back with any other impression than that they are sick and tired and anxious to do away with present political conditions.

"The copper business is better than any other I know of, and the reason is easy to find," Mr. Ryan added. The growth of the manufacturing business in Europe in the last four or five years has been unprecedented, and the manufacturing countries over there are unusually prosperous. We are selling them the product of our mines to the extent of over half of our total output.

"If conditions hold as they are to-day in the manufacturing industries using copper in Europe until American manufacturers have a return of good times, there will be a greater shortage of copper felt than in 1906, and I fear just as abruptly high prices will be seen for the metal. This, of course, is looking some time ahead, but I feel we are certain to see it."

Congress Relieves Homesteaders.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Homesteaders in Oklahoma, Nebraska, Wisconsin, and other Western States, whose crops have failed this year on account of drought, will be permitted to leave their claims until next April without forfeiting any rights, under a bill passed by the House to-day. Another measure passed extends for one year the time for the payment of money due from homesteaders on the Rosebud Indian reservation, [illegible]. Both bills have passed

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Weakness General, in Line with the Depression on New York Exchange.

COMMONWEALTH EDISON DOWN

Loses Three Points Under the Pressure of Selling Orders in Chicago.

The out-of-town markets shared to some extent in the weakness on the New York Exchange yesterday, without enjoying its activity.

The Baltimore market was quiet and featureless.

A further decline was witnessed on the Boston market yesterday. Amalgamated declined to 62¾. Copper Range lost over two points, and Calumet and Hecla sold off seven points, to 403. North Butte was active and lost about a point for the day.

There was a rather irregular tendency to prices on the Chicago Stock Exchange, though few of the changes in quotations were of more than a narrow degree. One exception was furnished by Commonwealth Edison, which dropped rather violently under the pressure of offerings in the afternoon trading, and closed at 130, compared with 133 at the close yesterday. Illinois Brick was another of the heavy features, with a decline of a full point, to 52. There was a fractional recession in Sears Roebuck common, following earlier gains and dips of about an equal degree in Swift and McCrum Howell. On the other hand, fractions were gained by American Can preferred, People's Gas, Hart S. & M., and Pneumatic Tool. Illinois Brick officials report good business, but decline to give out any details concerning operations. Street gossip regarding the resumption of dividends on the stock is to the effect that the Directors may see fit to place the shares on a 4 per cent. basis at the next quarter. This is one-half the rate formerly paid.

Except for the up bidding of U. G. I., the Philadelphia market was quiet and rather heavy in spots. Opening at 74, United States Steel rapidly sold down to 73, and this caused more or less depression elsewhere. Cambria Steel, however, showed some strength, recovering to above 45, and Lehigh Navigation rose a point on small transactions. In the last hour, however, the weakness of the New York list caused depression. United States Steel fell below 73, while Reading and Lehigh Valley also suffered severely.

Yesterday's transactions in the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
60	Am. Bonding	76½	76½	76½
15	Baltimore Trust	169½	169½	169½
100	Coms. Coal	100½	100½	100½
40	Fidelity and Deposit	150	150	150
810	Houston Oil	9¼	9¼	9¼
160	Houston Oil pf	74	74	74
10	Maryland Casualty	92¾	92¾	92¾
100	United Rys	16½	16½	16½
25,600	A. C. L. conv. deb. 4s	99	99	99
5,000	Baltimore Elec. 5s	96	96	96
1,000	Chicago Ry. 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾
1,000	Cotton Duck 5s	77¾	77¾	77¾
2,000	Ga. & Ala. 5s	106	106	106
14,000	G. B. S. Brewing inc.	5	5	5
5,000	S. A. L. (Atl.-Bir. Div.) 4s	87	87	87

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
70	Atchison	106	104½	104½
115	Boston Elevated	126½	126½	126½
10	Boston & Maine	105	104	105
10	Boston & Worc. pf.	51	51	51
15	C. J. R. & S. Y. pf.	165	165	165
4	Fitchburg pf.	127	127	127
5,408	N. Y., N. H. & H.	135¾	135	135
7	Old Colony	188	188	188
740	Union Pacific	178	174½	174½
100	West End	89	89	89
6	West End pf.	102¾	102¾	102¾

TELEPHONES.

1,283	American	134½	134½	134½
9,708	Am. T. & T. rights	6 5	15-16 5	15-16
10	Cumberland	156½	156½	156½
70	New England	147½	146½	146½

MISCELLANEOUS.

200	Am. Ag. Chemical	56¾	56½	56¾
15	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	103¾	103½	103¼
5	A., G. & W. I. pf.	19½	19½	19½
210	Am. Pneu. Ser. 4½s	4½	4¾	4¾
225	Am. Pneu. Ser. 2d pf.	14½	14	14½
80	Am. Sugar Refining	116	115½	116
50	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	116½	116	116
91	Am. Woolen	91	90	90
365	East Boston Land	10¾	10½	10½
210	Eastern S. S.	95	95	95
13	Edison	287	287	287
115	General Electric	153½	153½	153½
90	Int. Button Hole	6	6	6
311	Mass. Gas	95	94	94
5	Mass. Gas pf.	97½	97½	97½
459	Swift & Co.	102	101¾	101¾
41	Torrington, Class A	31½	31	31½
43	United Fruit	188	187	187
723	United Shoe Mach.	43¼	42½	42½
7,526	U. S. Steel	74	72¾	72½
20	U. S. Steel pf.	117	116¾	116¾

MINING.

15	Algomah	8	8	8
2,840	Amalgamated	63¾	62½	62¾
595	Am. Zinc	27	26	26¼
10	Anaconda	37	37	37
635	Arizona Com'l	13	12¾	12½
325	Boston & Corbin	10¾	10	10½
75	Butte Coalition	17¾	16¾	17½
75	Butte Balaklala	4	3¾	4
318	Calumet & Arizona	53¾	51½	51½
40	Calumet & Hecla	410	403	403
110	Chino Copper	20	19¾	20
675	Copper Range	55	54¾	55
325	East Butte	12¾	12¼	12½
250	Franklin	10¾	10	10
125	Giroux	5 11-16	5½	5½
85	Granby	31¾	30½	30¾
625	Greene-Cananea	6¾	6¾	6¾
115	Hancock	23½	23	23
50	Inspiration	1	1	1
60	Indiana	11¼	11	11
125	Inspiration Mining	7 7-16	7¼	7¼
360	Island Creek	37	37	37
265	Isle Royale	15	14	14
80	Kerr Lake	4 15-16	4 13-16	4 15-16
10	Keweenaw	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,185	Lake	31¼	30	30¾
10	Mass	7¾	7¾	7¾
100	Mayflower	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
250	Miami	19¼	19¼	19¼
270	Nevada	17¾	17¾	17¾
10	New Arcadia	2¾	2¾	2¾
160	Nipissing	8 7-16	8¼	8 7-16
2,057	North Butte	29½	28½	28½
10	North Lake	6¼	6¼	6¼
185	Ojibway	6	6	6
25	Old Dominion	41	41	41
40	Osceola	95	95	95
10	Parrot	11½	11½	11½
25	Ray Con.	15¼	15	15
100	Santa Fe	1¼	1¼	1¼
355	Shannon	10¼	9¾	9¾
5	Superior	26	26	26
125	Superior & Boston	4¼	4¼	4¾
5	Tamarack	30	30	30
100	Trinity	3¾	3¾	3¾
280	Tuolumne Mining	4	3¾	3¾
335	U. S. Smelting	34¼	34	34¼
110	U. S. Smelting pf.	48	47¼	47¼
450	Utah Apex	2½	2¼	2¼
80	Utah Con.	16	15¼	15¼
10	Utah Copper	45¼	45¼	45¼
50	Winona	7	7	7
15	Wolverine	107	106¼	106¼

BONDS.

$14,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	91¼	91	91
6,000	C. E. & Q. joint 4s	96¾	96¾	96¾
1,000	C. & W. Mich. 5s	101½	101½	101½

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
53	Alliance Ins.	12¾	12¾	12¾
100	Am. Milling	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16
80	Am. Railways	44½	44½	44½
10	Am. Smelting	71½	71½	71½
10	Brooklyn	76½	76½	76½
433	Cambria Steel	45¼	44¾	44¾
50	Erie	30½	30½	30½
17	Elec. Co. Am.	11¾	11¾	11¾
282	Elec. Storage	53	52¾	52¾
10	Elec. Co. N.	20¾	20¾	20¾
40	Lake Superior Corp.	24¾	24¾	24¾
54	Lehigh Navigation	90	90	90
156	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	90	90	90
1,105	Lehigh Valley	84	83¼	83½
75	Leh. Val. tr. pf. t. c.	22	22	22
8	Minehill	60½	60½	60½
237	Phila. R. T.	22¾	22	22
3,110	Phila R. T. t. c.	23¼	23	23¼
970	Pennsylvania R. R.	60¾	60¼	60¼
113	Philadelphia Co.	52	52	52
58	Philadelphia Co. pf.	45	45	45
426	Phila. Elec.	17¾	17¼	17¾
2	Phila. Traction	86	86	86
905	Reading	74 72	13-16 72	13-16
100	St. Paul	117¾	117¾	117¾
280	Southern Railway	28¾	28¾	28¾
50	Tonopah Belmont	6¾	6½	6¾
130	Tonopah Mining	5¾	5¾	5¾
1,027	U. S. Light	86	85¼	85½
10,200	U. S. Steel	74	72¾	73¾
20	United Pacific C.	177¾	177	177¾
766	Union Traction	51¾	51	51
5	W. J. & S.	64½	64½	64½

*Quoted ex div. except for cash.

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	American Can	9¾	9¾	9¾
100	American Can pf.	83¾	83¾	83¾
50	American Telephone	134¾	134¾	134¾
50	Booth Fisheries	40¾	40¾	40¾
30	Booth Fisheries pf.	65	65	65
60	Chicago Pneu. Tool	48	47½	48
225	Chicago Subway	2¾	2¾	2¾
10	Chicago Title & Trust	165	165	165
190	Com. Edison	133	130	130
50	Corn Products Ref.	12½	12½	12½
25	Diamond Match	102	103	102
200	Illinois Brick	53	52	52
15	McCrum-Howell	47	47	47
50	Hart, S. & M. pf.	102¾	102¾	102¾
50	Reading	147¾	147¾	147¾
60	People's Gas	105¾	104¾	105¾
660	Sears-Roebuck	136½	137½	137¼
10	Street's Stable Car pf.	80	80	80
470	Swift & Co.	102¾	101¾	101¾
500	U. S. Steel	74	73¼	73¾

BONDS.

$1,000	Com. Edison 5s	105	103	103
5,000	Chicago Pneu. Tool 5s	80	80	80
2,000	Met. Elevated gold 4s	80½	80¾	80¾
1,000	Met. Elev. ext. 4s	82½	82½	82½
15,000	Morris & Co. 4½s	90½	90¼	90¼
1,000	South Side Elev. 4½s	95¾	95¾	95¾
5,000	South Side Elev. 4½s	95¾	95¾	95¾
3,000	Western Electric 5s	102¾	102¾	102¾

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
430	Crucible Steel pf.	81	81	81
10	Firepproofing	6	6	6
130	Fireproofing pf.	25	25¾	25¾
100	Ind. Brew. pf.	25	25	25
80	Mfrs. L. & H.	23½	23	23½
95	Oklahoma Gas	20¾	20½	20½
535	Pitts. Brewing	20¾	20	20
200	Pitts. Coal	19¾	19	19
80	Pitts. Coal pf.	85¾	84¾	85¾
63	Pitts. Plate Glass	107¾	107	107
20	Pure Oil	8¾	8¾	8¾
200	River Coal	10¾	10¾	10¾
150	River Coal pf.	34	34	34
4,900	San. Toy	40c.	39c.	40c.
10	U. S. Steel	73	73	73
12	U. S. Steel pf.	116¾	116¾	116¾
35	Westingh. Elec. 2ds	33	33	33

BANKS.

10	Exchange National	83½	83½	83½

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.03	Julia	.33
Alpha Con.	.03	Justice	.11
Andes	.09	Kentucky Con.	.06
Belcher	.49	Mexican	3.90
Best & Belcher	.16	Occidental Con.	.00
Bullion	.10	Ophir	1.90
Caledonia	.54	Overman	.36
Challenge Con.	.11	Potosi	.21
Chollar	.13	Savage	.14
Confidence	.60	Seg Belcher	.13
Con. Cal. & Va.	.62	Sierra Nevada	.35
Con. Imperial	.02	Union Con.	1.45
Crown Point	.55	Utah Con.	.12
Gould & Curry	.12	Yellow Jacket	.38
Hale & Norcross	.17		

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	6.55	Goldfield Con. M.	5.00
Jim Butler	.27	Goldfield Merger	.24
MacNamara	.18	Great Bend	.03
Midway	.17	Jumbo Ext.	.21
Montana	.09	Lone Star	.06
Ohio	.03	Red Hills	.02
Tonopah Ext.	.50	Sandstorm-Kendo	.03
West End	.50	St. Ives	.37
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.06
Adams	.01	Nevada Hills	3.52½
Atlanta	.18	BULLFROG.	
Bluebell	.01	Bullfrog Mining	.01
Comb. Fraction	.09	Bullfrog N. B.	.01
Booth	.09	Gold Bar	.01
C. O. D.	.09	Homestake King	.01
Florence	1.35	Mont. Mountain	.01
		Tramps Cons	.02

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	6	7	Jackpot	6	7
Elkton	60	60½	McKinney	35	36½
El Paso	50	51½	Old Gold	3	3½
Findlay	4½	5	Portland	99	100
Gold Dollar	15	15¼	Vindicator	75	76
Isabella	10¼	11	Jen. Sample	10	

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC—			
4th week July	$74,162	$68,683	$5,479
July 1-July 31	229,468	212,911	16,557
CANADIAN PACIFIC—			
1st week Aug.	2,272,000	2,065,000	207,000
July 1-Aug. 7	5,177,000	4,817,000	360,000
DENVER & RIO GRANDE—			
1st week Aug.	481,100	447,100	34,000
July 1-Aug. 10	2,441,800	2,439,200	*17,400
INTERNATIONAL & GREAT NORTHERN—			
1st week Aug.	140,000	146,000	*6,000
July 1-Aug. 7	727,000	838,000	*111,000
IOWA CENTRAL—			
1st week Aug.	62,073	66,352	*3,279
July 1-Aug. 7	312,343	309,242	3,101
MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS—			
1st week Aug.	87,967	83,670	4,297
July 1-Aug. 7	466,984	467,239	*20,255
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS—			
1st week Aug.	470,594	469,365	1,229
July 1-Aug. 7	2,624,684	2,609,845	14,738
TEXAS & PACIFIC—			
1st week Aug.	262,235	234,212	9,023
Jan. 1-Aug. 7	8,270,936	8,317,908	*546,947
ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—			
1st week Aug.	205,070	211,460	*6,381
July 1-Aug. 7	1,025,887	1,121,947	*96,080
WABASH—			
1st week Aug.	594,651	601,177	*6,526
July 1-Aug. 7	3,000,381	2,945,908	54,773

BOSTON & MAINE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for June—

Mileage	2,242.80	2,242.80	
Freight rev.	2,206,124	2,078,745	124,378
Passenger rev.	1,348,537	1,273,412	70,124
Other tran. rev.	251,582	251,345	236
Non-tran. rev.	64,785	60,697	4,088
Total op. rev.	3,863,030	3,664,201	198,828
Mt. of way and structure	670,138	598,210	80,028
Maint. of equip.	611,928	502,545	109,382
Traffic exp.	47,707	66,179	*18,472
Transpor. exp.	1,989,878	1,808,254	181,624
General exp.	99,738	104,571	*4,812
Total op. exp.	3,427,911	3,079,960	348,250
Net op. rev.	435,119	584,240	*149,121
Out op. (net)	1,314	16,548	7,982
Total net rev.	436,433	577,902	*141,538
Taxes	147,235	165,489	*18,253
Op. income	289,197	412,502	*123,305

July 1 to June 30:

Freight rev.	25,891,481	25,451,236	440,244
Passenger rev.	15,524,481	14,635,095	889,386
Other tran. rev.	2,673,020	2,674,405	99,285
Non-tran. rev.	725,481	676,467	49,013
Total op. rev.	44,815,064	43,357,175	1,457,900
Mt. of way and structure	6,066,120	5,253,611	812,500
Maint. of equip.	6,248,435	5,446,734	801,700
Traffic exp.	590,350	544,016	*48,665
Transpor. exp.	21,229,175	19,075,788	2,153,386
General exp.	1,104,621	1,016,173	88,447
Total op. exp.	35,148,708	31,336,324	3,812,379
Net op. rev.	9,666,381	12,020,851	*2,354,469
Out. op. (net)	68,235	47,250	20,976
Total net rev.	9,734,617	12,068,111	*2,333,493
Taxes	2,089,905	2,076,880	13,025
Op. income	7,644,711	9,991,230	*2,346,519

*Decrease. †Deficit.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for June.

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Mileage	4,578.84	4,550.54	23.30
Freight rev.	3,123,366	2,949,915	175,451
Passenger rev.	1,035,636	1,009,082	26,554
Other tran. rev.	591,724	616,811	*27,087
Non-trans. rev.	30,175	35,270	*5,095
Total oper. rev.	4,782,903	4,613,080	169,822
Maint. of way and structure	627,690	610,204	17,486
Maint. of equip.	945,821	1,062,690	*116,818
Traffic exp.	116,654	100,923	15,730
Trans. expenses	1,014,604	1,650,787	14,217
General exp.	118,329	158,309	*40,070
Total op. exp.	3,482,500	3,590,953	*108,453
Net oper. rev.	1,300,403	1,022,126	278,276
Out. oper., deb.	7,701	15,106	*12,808
Total net rev.	1,292,701	1,027,282	265,468
Taxes	219,773	172,883	46,910
Oper. income	1,072,927	854,360	218,558

July 1 to June 30:

Freight rev.	40,682,197	38,777,738	1,904,458
Passenger rev.	13,203,004	11,881,013	1,043,990
Other tran. rev.	6,955,487	6,834,479	121,008
Non-trans. rev.	414,341	391,469	22,872
Total oper. rev.	60,977,031	57,884,721	3,092,310
Maint. of way and structure	7,523,295	7,607,891	*84,595
Maint. of equip.	12,317,364	13,502,240	*1,184,875
Traffic exp.	1,334,163	1,246,381	87,781
Trans. exp.	21,533,814	19,784,910	1,598,924
Gen. expenses	1,347,570	1,229,297	118,273
Total oper. exp.	43,856,228	43,320,730	535,497
Net oper. rev.	17,120,803	14,563,990	2,556,812
Outside op., deb.	56,464	74,418	*22,046
Total net rev.	17,064,339	14,489,572	2,574,766
Taxes	2,671,290	2,524,898	146,391
Oper. income	14,393,048	12,004,673	2,388,375

†Credit.

N. Y., N. H. & HARTFORD for the quarter ended June 30—

Gross	15,067,891	15,808,708	9,003
Exp. and taxes	10,879,434	11,143,019	*263,585
Net	5,028,457	4,755,779	272,678

*Decrease.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for June.

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
Mileage	9,187.37	9,121.49	*55.88
Freight rev.	4,751,792	4,723,481	871,683
Pas. rev.	2,675,389	2,853,067	178,366
Oth. trans. rev.	487,764	407,004	*20,770
Non-trans. rev.	83,664	78,804	15,139
Total op. rev.	7,378,610	8,123,246	744,636
Mt. of w. & st.	966,645	1,174,046	207,700
Maint. of equip.	695,889	970,741	274,852
Traffic exp.	297,043	202,515	*94,527
Trans. exp.	2,059,852	2,151,281	91,429
Gen. exp.	200,100	229,984	29,885
Total op. exp.	4,159,630	4,727,569	568,029
Net op. rev.	3,219,179	3,395,676	176,496
Outs. op., deb.	48,259	19,773	48,053
Total net rev.	3,185,699	3,405,360	219,490
Taxes	465,190	373,126	*92,063
Op. income	2,720,509	3,032,233	311,553

July 1 to June 30:

Freight rev.	52,329,297	54,870,043	4,040,746
Pass. rev.	31,280,428	32,085,719	189,270
Oth. trans. rev.	5,569,203	5,394,783	*174,419
Non-trans. rev.	843,817	866,457	24,639
Total op. rev.	91,105,761	95,189,004	4,080,243
Mt. of w. & st.	11,380,363	11,646,963	266,599
Maint. of equip.	11,068,395	11,991,422	922,027
Traffic exp.	2,033,885	1,654,548	*379,415
Transp. exp.	25,048,462	24,883,826	*164,606
Gen. exp.	2,764,946	2,454,741	*260,205
Total op. exp.	52,294,157	52,626,629	334,352
Net. op. rev.	38,811,604	42,562,374	3,745,970
Outs. op., net	347,093	565,210	469,586
Total net rev.	38,974,224	43,124,585	4,155,439
Taxes	5,786,644	5,457,822	*268,012
Op. income	33,245,437	39,680,853	4,421,421

*Increase. †Credit.

WABASH for June—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	2,702,947	2,457,542	2,501,484
Expenses	1,981,894	1,830,781	1,859,094
Net	540,752	626,581	712,540
12 mos. gross	29,884,054	28,265,656	28,883,061
Expenses	22,938,182	20,878,223	19,727,128
12 mos. net	7,317,851	6,949,859	7,155,933

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—The wheat market after a weak morning advanced and closed at about the best prices for the day. The improvement was due to reports of export business. It was claimed that there were large orders, although the advance tended to check actual transactions. Sales were reported of 120 carloads of red Winter at New York, 35 at Baltimore, in addition to 60 loads at Baltimore recently done and not previously reported, and Chicago reported about 500,000 bushels after the close Thursday, about half red Winter and half hard Winter. Some of this wheat may have been a duplication of the previous day's reported transactions. The foreign news was bullish, and New York led the advance in prices. The cables were generally higher, and there were sensational reports again from Russia claiming only 65,000,000 bushels available for export. World's exports were small. Australian shipments were only 320,000 bushels, against 1,712,000 bushels the previous week; Argentine, 728,000 bushels against 1,288,000 bushels; Indian, 680,000 bushels, against 1,302,000 bushels, and American, 2,981,000 bushels, against 1,921,000 bushels. The decrease in the indicated world's exports were about 4,000,000 bushels, compared with last week. Western receipts were again moderate, the decrease in five days compared with last year being 3,000,000 bushels. The Modern Miller reported farmers holding wheat refusing to sell. The early market was weak on better weather in the Northwest, particularly Manitoba. Cash wheat was quoted: No. 2 red, 97½c, free on board; No. 1 Northern, $1.14½; No. 2 hard Winter, 99c; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.10½.

CORN.—The corn market was rather weak early, partly influenced by the heaviness in wheat and by the reports of improving conditions. Later the market was very firm, advancing about 1c a bushel, closing at a net gain for the day. There were reports of damage from severe temperatures in the Southwest and of corn firing in the Ohio Valley. Prices were influenced moderately by a report of a material shortage in Austria-Hungarian crop. The close was very steady. Cash corn was firm at 72½c, elevator, domestic for No. 2, and 71¾c, free on board.

OATS.—The market was quiet, but fairly steady. It sold off a little during the early trading with other grain, but steadied on lighter receipts West and reports of decreasing country offerings. Cash oats were firm. Standards were quoted at 46c; No. 3 white, 46¼c; No. 3 white, 45¾c.

PROVISIONS.—The provision market was weak, closing at the lowest of the day. The opening was somewhat irregular, prices rallying on small receipts of hogs, only 30,000 at all interior points, but later turned weak again, with quite active liquidation and stop order selling.

NEW YORK MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
September	98¾	97½	98¾	97¾
December	$1.02¾	$1.01¾	$1.02¾	$1.02
Corn—				
September	..	..	71¾	71
December	..	..	71	71
Lard—				
Cash	.

HORSES FALL IN PARKWAY RACES

Bright Axworthy and Louise Gratton Figure in Mix-Up In Trotting Event.

As the result of a collision yesterday in the third race of the New York and Parkway subscribers' series at the Parkway track W. S. Edelmeyer was unconscious for a period of ten minutes, during which time physicians worked over him. Fortunately no broken bones or other serious injuries were found to have been sustained.

The accident was caused by Louise Gratton and Bright Axworthy, the latter driven by Mr. Edelmeyer, coming together at the clubhouse turn almost immediately after the word had been given in the opening heat. The mishap put an end to the competitive pretensions of Axworthy, but the judges ruled that Louise could start in the subsequent heats.

The race was ultimately won by E. A. Sunderland's Larabie Grip, in straight heats, the fastest of which was trotted in 2:20¼. Fifteen horses responded to the word, with Bessie Axworthy second best in the first heat and W. M. Halsted's Prince Alcyoner holding down that position in the second and third heats, which carried the President of the club second money.

After Prince Hamlin had placed the first heat of the second race, the 2:14 pace, to his credit, Who Knows, a well-known Speedway performer, came through in the next three heats and annexed the purse. He was always in hand and came under the wire in the second heat in the fastest time of the afternoon, doing 2:13¼ without having a whip laid on him.

Straight heats ruled in the Ocean $1,000 purse for 2:25 pacers, and, strangely enough, the quartet which got into the money division finished each heat alike. Knight Onwardo was easily the best. Heading Maxfield, Pauline, and Peggy over the line in each instance, with the last heat the fastest, 2:17¼. The summary:

Ocean Purse, $1,000; 2:25 Pace. Best three out of five heats.

Knight Onwardo, J. E. Grey	1	1	1
Maxfield Patchen, H. L. Murray	2	2	2
Pauline, B. A. Bulkley	3	3	3
Peggy, W. S. Hutchings	4	4	
Elsie R., W. L. Rhodes	5	dis	
Marietta, E. B. Hollenbeck	dis		

Time—2:18¼; 2:20¼; 2:17¼.

2:14 Pace; purse, $400. Best three heats out of five.

Who Knows, T. Hackett	4	1	1
Prince Hamlin	1	5	6
Charley Miller, Ed. Moulton	3	2	2
King Regent, H. Busse	2	6	4
Ella Willis, W. P. Crozier	6	3	3
Princess Direct, B. P. Lahey	5	4	5
Dawson Dillon, C. E. Pitman	8	7	7
Dr. Throat, N. C. Reynolds	7	dis	

Time—2:15¼; 2:13¼; 2:16¼; 2:15½.

2:30 Trot; purse, $400. Best three heats out of five.

Larabie Grip, E. A. Sunderland	1	1	1
Prince Alcyoner, W. H. Halsted	3	2	2
Bessie Axworthy, A. Zeigler	2	4	10
Bignonia, Remson & Post	12	10	3
Belle Brook, Dr. C. E. Edwards	4	8	4
Marnie Gray, D. H. Young	5	5	7
Grafter, W. T. Reddy	13	9	5
Baron Del R. Mullaly	7	7	6
Katie Yandler, J. H. Phillips	9	3	8
Fred L. F. Luther	6	11	11
Louise Gratton, Nelson Barron	Fell	6	9
Lady Inwood, J. McLaughlin	8	dis	
Fin Kohl, B. A. Buckley	10	13	dis
Trip Hammer, C. Grunsfelder	11	dis	
Bright Axworthy, W. S. Edelmeyer	Fell		

Time—2:22½; 2:20¼; 2:23.

Girl to Attempt Long Swim.

Rose Pitinof, the little Dorchester, Mass., girl who last year swam from East Twenty-fourth Street, Manhattan, to Coney Island, arrived in town yesterday, ready to repeat this remarkable aquatic performance on Sunday. This time she will start from East Twenty-sixth Street and she hopes to finish at Steeplechase Park Pier, Coney Island. The start will be made at 10 o'clock or as near that time as tidal conditions will favor her swim. Last year she made the distance, about sixteen miles, in five hours and eight minutes, but she was compelled to go out of her course and probably completed eighteen miles before she came ashore at Norton's Point. Miss Pitinof is only sixteen years old and is regarded as a physical marvel. Dr. Sargent of Harvard having declared her to be the best formed and strongest girl who ever came under his observation. She is rather slight of build, but possesses great endurance as is evidenced by her aquatic feats, one of which was a swim from Charlestown Bridge to the Boston Light. Commodore William Curran of the United States Volunteer Life Savers' Corps will coach the girl in her contest with the waves, and motor boats will follow her to look after her wants.

Last of Haggin Horses to be Sold.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 11.—James B. Haggin of New York, owner of the famous Elmendorf stud, will to-morrow ship fifty of his most highly bred mares from here to Berlin, Germany, for sale there at auction. This will leave less than 100 mares at Elmendorf, and these will be sent to England next month. The shipments will mark the end of Elmendorf as a horse farm, Mr. Haggin having announced he would devote all his resources here to breeding cattle.

Jockey Maher Suspended.

LEICESTER, England, Aug. 11.—"Danny" Maher was suspended by the local stewards after the running of the Tower Maiden three-year-old plate of 100 sovereigns, in which the popular American jockey was second on Lord Rosebery's Sallust, to-day. Not satisfied with Maher's riding, the stewards called the jockey to the stand. His explanation was not considered satisfactory, and he was suspended for the remainder of the meeting. The case will be reported to the stewards of the Jockey Club.

For Other Sports See Page 7.

TRAVIS WINS CLOSE MATCH.

Garden City Golfer Defeats Fred Herreshoff in Semi-Final at Ekwanok.

Special to The New York Times.

MANCHESTER, Vt., Aug. 11.—W. J. Travis, the Garden City veteran, defeated Fred Herreshoff by one up in the semi-finals for the first President's Cup on the Ekwanok links here this afternoon, and will to-morrow clash with R. R. Gorton of Boston in the thirty-six-hole final.

The largest gallery that has followed a match on the Ekwanok links since the English golfers were here several years ago followed the Travis-Herreshoff match, and they were repaid by one of the closest contests and the best exhibition of golf ever seen here.

Going out the veteran golfer played indifferent golf, and Mr. Herreshoff was 2 up at the turn with 38 to 40. Swinging into the homestretch the first two holes were halved in par figures, and then Mr. Travis proceeded to win the next three holes and get the advantage for the first time during the match at the fourteenth. This occurred through no mistake of Mr. Herreshoff, but was due to the remarkable golf of his opponent, who negotiated a three on each of these holes. The short eleventh had been halved in three, and this feat of four successive holes in that figure is rare on this course.

The three on the twelfth was by virtue of running down a putt of forty feet on a rolling side hill green. This deadly work on the green was again in evidence on the fourteenth where a putt of fifteen feet was holed. At this stage of the match Herreshoff, who had seen his advantage of two holes changed quickly to one for his opponent in the short space of three holes, made a desperate effort to square the match, but the accurate, machine-like golf of the veteran would not yield the slightest advantage. On the sixteenth green Herreshoff made a wonderful brassey after hitting a tree with a pulled tee shot, and on the same hole Mr. Travis negotiated a stymie with his mashie for a half, as he had done on the ninth. On the seventeenth the younger golfer also made a splendid recovery from his second, which found a ditch, and he all but squared the match as a putt for the hole hobbled over the edge of the cup. Again on the home green he barely missed making matters even, his approach putt failing to go down by a hair, and the hole was halved in four. With his quartet of threes Travis came home in 35, with a total of 75, while his opponent registered the consistent figures of 38 for each half, one under bogey. The summary:

First President's Cup.—Third Round—R. R. Gorton, Braeburn, beat M. R. Marston, Cranford, 1 up, 19 holes; D. W. Houston, Dorset Field, beat G. P. Tiffany, Powelton, 1 up, 20 holes; W. J. Travis, Garden City, beat T. M. Claflin, Braeburn, 6 up and 5; Fred Herreshoff, West Brook, beat B. W. Corkran, Baltimore, 3 up and 2.

Semi-Final Round.—Gorton boat Houston 2 up and 1; Travis beat Herreshoff 1 up.

Consolation Cup, First Division.—Third Round.—Demmett, Garden City, beat H. K. Kerr, Ekwanok, 5 up and 4; J. M. Ward, Garden City, beat C. W. Insley, Inwood, 4 up and 2; F. B. Jennings, Jr., Mt. Anthony, beat F. A. Martin, Ekwanok, 1 up; H. Gaines, Wykagyl, beat F. W. Taylor, Philadelphia Cricket Club, 1 up, 19 holes.

Semi-Final Round.—Ward beat Emmett, 5 up and 4; Jennings beat Gaines 1 up, 19 holes.

Third Sixteen.—Semi-Final Round—F. W. Taylor, Ardsley, beat F. Snare, Englewood, 2 up and 1; A. R. Fish, Garden City, beat C. S. Erswell, Portland, 2 up and 1.

Fourth Sixteen.—Semi-Final Round—T. C. Jenkins, Baltimore Cricket Club, beat N. P. Waterman, Ekwanok, 4 up and 3; F. T. Clark, Ekwanok, beat F. H. Webster, Garden City, 3 up and 2.

Fifth Sixteen.—Semi-Final Round—C. M. Hart, Wollaston, beat H. M. Clements, Philadelphia Cricket Club, 3 up and 1; C. B. Storrs, Morris County, beat C. R. Gillett, Wykagyl, 2 up and 1.

Sixth Sixteen.—Semi-Final Round—T. E. Hoffman, Canoe Brook, beat J. V. Thomas, Morristown, 5 up and 4; H. I. Brown, Huntington Valley, beat A. H. Howard, Woodland, 6 up and 4.

The best foursome competition for those not in the semi-finals this afternoon drew a field of sixty-four players, and eleven cards were returned showing A. C. Travis, Ardsley, and G. A. Pope, Jr., Watch Hill, to be the winners with a 73. The results were:

A. C. Travers, Ardsley, and G. A. Pope, Jr., Watch Hill, 73; Gardner White, Oakland, and H. Kerr, Ekwanok, 74; S. F. Merriman, Waterbury, and F. A. Martin, Ekwanok, 75; G. Tiffany, Powelton, and M. R. Marston, Cranford, 76; C. H. Gardner, Agawam, and T. C. Jenkins, Baltimore, 78; J. T. Bishop, Brooklawn, and A. D. Dodge, Hartford, 80; F. F. Storm, Dyker Meadow, and F. V. Thomas, Morristown, 86; P. S. MacLaughlin, Scarsdale, and A. M. Reed, Ekwanok, 88; F. T. Clark, Ekwanok, and C. S. Clark, Ekwanok, 88; E. W. Clark, Ekwanok, and T. M. Claflin, Wollaston, 88; M. F. O'Connell, Alpine, and D. F. Dillon, Alpine, 88.

McDermott Wins Golf Title Again.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 11.—National Champion Jack McDermott of the Atlantic City Country Club retained the open golf championship of Philadelphia to-day on the links of the Whitemarsh Valley Country Club with a score of 150 for 36 holes. His total for each round of 18 holes was 75, five under Bogey and only 3 above par. George Sparling of Brooklyn, was second with a score of 154 and Gilbert Nichols of Wilmington was third with 155. J. R. Thompson of the Philadelphia Country Club and Andrew Campbell of Spring Haven were tied for fourth place with 156 each.

ARGOT HAL'S "STEAK" RACE.

Frank Jones Pilots Winner in Last Day's Racing at Randall Park.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 11.—The Grand Circuit races at the North Randall track came to a close in a blaze of glory this afternoon, when Argot Hal was an easy winner in the Tavern "steak" race for amateur reinsmen, carrying with it a purse of approximately $7,000. This event was the classic of the North Randall meeting, and brought a great deal of glory to the winner.

Frank Jones, the Memphis (Tenn.) horseman, drove Argot Hal. He had an easy task of it, as his charge went to the front at the start of both heats and maintained his position without effort.

Ed ("Pop") Geers captured his first race of the meeting in the 2:20 trot. Jack Promise took three straight heats in easy style, and captured both first and fourth moneys when only himself, Nanah, and Doctor Wilkes finished the third heat, Pansy Silver, standing to win second money, being distanced, and Ucon, fifth-placer in the previous heats, being ruled out. Pansy Silver ran away in this heat, and, dashing through an open gate, threw both herself and her driver, Vance Nicholls. Neither was seriously hurt. The summaries:

The Tavern "Steak," 2:16 Trot, amateur drivers; purse about $7,000; two in three.

Argot Hal, b. s., by Brown Hal, (F. J. Jones)	1	1	
Electric Todd, br. s., by Todd, (Mitchell)	2	3	
Robert Milrol, b. g., by Milrol, (Watterson)	3	2	
Mattie Allerton, b. m., by Allerton, (Crane)	4	4	
Ethel Lynn, blk. m., by Lynn Bell, (Lasell)	5	dr	
Belle Tollus, b. m., (Brannigan)		dis	
Morning Light, br. g., (J. E. Jones)		dis	

Time—2:08¼; 2:09¾.

Three-Year-Old Trotting, Sweepstakes, $5,000 added; two in three.

Peter Thompson, b. c., by Peter the Great, (Gerrill)	1	*1	
Biene Holt, br. c., by Cochato, (Gerrity)	2	2	
Lady Jay, b. f., (Macy)	3	dis	
Young Mac, h. g., (Lasell)	4	dis	

Time—2:15¾; 2:09¼.

*Won first, third, and fourth moneys.

The 2:20 Trot, purse $1,000; three in five.

Jack Promise, b. g., by Fair Promise, (Geers)	1	1	*1	
Nanah, b. m., by McKinney, (McDonald)	3	4	2	
Doctor Wilkes, b. g., by Dr. John, (McErvine)	4	3	3	
Pansy Silver, ch. m., by Onward Silver, (Nuckols)	2	2	dis	
Ucon, blk. g., by Bingen, (Proctor)	5	5	†	
Oakland Flobar, br. s., by Oakland Baron, (Lasell)	6	dis		
Judith Wilkes, b. m., by Jim Wilkes, (Patterson)		dis		

Time—2:10¼; 2:13½; 2:12¼.

*Gets first and fourth moneys.

†Ruled out.

The 2:18 Pace, purse $2,000; three in five.

Lawretta, b. m., by Heir at Law, (Patterson)	5	1	1	1
Gazant, blk. m., by Beauseant, (Snow)	1	2	3	4
Maxine Audubon, ch. m., by Audubon Boy, (Grady)	2	3	4	2
Lonewarth B., b. g., by R. Ontime, (Murphy)	3	6	2	3
Our Colonel, b. s., (Jones)	4	4	†	
Mescal, b. m., (Benyon)	6	5	†	

Time—2:10½; 2:11¾; 2:12; 2:12¾.

†Ruled out.

WORLD'S RECORD FOR UHLAN

C. K. G. Billings Drives Gelding Half-Mile to Wagon in 0:56¼.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 11.—Driven by his owner, C. K. G. Billings of New York, Uhlan, champion black gelding, trotted a half mile to wagon in the open in 0:56¼ at the North Randall track his afternoon, breaking the world's record of 1 minute, made by Major Delmar at the old Glenville track here on July 31, 1900.

Uhlan made the first quarter in 0:28½ and the second quarter in 0:27¾. He was started from the half-mile post, so that the crowd could witness the finish in front of the grand stand.

It was easily the most wonderful performance in the history of trotting horses, and horsemen who witnessed the attempt were certain that had the gelding started against the trotting record to sulky a new world's mark would have been set up.

TO-DAY'S COURT CALENDARS.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Brady, J. Ex parte business.

CITY COURT—Special Term and Chambers—Schmuck, J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

CITY COURT—Schmuck, J.—Roth v. Light—Michael J. Driscoll, Gilbert v. A. T. Demarest & Co.—Philip J. Dunn.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—John McKee v. Benjamin F. Thomas—Matthew C. Griffin, American Mortgage Co. v. Irving Bachrach—William G. Fitzpatrick.

POLICE AND FIRE TRANSFERS.

Police Department.

Pensioned—Patrolman Thomas Dennin, at $700 per annum; appointed July 5, 1882.

Transferred—Lieuts. Charles A. Place, 4th Inspection District to 83d Precinct; William H. Scoble, 65th Precinct to C. O. Squad; Patrolmen—J. Bryor, 61st to 83d Precinct; J. McCormack, 2d to 36th Precinct; A. Meyers, 1st to Telegraph Bureau; J. F. Apple, Telegraph Bureau to 1st Precinct; C. Fritz, 165th to 154th Precinct; J. F. Cantwell, 29th to 178d Precinct, and designation as Traffic Patrolman revoked; J. H. Duddy, 15th to 148th Precinct; F. McCarthy, 10th to 144th Precinct; A. Haslett, 16th to 43d Precinct; H. Kahl, 43d to 5th Precinct; J. P. Roche, 5th to 43d Precinct; J. T. Roach, 24 to 170th Precinct; P. Green, 21st to 83d Precinct; R. H. Copeland, from 83d to 21st Precinct.

Precincts indicated to Detective Bureau and designated as Acting Detective Sergeants.—R. A. Fennelly, 1; J. Dalton, 16; G. A. Ferguson, 146; W. B. Robertson, 149; F. Burke, 28d; T. J. Callanan, 10; E. Walsh, 22; C. Lowe, 146; J. Fennessy, 172.

Detective Bureau to precincts indicated and designation as Acting Detective Sergeants revoked.—W. J. Ferrick, 14; W. C. McDonald, 18.

Mutual Transfers.—Lieuts. James McDonald, 74th, to 279th Precinct, and Martin D. Corbett, 279th, to 74th. Patrolmen—C. J. Soderberg, 1st, to 18th Precinct, and D. J. Phelan, 18th, to 1st.

Assignments.—Patrolmen H. Kahl, 5th Precinct, to clerical duty; C. Fritz, 154th Precinct, to bicycle duty.

Assignments Discontinued.—Sergt. John J. Cleary, 80th Precinct, to C. O. Squad. Patrolmen A. R. MacConeghy, 5th Precinct, to C. O. Squad. As drivers of patrol wagons—J. Ryan, 178; W. T. McDonough, 174; T. J. Breen, 174; W. B. Noll, C. O. Squad, to License Bureau.

Leaves of Absence—Surgeon Edward T. Higgins, 10th Surgical District, 13 days; Capts. Isaac Frank, 103th Precinct, 10 days; Miles O'Reilly, 178d Precinct, 9 days; Patrick Murphy, 276th Precinct, 15 days.

Permitted to leave the city on 30 days sick leave—Patrolmen G. Neal, 43d Precinct; T. E. O'Connell, Bridge C; J. J. Murphy, 17th Precinct.

Resignation—Patrolman, John T. A. Waldeyer, C. O. Squad.

Suspended—Patrolman, H. V. Callahan, Detective Bureau, Brooklyn, designation as Acting Detective Sergeant, First Grade, also revoked.

Dismissed from the force—Patrolmen, John J. Delaney, 21st Precinct.

Rescinded—The revocation of the appointment as Special Patrolmen of Luke Kenny, with Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Brooklyn.

Fire Department.

Pensioned on Report of Medical Board—Fireman Robert T. Shannon, Engine 72, at $468.66 per annum.

Transferred—Assistant Fire Marshal John P. Friel, Manhattan, the Bronx, and Richmond, to Bureau of Fire Marshal, Brooklyn and Queens; Fireman John Laveroni, Engine 18, to Engine 33.

Detail—Fireman Edward S. Kelly, Engine 129, to Myrtle Avenue Storehouse, Brooklyn.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS. | TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

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UP THE HUDSON SUNDAYS
To HIGHLAND FALLS, FISHKILL and NEWBURGH.
STR. BENJ. B. ODELL (NEW) from Pier 34, N. R., foot Franklin St., 9 A. M., West 129th St. 9:30 A. M. Returning leaves NEWBURGH 6:00 P. M.; HIGHLAND FALLS 7:00 P. M.
ROUND TRIP, 90c.
Music—Restaurant—No Bar.
Hotel Beaconcrest, on historic Mt. Beacon, reached by Central Hudson boats and Incline Railway.

EXCURSION TO NEW HAVEN
ON SUNDAYS superb steamer RICHARD PECK leaves Pier 28, E. R., 9:30 A. M.; ft. East 22d St., 10:00 A. M.; due New Haven 3:30 P. M. Returning, due N. Y. 9:00 P. M. Two hours in New Haven. Music. Refreshments. Tickets, $1.00. Children, 50 cents.

UP THE HUDSON SUNDAY
Splendid Steamer CITY OF LOWELL leaves Pier 40, N. R., ft. Clarkson St., 10:00 A. M., for Hudson River trip as far as Poughkeepsie. No landing. Return, due N. Y. 6 P. M. Music. Refreshments. Tickets, 50 cents; Children, 25 cents.
These excursions under management of
FALL RIVER LINE.
Tickets at Piers only on day of excursions.

MIDLAND BEACH
STATEN ISLAND
Refined amusements amid refined surroundings. Cleanest, safest bathing on the Atlantic coast. SCHEDULE OF BOATS:—From Battery Landing, 10 A. M., 12:15, 2:40, and 5 P. M. Saturdays, Sundays, and Holidays, 10 A. M., 12:15, 2:40, 5 and 7:30 P. M.
RETURNING 11:05 A. M., 1:30, 4, and 7 P. M. On Saturdays, Sundays, and Holidays, 11:05 A. M., 1:30, 4, 6:30, and 9 P. M.

UP THE SOUND
BEST SUNDAY EXCURSION OUT OF NEW YORK
BRIDGEPORT AND RETURN $1.00 Round Trip
SUNDAY, AUG. 13, at 10:30 A. M., from Pier 32, East River, foot of Pike St., by Fast and Commodious Twin Screw Steel Steamship HARTFORD, stopping about TWO hours at Bridgeport, Ct. Telephone 2700 Beekman.

CONEY ISLAND
(Dreamland Pier) and
ROCKAWAY BEACH
STRS. HOSEDALE AND SYLVESTER.
Time Table for To-day.
Leave West 129th St., 9:30 A. M.; West 23d St., 10:00, 3:30; Battery, 10:30, 3:00; Coney Island, 6:15; Rockaway Beach, 12:30, 5:30.
Trips marked * do not go to Rockaway Beach.
Excursion Tickets to Rockaway.....50c
To Coney Island from W. 129th St.....50c
To Coney Island from W. 23d St. & Battery.....40c

GLEN ISLAND
ROUND TRIP 50c BOATS
DAILY, lv. Battery 9:45, 11:15, 1:30, 2:30, 5:15, 7: E. 24th St. ½ hr. later; SUN., Battery, 9:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30; E. 24th St. ½ hr. later; E. 138th St., Bronx, 10, 2, 6; children under 10 free except Sun. Music. Refreshm. McAllister Simb. Co.
SPECIAL MOONLIGHT TRIPS 8 P. M. SATURDAY, 7:30.

Delightful Afternoon Excursion to West Point, Steamer Mary Powell.
Leaving Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M., Daily except Sunday. Return to New York by Str. "ALBANY" 4:30 P. M. Orchestra. See Parade Public Buildings, etc.

UP THE SOUND — See Cliff & Glenwood — Str. "Sagamore" leaves Pier 5, E. R. (bet. Hanover Sq. & South Ferry), Sats. at 1:00; 81st St., 1:20; 125th St., 1:30 P. M. Ret. due N. Y. 8:30 P. M. Sundays leave Pier 5, 9:30; 81st St., 9:50 A. M. Ret. due N. Y. 5:30 P. M. Excursion 50c. Tickets.

Saugerties Boats — leave Pier 43, N. R., foot Christopher St., 8:30 p.m. Saturdays at 1 p. m.

Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton, Around Manhattan Island, Sun W. 42d St. 11:15, 1:15; Inquire Aboard. Tel. 3441 Gram.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

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TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS. | TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
S. S. AMERIKA (22,500 TONS) SAILS AUG. 12, 11 A. M.

CRUISES DE LUXE
Around the World
On an Ocean Liner
TWO GRAND CRUISES by the large new transatlantic Steamship CLEVELAND, (17,000 tons,) the first to leave New York on October 21, 1911, and the second from San Francisco on February 6, 1912.
$650 and upwards, including all necessary expenses. Duration, 110 Days. Limited number of passengers aboard and ashore.
ANNUAL EVENT "Around the World Cruises" will be repeated in October, 1912, and February, 1913, by the large Cruising Steamship Victoria Luise.
TOURS to West Indies, Spanish Main, Panama Canal, 11 to 23 DAYS, $70 to $125.
Write for Booklets of All Cruises.

REGULAR SERVICES
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
†AMERIKA.....Aug. 12, 11 A. M.
†PENNSYLVANIA.....Aug. 24, 10 A. M.
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC.Aug. 31, 11 A. M.
*PRES. GRANT.....Sept. 2, 1 P. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. ‡Hamburg direct and second cabin only. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
Direct Service—PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.
Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
S. S. HAMBURG.....Sept. 23, 1 P. M.
S. S. MOLTKE.....Oct. 12
S. S. CINCINNATI.....Oct. 26
‡Will NOT call at Algiers.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND S

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Syndicate Buys West End Avenue Site for Twelve-Story Apartment—Midtown Loft Deal Pending—Resale of Wyndham Court—An Active Bronx Market.

No limit evidently has yet been reached in the high-class apartment house operations on the upper west side, and the feature of the realty market yesterday disclosed the fact that another big apartment is about to be erected on the southeast corner of West End Avenue and Eighty-sixth Street.

The property at that corner has been purchased by a syndicate headed by the architects, Mulliken & Moller, and they are preparing plans for a twelve-story building which, it is said, will be one of the finest in that section of the west side. Title to the plot was passed yesterday.

The property has been bought from the Realty Company and the Leicestershire Realty Company, both of which are controlled by Franklin Pettit. The plot has a frontage of 102.2 feet on West End Avenue and 80 feet on Eighty-sixth Street, with an irregular rear line. Five private residences now cover the plot, and they will soon be torn down for the new improvement. Mr. Pettit acquired the property piece by piece during the last two years, and it is regarded as one of the most desirable apartment house plots in that vicinity. A short time ago a syndicate was negotiating for the corner with the intention of putting up a co-operative apartment, but this deal fell through.

West End Avenue, just north and south of Eighty-sixth Street, is becoming a choice apartment-house thoroughfare. Several new houses are nearing completion, and at Eighty-ninth Street two big houses covering the block front to Ninetieth Street are about ready to open, occupying the westerly portion of the Evans block. On this block, just east of the Eighty-ninth Street corner, the new house on the north side of the street adjoining the new one on the Broadway corner was designed by Mulliken & Moller.

81st Street Loft Deal Pending.

Negotiations are pending, it was learned yesterday, for the property at 25 to 29 West Thirty-first Street, just east of the Arena building, recently sold. The owners of the property, the County Holding Company, S. F. and W. C. Adams, stated that the deal was not yet closed. The prospective buyer, it is said, is contemplating improving the property with a twelve-story loft. The plot has a frontage of 58.4 feet and a depth of 98.9 feet. The transaction will involve about $400,000.

Resale of Wyndham Court.

Mrs. Frances Boulton of Brooklyn has purchased for investment Wyndham Court, a six-story elevator at 239 and 241 West 141st Street, on a plot 49.8 by 99.11. The seller, Thomas J. Meehan, acquired the property last May from Frederick W. Mysenburg in an exchange for 535 and 537 West 152d Street and 230 East 124th Street. A. S. Arnold negotiated the deal.

London Terrace Dwelling Sold.

Wilber C. Goodale has sold for E. E. Horn 463 West Twenty-third Street, a four-story dwelling in London Terrace (Moore leasehold) to Margaret Lloyd, who will occupy it as a residence.

The Duross Company has sold the three-story and basement private house 227 West 132d Street, 15 by 100, for Anton Opperman.

Tenements in Good Demand.

H. Hornstein has sold for Mrs. Lizzy Schoeffler to Mrs. Rachel Goodfried the four-story flat house at 351 and 353 East Seventy-seventh Street, having a frontage of 40 feet by irregular. This is the first transfer of the property since 1889. The purchaser bought for investment.

Heller & Sussman have sold for Selma Alexander 227 East 100th Street, a five-story building, to an investor.

Joseph Harbaten and Solomon Silk have sold to Samuel Levy the new six-story tenement 340 and 342 West Nineteenth Street, on plot 50 by 92, between Eighth and Ninth Avenues. The house was erected last year by the sellers on a plot secured from Mandelbaum & Lewine.

Bronx Sales.

Emanuel Simon has sold for George Rudd 1,977 Morris Avenue, 20 by 100, a three-story dwelling, to George Mundorff, who will occupy the house.

The Duross Company has sold the two-story brick building, 25 by 60, 1,234 Intervale Avenue.

W. E. & W. I. Brown, incorporated, sold for Nathan Jacobs and Nathan Drescher the lot on the east side of Trinity Avenue, 150 feet north of East 158th Street, being in size 25 by 100. This, in conjunction with the lot recently reported sold, makes a 50-foot plot, which will be immediately improved by the buyer wtih an apartment house.

N. Loparo has sold for Katherine A. Lavelle the two-family brick dwellings 1,548-1,552 Bryant Avenue, to F. E. Mainhart, taking in exchange and toward payment three lots on Nelson Avenue, Bronx.

John H. Behrmann has sold six lots on the west side of Carpenter Avenue, 200 feet south of 239th Street, to builders, who will erect two-family brick dwellings on the property.

Joseph Gans has bought for a client from Erich Van Aschwege 1,211 Gilbert Place, a three-story dwelling.

Brooklyn.

Charles E. Rickerson has sold 60 Montgomery Place, between Eighth Avenue and Prospect Park West, a four-story and basement, circular front, red brick dwelling for a client to David Michel.

Staten Island.

The Cuozzo & Gagliano Company has sold for the St. George Realty and Construction Company to Harry E. and Amelia R. Gibbs, lots 40, 41, 23, 24, and 25, Block 6, on the Fingerboard Road, Fingerboard Terrace, Grasmere. The new owners propose to construct a high-class private dwelling.

$175,000 Queensboro Plaza Deal.

A syndicate known as the Queens Plaza Court Company, Incorporated, of which W. Elmer Payntar is President, has just purchased a large plot with a frontage of 200 feet on the Queensboro Bridge Plaza, Long Island City. The price paid was $175,000. The property is on the north side of the Plaza, and includes the vacant plot between the new Brewster factory and the office of the Queensboro Corporation. It is understood that the purchasers will erect an office building in the near future.

Queens.

William P. Jones has sold for Mary C. Addams to Ben Jansin J. Baluch the five lots, each 22 by 100, on the north corner of Broadway and Wickes Street; also, the four lots, each 20 by 100, on the east side of Wickes Street, 280 feet south of Broadway and Morris Park; also, for Richard and Alice Gleason to Adam Fialkosky one lot, 25 by 100, on the south side of Shore Avenue, 100 feet east of Wyckoff Street. For the same to Frank Czarnecki one lot, 25 by 100, on the south side of Shore Avenue, 150 feet east of Henry Street, Jamaica.

Suburban.

Pease & Elliman have sold for the Morristown Land and Improvement Company to a client a plot of ground comprising over two acres on the Canfield Road, Convent, N. J. The purchaser intends to improve the property with a residence for his own use.

Recent Buyers.

Mrs. C. R. Randall is the purchaser of the dwelling 29 Bradhurst Avenue, sold recently by Emma B. Cattus. Mrs. Randall will occupy the house.

Dr. William E. Cuff is the purchaser of the dwelling 237 West 100th Street, reported sold Thursday by Mrs. A. Ludlam. Dr. Cuff will occupy the house.

A. R. Howland of Tuxedo is the buyer of the dwelling 119 East Eighty-first Street, sold recently by George A. Viehmann. The buyer will occupy.

Another Dyckman Improvement.

The Hawthorne Construction Company, which recently acquired the plot of lots 100 by 100, on the north side of Hawthorne Street, 100 feet east of Vermilyea Avenue, will improve the same by erecting four five-story apartment houses, accommodating sixty families.

This property is within one block of 207th Street, where recently a great deal of activity and development has taken place. On the same block the Vermilyea Realty Company is erecting four five-story apartments for sixty families.

Leases.

Pease & Elliman have leased for a client the six-story mercantile building known as 55 Ludlow Street, adjoining the corner of Grand Street, for a long term of years, to Morris H. Bernstein, wholesale grocer, now at 61 Orchard Street.

The Exchange Buffet Corporation has leased from Max Marx the store and basement in the twelve-story building, 625 Broadway, extending through to 192 Mercer Street, between Houston and Bleecker Streets. The lease is for a period of thirty years, and affects a floor area of about 18,500 square feet.

John G. Taylor has leased to Morris A. Burke the three-story residence at 134 West 136th Street, and also for the estate of John Sloane to Joseph Gilbert, the three-story dwelling at 258 West 135th Street.

Pease & Elliman have leased the dwelling, 412 Madison Avenue, northwest corner of Forty-eighth Street, for the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, as trustee of the estate of William Alexander Smith, who, prior to 1869, was President of the New York Stock Exchange.

The property, which consists of a plot 27 by 95, has been rented for a period of twenty-one years to a prominent retail concern, which will have the residence remodeled for its requirements. This transaction gives to business practically all the corners on Madison Avenue, south of Fiftieth to Forty-second Street.

Earle & Calhoun have rented an entire floor containing about 12,500 square feet in the Stiner Building, Broadway, corner of Thirty-first Street, to the United States Lithograph Company, for a long term of years.

Park Row Encroachments Going.

Plans have been filed for making changes to the eight-story store and office building at the northeast corner of Park Row and Ann Street, as required by the city to remove encroachments over the building line. The show windows will be set back to the building line, the basement stairs set back, and the stairs on the Ann Street side removed and rebuilt on the inside of the building. It will cost The Press Publishing Company, the owner of the building, $2,500 to make this change. This is the first set of plans filed for removing the encroachments on Park Row. Ferdinand Muller, Jr., is the architect.

Receivers of Rents.

Justice Brady of the Supreme Court has appointed William G. Fitzpatrick receiver of the rents of 307 East 102d Street, a four-story tenement, pending suit brought by the American Mortgage Company to foreclose a mortgage of $12,500.

John H. Loscarn has been appointed receiver of the rents of 19 West 118th Street, a five-story tenement, pending a suit brought by Charles J. King to foreclose a mortgage of $5,575.

Matthew C. Griffin has been appointed receiver of the rents of 306 East 122d Street, a four-story tenement, proceedings brought by John McKee to foreclose a second mortgage of $1,500.

Notes.

The Cross & Brown Company has been appointed rental agent and manager of the United States Rubber Company Building, which is now in course of construction at the southeast corner of Broadway and Fifty-eighth Street.

Suit has been begun by the National Savings Bank of the city of Albany to foreclose a mortgage for $60,000 on 61 Nassau Street. The mortgage was made Jan. 30, 1908, by Pierre G. Carroll, Anne E. Carroll, and others.

The mechanics' lien filed on the preceding day by the Titusville Iron Company on the building at the northeast corner of Riverside Drive and 149th Street, was satisfied yesterday by the A. Foldman Construction Company.

The George Backer Construction Company and the Herald Square Holding Company have moved their offices to their new building at 62 and 64 West Forty-fifth Street.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

43d St. 6 and 8, s w s, 158 ft e of 5th Av. 41x100.5, one four and one five story dwelling, with two-story stable in rear; foreclosure sale, withdrawn.

45th St, 536 West, s s, 275 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.5, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Pasquale Clemente, $16,092.

Washington Av, 1,091 and 1,093, w s, 293.10 ft n of 178th St, 53.10x145.9x33.8x146, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Superior Corporation, $48,904.

Washington Av, 1,085, w s, 242 ft n of 178th St, 53.10x146x33.10x146.3, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Aug. 18.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

88th St, 22 and 24 West, for a twelve-story store and loft, 50x85; Howard Realty Construction Co, 13 East 22d St, owner; Rouse & Goldstone, architects; cost.....$180,000

168th St, s s, 99.11 ft w of Washington Av, for two two-story brick dwellings, 25x37.58; Taxpayers' Realty Co, Philip Watlinberg, 1,203 Franklin Av, President, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, architect; cost.....$17,000

Wellman Av, s s, 125 ft e of Mayflower Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 20x30; Anthony Juvaro, 1,632 Melville Av, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, architect; cost.....$4,500

161st St, s s, 22 ft w of Tinton Av, for a one-story brick store, 8.9½x19.4; Adam Mander, 772 East 161st St, owner; Christopher F. Lohse, architect; cost.....$550

Alteration.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Broadway, n e corner of 101st St, to a ten-story apartment; P. Livingston, 1 East 60th St, owner; Schwarts & Gross, architects; cost.....$6,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, AUG. 11.

With name annd address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

AV A, 1,586, e s, 25.5x75; Louisa Kanzler to Adele E. Muller, 100 West 121st St. (mtg $13,000.) Aug. 11; attorneys, Deyo & B., 111 Broadway.....$100

BAINBRIDGE AV, s e corner of 198th St, 180x107.4x124.7x98.5; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co, trustee of Charles J. Coulter, to Wilbur L. Varian, 741 East 232d St, Aug. 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$20,000

BRIGGS AV, n w s, 377.4 ft n e of Travers St, 25x100; Lawrence P. Powers to Peter Lahm, 2,110 Watson Av. (mtg $14,250,) July 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

BROADWAY, Part 130, e s, 52.9 ft n of Cedar St, runs e 101.4 to alley x n 14.9x w 43.9x n 0.6x w 57.11 to e s of Broadway x s 13 to beginning, with all right to alley in rear to Cedar St; American Exchange National Bank to Guaranty Trust Co., 28 Nassau St, Aug. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

BRYANT ST, e s, 185 ft s of 173d St, 20x100; Catharine A. Lavelle to Lavelle Construction Co., 271 Broadway, (mtg $8,000,) June 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

BRYANT ST, 1,552, e s, 20x100; Bryant St, 1,548, e s, 20x100; Lavelle Construction Co. to Marian R. Mainhart, Brookdale Place, Rye, N. Y. (mtg $16,000,) July 31; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

DALY AV, s w corner 178th St, 50x80, Mary E. Leek to Charles M. Whitney, Jr., Centreport, L. I., (mtg $38,500,) and all liens, May 31.....$100

ELTON AV, 762, e s, 25x124.10x25x136.6; Bernard Stock to Anthony B. and Helen Stock, 762 Elton Av, (mtg $11,000,) Aug. 10; attorney, William H. Glegerich, 253 Broadway.....$100

FORDHAM AV, n w corner of Tremont Av, a strip, runs n 62.3x e 1.11 to w s of 3d Av x s 62x w 1.5 to beginning; Hy. L. Morris and another, trustees, &c., of Gouverneur Morris, to Charles H. Barson, 2,366 Crotona Av, and Mary M. Barson, 260 Monroe St, Brooklyn, all title, quitclaim; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,848

HOE AV, w s, 2,587 ft n of Freeman St, 50x100; Frederick T. Hoffmann to Louis F. Kuntz, 1924 St and Grand Boulevard and Concourse, May 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$1

HOE AV, w s, 2,587 ft n of Freeman St, 50x100; Louis F. Kuntz to the Kay Co., 2,700 3d Av, Aug. 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$1

INTERVALE AV, 1,231, e s, 24.10x51.1x28.9x59.7; Neil P. Duross and another to John C. Dandolph, 517 10th Av, B & S & C A G, all liens, Aug. 3.....Omitted

LOT, 8, map 1,365, showing subdivision of block 3,256, University Heights Realty Company to Loring Realty Co., 2,229 Andrews Av, (mtg $6,500,) and all liens, Jan. 18; attorney, Andrew R. Welwood, 2,229 Andrews Av.....$100

LOT 41, map 1,131 E of 40 lots, near Bronxdale, North Bronx Realty Company to Lewis C. Rose, 1,988 Cruger Av, (mtg $1,400,) Aug. 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway.....$1

MAPES AV, s e corner of 170th St, 48.1x45.1; Louis D. Livingston, and others to Edw. Muller Building Co., 154 Nassau St, (mtg $2,750,) Aug. 1; attorneys, Lese & C., 35 Nassau St.....$1

MORRIS AV, e s, 25x95.3; Bernard Stock to Anthony B. and Helen Stock, 762 Elton Av, (mtg $2,000,) Aug. 10; attorney, William H. Glegerich, 253 Broadway.....$100

PROSPECT AV, w s, 88.1 ft n of 181st St, 22x100; Gaetano Laporta to Cirino Turrisi, 1,559 Lenox Av, (mtg $5,000 and all liens,) Aug. 7; attorney, M. S. Pasko, 2,072 1st Av.....$1

SENECA AV, s e corner of Falls St, 50x100; F. McCarthy to the McCarthy-Macey Co, 977 Prospect Av.....$100

UNION AV, 708, e s, 20.10x92.6; Charles Burger to Annie Burger, his wife, 708 Union Av, ½ part, (mtg $5,500,) Aug. 2; Henry Kuntz, 61 Park Row.....$100

WALTON AV, e s, 25 ft n of 175th St, 25x95; George E. Buckbee to Annie E. Garbe, 1,753 Walton Av, (mtg $5,000,) Aug. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway.....$100

WEST END AV, 594, e s, 19x80; West End Av, 583, e s, 20x80; the Realty Company of America to Eighty-sixth Street and West End Avenue Co., 2 Wall St, (mtg $50,000,) Aug. 10; attorney F. C. Kronmeyer, 2 Wall St..$100

WEST END AV, 583, s e corner of 86th St, 25.2x80, (mtg $80,000;) West End Av, 590, e s, 19x80, (mtg $29,000;) West End Av, 592, e s, 19x100, (mtgs $29,000;) Leicestershire Realty Co. to Eighty-sixth Street and West End Av. Co., 2 Wall St; attorney, F. C. Kronmeyer, 2 Wall St.....$100

1ST AV, 1,845, w s, 25x80; Frank Dvorak to Frances, wife of Frank Mosner, 1,873 1st Av, (mtg $11,800,) all liens, Aug. 9; attorneys, Wolf & K., 203 Broadway.....$1

1ST AV, 1,841, n w corner of 96th St, 25.8x80; Frank Dvorak to Frances Mosner, 1,873 1st Av, Aug. 9, (mtg $18,250;) attorneys, Houghton & Marx, 20 Broadway.....$1

4TH ST, n s, 172.7 ft e of Av D., 67.10x90; Jno. Cardene, referee to Ernest Kast, 762 Amsterdam Av, (mtg $48,000,) Aug. 10, foreclosure Aug. 9, 1911; attorney Maurice Steiner, 43 Cedar St.....$500

7TH AV, 200, w s, 24.7x100; Solomon Goldenkranz to Salo Cohn, 62 East 83d St, (mtg $48,000,) Aug. 3; attorneys, Rosenthal & H., 2 Rector St.....$1

8TH AV, e corner of 134th St, 40x100; Joseph M. Goldberg to Harry N. Kohn, 3 West 39th St, Aug. 11; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 203 Broadway.....$100

10TH AV, 442, e s, 24.8x100; Joseph M. Goldberg to Harry N. Kohn, 3 West 39th St, (mtg $33,000,) Aug. 11; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 203 Broadway.....$100

23D ST, 165 WEST, n s, 22x112.6; Hy. Harburger to Gustave W. Cohen and others, 825 Park Av West, (mtg $63,000,) 1-3 part, all liens, March 17; attorney, Benjamin M. Kaye, 149 Broadway.....$100

23D ST, 165 West, n s, 22x112.6; Hy. Harburger and Gustave W. Cohen and others to Harry O. Wood, Haworth, N. J., (mtg $63,000 and all liens,) Aug. 2; attorney, Benjamin M. Kaye, 149 Broadway.....$100

41ST ST, 116 East, 25x98.9, (mtg $37,500;) 41st St, 120 East 19x98., (mtg $20,000;) Thomas L. Jaques to the Steuben Co., 116 East 41st St, Aug. 8; Lord, D. & L., 49 Wall St.....$1

48TH ST, s s, 365 ft w of 6th Av, 20x100.5; Ernest M. Corey to Swetland Realty Company, 289 West 39th St, (mtg $25,000,) May 18; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, 160 Broadway.....$100

81ST ST, 203 to 213, n s, 100 ft w of St. Ann's Av, 150x102.2; William W. Skiddy to Zachariah Zacharias 231 West 116th St, July 18, (mtg $147,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway....$100

82D ST, 316 West, s s, 25x102.2; Mary Haas to Annie M. Devery, Mott Av, near Bay St, Far Rockaway, (mtg $28,000,) Aug. 10; attorneys, James, S. & E., 170 Broadway..$100

SAME PROPERTY; Mary Haas to same, release mortgage, Aug. 10; attorneys, same.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Annie M. Devery to Anna L. Fink, Mott Av, Far Rockaway, L. I., (mtg $43,000,) 1-3 part, Aug. 10.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; same to Florence I. Oliver, Mott Av, near Bay St, Far Rockaway, L. I., Aug. 10, (mtg $43,000;) attorneys, same....$1

97TH ST, 38 West, s s, 198.10x100.11; Egan J. Marx to Moses S. Adler, 200 East 69th St, (mtg $18,000,) Aug. 8; address, party second part, 157 East 57th St.....$1

100TH ST, 227 East, n s, 25x100.8; Selma Alexander to Stephen H. Jackson, 53 East 67th St, Aug. 7, (mtg $15,500;) address, 106 Lexington Av.

104TH ST, n s, 300 ft e of 5th Av, 50x100.11; Winston Holding Co. to Parker K. Deane, Cornwall, N. Y., quitclaim, all liens, Aug. 10; attorneys, Kantrowitz & E., 320 Broadway.....$1

116TH ST, s s, 85 ft e of 5th Av, 23.3x0x irregular; William Cohen to Mary Cohen, 639 West 138th St, ¼ part, (mtg $19,000,) Aug. 8; attorney, M. Cohen, 8 East 12th St..$100

118TH ST, 210-218 East, s s, 37.1x100.5; Mary Burnham to Lawrence Cohen, 210 East 118th St, all liens, Aug. 7; attorney, William J. Lippmann, 116 Nassau St.....$1

118TH ST, 216 and 218 East, s s, 37.1x100.5; S. Birnbaum to Mary Birnbaum, 415 East 75th St, all liens, July 21; attorney, William J. Lippmann, 116 Nassau St.....$1

119TH ST, 21 East, n w corner of Madison Av, 100x25.10; Pauline S. Rapp and others, executors, &c., of Maurice Rapp, to Salo Cohn, 62 East 81st St; attorneys, Lyons & Lyons, 11 Broadway.....$500

SAME PROPERTY; Salo Cohn to Solomon Goldenkranz, 68 St. Mark's Place, (mtg $42,000,) Aug. 1; attorney, same.....$100

119TH, 72 East, s s, 22x100.10; Edward Muller Building Co to Louis D. Livingston, 1,127 Forest Av, and David H. Lieberman, 1,125 Forest Av, (mtg $20,000,) Aug. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

120TH ST, 215 and 217, n s, 32x99.11; Stephen H. Jackson to Selma Alexander, 338 East 15th St, Aug. 4, (mtg $10,000;) B. Alexander, 163 East Broadway.....$100

120TH ST, 215-217 East, n s, 32x99.11; Selma Alexander to Meyer Jarmulowsky, 1,186 Lexington Av, (mtg $10,000,) Aug. 10; attorney, B. Alexander, 163 East Broadway.....$100

123D ST, 116 West, s s, 20x99.11; Jerome P. Miner, heir of John D. Miner, to Mabel M. Gillespie, Shippan Point, Stamford, Conn., (mtg $600,) 1-5 part, Aug. 10; attorneys, Williamson & Smith, 115 Broadway.....$100

141ST ST, 239 and 241 West, n s, 49.8x99.11; Thomas J. Meehan to Frances S. Boulton, 58 Quincy St, Brooklyn, (mtg $60,000,) Aug. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

153D ST, n e corner Melrose Av, 20x100; Barbara Zehder to Charles Wilhelm, 388 East 115th St, all title, B. & S., Aug. 10; attorney, L. Beringer, 2,960 3d Av.....$1

155TH ST, s s, 195.3 ft n of Morris Av, 25x100; Barbara Zehder to Charles Wilhelm, 388 East 155th St, all liens Aug. 10; attorney, L. Beringer, 2,960 3d Av.....$1

175TH ST, n s, 141.11 ft w of Macomb's Road, 75x97.4x78.7x120.11; Mainhart to Mainhart Lavelle Construction Co, 271 Broadway, (mtg $6,000,) Aug. 10; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

202D ST, 201 East, n s, 25x100, except part for Grand Boulevard and Concourse, August Saner to Lawrence P. Powers, 2,873 Briggs Av, (mtg $6,000,) July 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway.....$100

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

ALEXANDER, Selma, to Stephen H. Jackson, 53 East 67th St; 125th St, 215 and 217 East, 32x99.11, Aug. 7, 3 years, 6 p. c.; address, 106 Lexington Av.....$2,000

AUDUBON IMPROVEMENT CO. to Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway; Amsterdam Av, n w corner of 156th St, 52.11x125, Aug. 8, 5 years; address, 135 Broadway.....$100,000

SAME to Adolph D. Bendheim and another, administrator, 42 West 89th St; Amsterdam Av, 1,944 and 1,946, w s, 46.11x125, Aug. 8, 5 years; Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$65,000

BANKS, Zoe E., to Robert D. Winthrop and others, executors, at Westbury, N. Y.; 40th St, s s, 235 ft w of 5th Av, 25x98.9, Aug. 11, 5 years, 4 p. c.; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway.....$40,000

BOYLE, John C., to Catharine Gormley, at Orange, N. J.; Hester St, n w corner of Allen St, 40x50, Aug. 8, due May 1, 1913; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$3,000

BOZEMAN, Celesta M., to Richard C. Taber, 55 Grand Av; Lexington Av, 998 and 995, 80x80, Aug. 11, due as per bond; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$5,000

BUCHANAN, Marcellus, to Henry Wisner, Philadelphia, Penn.; 30th St, 355 West, 26x98.9, Aug. 11, 3 years; attorney, M. S. Brown, 76 William St.....$10,000

BUTLER, Anna V., to Michael J. Mulqueen, 40 West 85th St; 5th Av, n e corner of 138th St, July 17, due as per note, 6 p. c.; address, 283 Broadway.....$350

CHARLES T. STREETER CONSTRUCTION Co. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St; Elton Av, n w s, 48 ft s w of 180th St, 50x100, Aug. 2, due as per bond; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.....$32,000

COSTAR, George, to John Doll, 1,827 Amethyst St; Arnold Av, w s, 300 ft s of Libby St, Aug. 1, 5 years, 6 p. c.; George Costar, 1,922 East 177th St.....$9,000

DALY, Myrbella H., to Woman's Hospital in the State of New York, 141 West 109th St; Madison Av, 1,037, e s, 20x77, Aug. 11, prior mtg $10,000, 1 year, 4½ p. c.; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.

DESOWITZ, Samuel, to Aimee Oppenheimer, 23 Morningside Av; 148th St, n e corner of Bradhurst Av, 75x24.11, prior mtg $23,000, Aug. 10, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. H. Oppenheimer, 170 Broadway.....$1,000

DEVERY, Annie M., to Mary Haas, 316 West 82d St; 82d St, 316 West, 25x102.2, Aug. 10, prior mtg $28,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

EMKAAR REALTY CO. to Robert M. Silverman, 319 West 92d St; 149d St, n s, 100 ft w of Broadway, 100x99.11, Aug. 10, prior mtg $128,000, demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Weed, H. & M., 62 William St.....$11,000

FABIAS CONSTRUCTION CO. to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., 1 Madison Av.; 20th St, n s, 144 ft e of 7th Av, 150.1x98.9, Aug. 10, due April 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av.....$350,000

FISCHBEIN, Fanny, to Samuel Simon and another, 444 Grand St; 6th St, s s, 177 ft w of Avenue D, 14x97, Aug. 10, prior mtg $45,000, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Isador Dobson, 2 Beekman St.....$2,750

FITCHETT, Susie M., and others to Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway; 6th Av, 783 and 785, w s, 50x —, Aug. 10, 5 years; address, 135 Broadway.....$155,000

FOSTER-SCOTT ICE CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 11th St, 332 and 334 West, 50x102.3, Aug. 10, due, &c., as per bond; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$42,000

GOLDENKRANZ, Solomon, to Salo Cohn, 62 East 81st St; 119th St, 21 East, 100x25.10, prior mtg $42,000, Aug. 1, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Rosenthal & H., 2 Rector St..$1,200

GOLDSTEIN, Annie, and another to Louis Haupt, 232 East 19th St; Stanton St, 114, n s, 22x20, Aug. 10, 5 years, 6 p. c.; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$3,800

GORDON, Francis, to Leopoldina Siebert, 574 74th St, Brooklyn; Lots 383 and 384, Block L, amended map of Cammann estate, Aug. 10, 3 years, 6 p. c.; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$800

HUBER, Christopher, to Lawrence P. Power, 2,873 Briggs Av; Walton Av, e s, 100 ft s of 181st St, 25x100, prior mtg $8,600, Aug. 7, due July 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$300

LAHM, Peter, to Lawrence P. Powers, 2,873 Briggs Av; Briggs Av, n w s, 377.4 ft n e of Travers St, 25x100, prior mtg $14,250, July 10, due as per bond; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$2,500

MAINHART, Marian R., to John H. Timoney, 320 East 201st St; Bryant St, e s, 185 ft s of 173d St, 20x100, Aug. 10, prior mtg $8,000, 2 years, 6 p. c.; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1,500

MAINHART, Marian R., to John H. Timoney, 320 East 201st St; Bryant St, e s, 145 ft s of 173d St, 20x100, prior mtg $8,000, Aug. 10, 2 years, 6 p. c.; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1,000

PRATY CONSTRUCTION CO. to Cornelius G. Coakley and others, trustees, 53 West 56th St; Washington Av, 1,830, e s, 46x109.7, Aug. 10, 5 years; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$38,000

ROSE, Louis C., to North Bronx Realty Co., 682 Gun Hill Road; Lot 41, map of 49 lots, near Bronxsdale, Aug. 10, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frank M. Garry, 660 Burke St.$1,450

THE KAY CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Hoe Av, w s, 258.7 ft n of Freeman St, 50x100, Aug. 10, due Feb. 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$30,000

VARIAN, Wilbur L., to Farmers Loan and Trust Co., trustee, 22 William St; Bainbridge Av, s e corner of 198th St, 130x107.4, Aug. 5, 3 years, —p. c.; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange place.....$13,500

WAGNER, Rosina S., to Charles Colgate, Dalton, Mass.; 169th St, s s, 21.1 ft w of Prospect Av, 20.8x100.8, Aug. 9, 5 years; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$2,750

WERSBA, Ida, to Joseph Alexander and another, 583 West 112th St; 141st St, 463 West, 18x99.11, 4 months; attorney, William Rosenbloom, 99 Nassau St.....Note, $5,000

WHIPPLE SECURITY CO. to Hannah Lissman, 133 West 113th St; Ludlow St, 49, w s, 25x87.6, prior mtg $20,000, Aug. 10, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Herman Oppenheimer, 170 Broadway.....$3,000

ZACHARIAS, Zachariah, to William W. Skiddy, Stamford, Conn.; 81st St, n s, 175 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 87.5x102.2, prior mtg $35,000, Aug. 10, 3 years, 6 p. c.; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$12,500

SAME to same; 81st St, n s, 137.6 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 37.6x102.2, prior mtg $35,000, Aug. 10, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, same.....$12,500

SAME to same; 81st St, n s, 212.5 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 37.7x102.2, prior mtg $37,000, Aug. 10, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, same.....$10,500

SAME to same; 81st St, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 37.6x102.2, prior mtg $40,000, Aug. 10, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, same.....$7,500

86TH ST. AND WEST END AV. CO. to Leicestershire Realty Co., 2 Wall St; West End Av, 528 to 536, s e corner of 86th St, 102.2x—, prior mtg $671,500, Aug. 10, due as per bond; attorney, F. C. Kronmeyer, 2 Wall St..$80,000

SAME to same, same property, Aug. 10, prior mtg $158,000, due as per bond; attorney, same.....$42,500

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of 156th St, 100x125, June 3, 1910; Harry Aronson to Ehler Osterholt, 211 East 93d St; owner, Audubon Improvement Co., 974 St. Nicholas Av; Noble & Camp, 2 Wall St..$22,500

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of 156th St, 99.10x125, Jan. 6, 1911; Audubon Improvement Co., owner, 974 St. Nicholas Av., to New York Mortgage and Security Co., 135 Broadway.....$33,000

ANGOLD AV, w s, 300 ft s of Libby St, runs w parallel with Libby St to mean high water mark east bank of Westchester Creek n x s along same to north line of Lot 135, map of Dutchess Land Co x e along north line of Lot 133 and parallel with n b l of said premises to w s of Arnold Av x n along w s of said avenue 150 ft to beginning, Oct. 15, 1909; John Cook and Filomena, his wife, to Thomas C. Arnow, Williamsbridge Road; owner, George Costar, 1,922 East 177th St; Title Insurance Co, 135 Broadway.....$6,000

BRYANT ST, e s, 185 ft s of 173d St, 20x100, Nov. 11, 1907; Jennie Wood to Lavelle Construction Co., owner, 271 Broadway; E. L. Barnard, 271 Broadway.....$2,250

BRYANT ST, e s, 145 ft s of 173d St, 20x100, Nov. 11, 1907; Helena Leary to Lavelle Construction Co., 271 Broadway; E. L. Barnard, 271 Broadway.....$2,250

CENTRE MARKET PLACE, 7, mortgage on personal property, Aug. 3, 1911; Nunziata Forlenza to Vincenzo de Giorgi.....$1,300

CORNELIA ST, 11, mortgage on fixtures, July 11, 1911; Thomas A. and Sarah L. Glenn to Elizabeth Miller.....$300

GLEASON AV, (formerly 12th St,) n w corner of Castle Hill Av, (formerly Avenue C) Unionport, mtg on personal property, Nov. 11, 1907; Edw. A. Schill to Jacob Ruppert, a corporation; Walter H. Stewart, 1,039 3d Av.....$2,500

LOT 53, Map 1,273, Hunt's Point Realty Co., June 11, 1908; Charles P. Kelly, 900 Faile Av, to Hunt's Point Realty Co.; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$900

LOT 52, Map 1,273, Hunt's Point Realty Co., June 11, 1908; Charles P. Kelly, 900 Faile Av, to Edw. L. Young; owner, Frederick McCarthy, 977 Prospect Av; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...$1,300

LOT 61, same map and date; same to W. Elmer Payntar and William L. Ricard, trustees of William Layton, deceased, and Mary E. Halley, owners; same attorney.....$595

LOT 357, same map and date; same to J. Clarence Davies.....$1,120

LOTS 406 to 408, same map and date; same to same; attorney same.....$1,407

LOTS 11 to 14, inclusive, Map 1,275, estate of Lucius Chittenden, deceased, begins Broadway, w s, 125 ft n from boundary line between land of Clittenden & Potter, 50x200, March 21, 1910; Henry C. Naumann to Martin Edw. Naumann; owner, Katherine L. Naum

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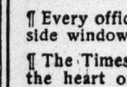

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Madison, N. J.—For rent, beautiful suburban residence, 50 minutes from New York, D., L. & W. R. R.; restricted neighborhood; on the hill; house 13 rooms, 2 baths; stable; shady grounds. Condict, 565 West 139th St., New York.

HILLTOP BUNGALOW $275.

Among the pines and cedars, 3 rooms, nice porch; out house; large plot; $50 to 3 av down, $5 monthly; 52 trains; fare 15c. MOUNTAINSIDE, 69 Times Downtown.

Astonishing Bargain.—Cottage, six rooms; quarter acre cultivated land; abundant fruit; overlooking Orange Mountain; 25 minutes from Broadway, Lackawanna Railroad; price $2,000; easy terms. Nicholson, Lynhurst, N. J.

For Sale, Sparta, N. J.—New bungalow, five rooms, bath; high ground, fine air; restricted property; small colony best people only. Box 211, Sparta, Sussex Co., N. J.

BUNGALOW COLONY TRACT, 6 acres, 700 FEET RIVER FRONT. In the Millington Hills; hour out; convenient to station. $2,000. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Bargain.—New cottage, 6 rooms, all improvements; high, healthy, restricted; price $3,700, $300 cash; photo, particulars mailed. Hallberg, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

BRIGHT, AIRY OFFICES

¶ Sunshine and fresh air fill every office in the Times Building.

¶ Every office has at least two outside windows

¶ The Times Building is located in the heart of New York's popular business and amusement district.

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¶ All modern equipments.

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TIMES BUILDING

Times Square.

Broadway office divided to suit; sign privileges; two elevators direct to office, one flight. Paula Feather Company, 856 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights

REED HOUSE

121st St. and Broadway.

5 Rooms, $540- $600
6 Rooms, $720- $840
7 Rooms, $840-$1,200

This property is held and managed by an individual owner as a permanent investment.

APPLY ON PREMISES.

Hague Apartments 547 Riverside Drive

overlooking Hudson River, Palisades and Claremont.

High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.

Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and 'phone service.

APARTMENTS, $900 to $1,500.

West Side.

THE AYLSMERE

60 West 76th St.

Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators night and day, passenger and service; steam dryer; convenient to all traction lines; rent $1,000 to $1,500.

SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE ADRIAN,

58 West 72d St., Corner.

Eight large, light rooms, tiled bath; electric light; parquet floors; night and day elevator; Subway express and elevated stations on 72d; all surface lines convenient; rent $1,200 to $1,300.

SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE WASHINGTON,

318-322 West 51st.

Attractive apartments of 6 large, light rooms, elevator, telephone; all modern improvements. Apply to Superintendent, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

THE LINCOLN,

306-310 West 51st St.

Attractive apartments of four and five large, light rooms, elevator, telephone; all modern improvements. Superintendent, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

LIFE BUILDING

21 West 31st St.

Apartments to rent, unfurnished, 2 to 4 rooms and bath; rents $600 up.

W. HARVEY, Mgr., on Premises.

306 WEST 102d ST.

Apartments of 3 rooms on 1st and 4th floors; fireproof house, accommodating 6 families; rents $21.50 and $22.50.

Firm of L. S. CARPENTER, 35 Liberty St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

A FEW

Two, Three, and Four Room

APARTMENTS,

furnished and unfurnished in the exceptionally located

Schuyler Arms

307 West 98th St.,

on terms that will surprise you.

Two doors from Riverside Drive. Near Express Subway station. Convenient for elevated and surface lines.

Maid service included. Restaurant in building.

'Phone 3964 Riverside.

HOTEL WOODWARD

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Broadway & 55th St., N. Y.

CONVENIENCE of a Hotel with PRIVACY of a Home.

Substantial Reductions, when apartments are taken now, on a lease from October First.

SONOMA,

BROADWAY & 55TH ST.

MOST CENTRAL LOCATION IN TOWN.

Apartments of 4, 5, and 8 rooms, 1 and 2 baths; exceptionally large, light rooms, with high ceilings, decorated to suit; superior hall and elevator service. Your inspection invited each day, including Sundays. Also 1 furnished apt. of 8 rooms and 2 baths.

471-473 CENTRAL PARK WEST—LARGE COMFORTABLE APARTMENTS; COOL IN SUMMER, WARM IN WINTER; EIGHT ROOMS AND BATH, $800 TO $1,200. SUPERINTENDENT AT 471.

East Side.

—ARTISTS—

NEW AND DESIRABLE

STUDIOS

ON TOP FLOOR

12 EAST 48th STREET

Rent $1,500 each; includes elevator service; heat and hot water; 2 rooms and bath in each suite, with fine north SKYLIGHTS.

Renting agent on premises.

The Colford

301 East 65th St.

Adjoining Schermerhorn private residences, apartment on the main floor; all-night service; telephone; rent $40.

FIRM L. J. CARPENTER, 25 Liberty, 1,181 3d Av.

Best Value in Manhattan.

S. E. corner 5th Av. and 2 East 127th St.

Apartments of five, six, and seven large, light rooms and bath; parquet floors; abundance of closet room; separate servants' toilet; all night elevator; refined neighborhood; rents $660 to $1,920 per annum.

KINGSTON—129 E. 76th STREET.

Handsome apartment; eight large, light rooms.

BRONX.

KEMP-JONES APARTMENTS,

950-974 Anderson Av., near Jerome Av.

2-3-4-5-6 Rooms, $22-$40.

Near west side "L," 155th St. Station. High-class; every improvement; private telephone, electric light; near park, athletic grounds, boat clubs.

Office: Ogden Av., cor 162d. Tel. 537 Melrose.

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HOTEL ROLAND

39th St., Between Madison & Park Aves., Block from Grand Plaza

Entrance to Central Park.

SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 PER DAY.

DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $2.00 PER DAY.

Family Hotel for Permanent and Transient Guests.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT—NEW YORK COUNTY.—AMELIA E. ARNDT and another, Plaintiffs, against MARIE L. KERN and others, Defendants.—Notice of Sale.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made in the above-entitled action, dated the 21st day of July, 1911, duly entered and filed herein on the 24th day of July, 1911, in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said interlocutory judgment named, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 18th day of August, 1911, at twelve o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said interlocutory judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

ALL and singular the lands and premises hereinafter described, with the buildings thereon and appurtenances, situated in the City, County, and State of New York, Borough of Manhattan, and which are described in the amended complaint herein, as follows, to wit:

FIRST PARCEL: BEGINNING at a point in the easterly line of the Second Avenue, distant 25 feet 2½ inches northerly from the northeasterly corner of the Second Avenue and Forty-third Street; thence running easterly, and parallel with the northerly line of Forty-third Street, 92 feet; thence northerly, and parallel with the easterly line of the Second Avenue, 25 feet 2½ inches; thence westerly, on a line parallel with Forty-third Street, 92 feet to the easterly line of the Second Avenue; and thence southerly, along the said easterly line of the Second Avenue, 25 feet 2½ inches to the point or place of beginning.

SECOND PARCEL: BEGINNING at a point on the westerly side of Second Avenue, distant 75 feet 6 inches southerly from the southwest corner of Forty-sixth Street and Second Avenue; running thence westerly, and through the centre of a party wall and parallel with Forty-sixth Street, 100 feet; thence running southerly, and parallel with said Second Avenue, 25 feet; thence easterly, and parallel with Forty-sixth Street, 100 feet to the Second Avenue; thence northerly, along the westerly side of the Second Avenue, to the point or place of beginning, 25 feet.

Dated New York, July 24th, 1911.

RICHARD M. HENRY, Referee.

FERRISS, ROESER & STORCK, Esqs., Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

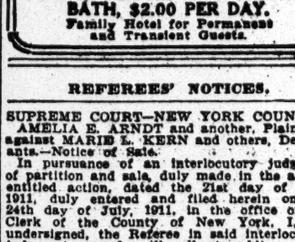
STRONG & CADWALADER, Esqs., Attorneys for Defendant, Seamen's Bank for Savings, 40 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

ELY ROSENBERG, Esq., Attorney for Defendant, Marie L. Kern, 346 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

PATRICK J. LEAHON, Esq., Attorney for Defendant, Louise F. Leffmann, 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the above-described property, which will be sold in separate parcels:

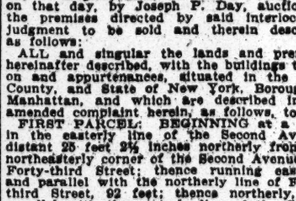
FIRST PARCEL: (No. 808 Second Avenue.)



Forty-third Street.

SECOND PARCEL: (No. 351 Second Avenue.)

Forty-sixth Street.



First parcel will be sold subject to all the terms and conditions and with all rights and benefits under a certain party wall agreement recorded in the office of the Register of New York County in Liber 29 of Conveyances, Page 241.

Both parcels will be sold subject to any state of facts which an accurate survey will show.

Dated New York, July 24th, 1911.

RICHARD M. HENRY, Referee.

Church Services To-morrow

Baptist.

CALVARY, 123 West 57th. Dr. R. S. MacArthur, Minister. 11 A. M., Rev. Donald McIntyre will preach. Subject: "Thought and Character."

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 92d St. and Amsterdam Av. Rev. Frank M. Goodchild, D. D., Pastor.—Preaching Sunday, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M., by Rev. Albert G. Lawson, D. D., of Waterbury, Conn.

HOPE BAPTIST CHURCH, Broadway, 104th. Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY, Pastor.—Open all Summer! The Pastor preaches morning and evening.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, Madison Avenue, Cor. 31st Street. C. A. EATON, D. D., PASTOR. REV. W. W. BUSTARD, D. D., of Euclid Av. Baptist Church, Cleveland, Ohio, will preach Sunday morning and evening. 11 A. M.—"LIFE'S LIMITATIONS." 8 P. M.—"STORMS AND ANCHORS."

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE, Broadway and 56th St. Rev. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D. D., Pastor. REV. WILLIAM A. KIRKWOOD, Assistant Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesday, 8 P. M., Prayer Meeting.

Disciples of Christ (Christian.)

FIRST CHURCH, 142 WEST 81ST ST. WILLIAM L. FISHER, Minister. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

Lutheran.

EVANG. LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, Broadway and 93d.—W. M. Horn, Pastor. Services 11 A. M. Church open all Summer.

Methodist Episcopal.

7th Av. METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14th St. JOHN WESLEY HILL, Pastor. DUBOIS H. LOUX, Associate Pastor. 11 A. M., Dr. Loux—"The Eternal Springs." 8 P. M., Dr. Loux—"Now Abideth Love."

Presbyterian.

BRICK CHURCH, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street. Communion at close of service. Dr. Albert Parker Fitch of Andover Seminary will preach at 11 o'clock.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th Av. and 55th St. Services at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. Rev. G. A. JOHNSTON ROSS, M. A., of Montreal, will preach. While the front of the church is being altered, services will be held in the chapel, entrance 7 West 55th St. Strangers are cordially invited.

FOURTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH has removed and is now worshipping in EARL HALL OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, (entrance 117th St. and Broadway,) WALTER D. BUCHANAN, D. D., MINISTER, PREACHES AT 11 A. M.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, northeast corner of 73d St. Public Worship at 10:30 A. M. and 8 P. M.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 155th St., between Broadway and Amsterdam Av. Rev. JOHN R. MACKAY, P. H. D., Pastor. Rev. LOWRIE D. CORY, assistant minister. 11 A. M., Mr. Cory, "Treasure in Earthen vessels." 7 P. M., open-air meeting, Riverside Drive and 155th St.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th Av., 11th to 12th St., Rev. HOWARD DUFFIELD, D. D., Pastor. Rev. James A. McCague, 11 A. M.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN Church, Cor. of 10th St., (one block west from Broadway.) GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., Pastor.—Public worship to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock. Rev. A. W. Halsey, D. D., will preach. No evening service. Sunday school at 9:45 A. M. Wednesday evening service at 8 o'clock.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Amsterdam Ave., corner 105th St. Rev. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, D. D., Pastor. Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Preaching by the REV. JOHN B. LAIRD, D. D., Frankford Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia.

Protestant Episcopal.

ASCENSION, 5th Av. and 10th St. 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Av. and 21st St., Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector.—Holy Communion, 8, 11. Morning Prayer and Sermon by the Rev. F. A. McElwain, 11. Evensong, 8.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, Amsterdam Av. and 111th St. Sunday, August 13.

8—Holy Communion.
11 and 4—Preacher, Dean George Hodges, D. D.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, 139 West 46th St., Rev. J. G. H. Barry, D. D., Rector. Low masses, 7:30, 9; high mass, 10:45; evensong, 4.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, Montague St., Brooklyn. Regular services all Summer. 8:30 A. M., Holy Communion. 11 A. M., morning prayer and sermon. 8 P. M., evening prayer and sermon. Preacher, Rev. Waldo Adams Ames. Services of clergy may be had at any time. Telephone Main—2912.

CHURCH of the TRANSFIGURATION, 1 E. 29. —Communions, 7 and 8; WOODWARD'S MASS and Sermon, 10:30; Choral Evensong, 5 o'clock. Rev. Dr. Barbour preaches at 10:30 A. M.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St. 8, 11, 8. Rev. FREDERICK EDWARDS at 11; Rev. WM. B. EDDY at 8.

SPECIAL SUMMER SERVICES. ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Madison Av., Corner 44th St. Sunday mornings at 8:30 and 11 o'clock. Full choir will be present. Seats free. PREACHER, AUG. 13. The Rev. J. STUART HOLDEN, D. D., Rector St. Paul's Church, Portman Sq., London. The Services of the Clergy may be had day or night. Telephone 7225 Bryant.

TRINITY CHURCH, Sunday Services: 7:00, 11:00 A. M., (Sermon); 3:30 P. M. Weekday Services: 7:30, 9:00 A. M.; 3 P. M. Rev. Stuart L. Tyson, Chaplain University of the South, will preach at 11 o'clock service every Sunday during Summer. CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY. The public is cordially invited to the services, both on Sundays and on weekdays.

Reformed.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 2d Av. and 7th St. Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister. Rev. David Van Strien will preach at 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 5th Av. and 29th St. Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister. Rev. John S. Allen, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Morning: "Faith Cure versus Fake Cures." Evening: "Devoutness, the Present Religious Need."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS, 5th Av. and 48th St. Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MAC LEOD, Minister. Rev. Daniel Hoffman Martin, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Morning: "Is the World Getting Better or Worse?" Evening: "Have We Outgrown the Old Book?"

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH, West End Av. and 77th St. Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D.D., Minister Rev. J. Fred Berg, D. D., will preach at 11 A.M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M. at 221 East 15th St., Manhattan; and 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Unitarian.

ALL SOUL'S CHURCH, 4th Av. and 20th St., services at 11 A. M., conducted by Rev. LEON A. HARVEY. Subject: "THE COMING RELIGION AND THE FUTURE LIFE," fourth sermon in series. The public invited.

Other Services.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 44th St. and 8th Av., Rev. A. B. SIMPSON, Pastor.—Sunday, Aug. 13, 10:30 A. M. and 8 P. M., Rev. D. H. Moore of London, England, will preach both morning and evening.

TENT EVANGEL, W. 124th St., between Amst. and Morningside. Sunday, 10:30 and 3:30. Drs. Geo. R. Stuhl and G. W. McPherson, Supt. Rev. J. Stuart Holden, 8 P. M. Rev. H. M. Wharton, nightly.

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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of W. C. GOLDEN & CO., a copartnership, composed of William C. Golden and John B. Hutchinson, and William C. Golden, individually, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupts consisting of a stock of materials and unassembled parts for the manufacture of planos, fixtures, furniture, &c., will be sold under the direction of Charles J. Breck, the trustee, by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at Nos. 410-416 East 32nd Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 24th day of August, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

The aforesaid property will be open for inspection at the above address on August 21st, 22nd, and 23rd, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

The trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least seventy-five per centum of the appraised value.

Dated New York, August 11th, 1911.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

MARSHALL S. HAGAR, Attorney for Trustee, 84 Pine Street, Manhattan, New York.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY J. BACHRACH and JOEL JUDAS, composing the firm of BACHRACH & JUDAS, alleged bankrupts.—No. 15,098.

Notice is hereby given that Harry J. Bachrach and Joel Judas, have filed their petition praying that the composition heretofore offered by them to their creditors and accepted in writing by a majority in number of creditors, whose claims have been allowed, which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, may be confirmed by the court, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Honorable Judges of the United States District Court, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, August 23rd, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, and then and there to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the alleged bankrupts thereon.

New York, August 10th, 1911.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH, Special Master.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PETERS CONFECTIONERY COMPANY, Alleged Bankrupt.—No. 15,126.

To the creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupt:

That, pursuant to an order of Hon. George C. Holt, Judge, the above-entitled matter was referred to me as Special Master and Referee for the purpose of composition before adjudication.

You are hereby notified that a meeting of creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupt will be held before me at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 24th day of August, 1911, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, pass upon the composition offered by the alleged bankrupt herein, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, August 10, 1911.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy and Special Master.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 14,803.—RADIO TELEPHONE COMPANY, Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Radio Telephone Company, alleged bankrupt, has filed a petition dated August 1st, 1911, praying for a confirmation of a composition, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, August 23d, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, August 4th, 1911.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 15,100.—JOSEPH HIRSCHHAUT, Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Hirschhaut, alleged bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 20th, 1911, praying for a confirmation of a composition, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition, before United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, August 23d, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, August 8th, 1911.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—LE ROY F. JONES, Bankrupt.—14,756.

Notice is hereby given that Le Roy F. Jones, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 4th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on September 13th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, August 11th, 1911.

No. 15,295.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISAAC POLONSKY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Isaac Polonsky of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of July, A. D. 1911, the said Isaac Polonsky was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, Room 1,875, Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, New York City, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1911, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Aug. 10, 1911.

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48 W. 27th St., bet. B'way & 6th. SEIDER'S Dinner 40c. Also Ala.

SUMMER RESORTS.

1 time per line, 20c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.26. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW YORK—Catskill Mountains.

THE

Catskill Mountains

noted for picturesque and romantic scenery. The glorious air, the magnificent views and comfortable accommodations are a great attraction in this mountain region, which is a paradise for children and a sanitarium for everybody.

THE ULSTER & DELAWARE R. R.

in connection with West Shore Railroad forms the only all rail through car line between New York and all points in this famous mountain region.

The Summer time schedule is now in effect.

An illustrated Summer Book, with map of the Catskills and list of hotels and boarding houses, will be sent free on receipt of 6 cents postage.

N. A. SIMS, General Passenger Agent, Kingston, N. Y.

Cragsmoor Inn,

Spend the summer in the clouds.

2,000 feet elevation. Highest point near New York. Large private park. Guaranteed milk; no canned vegetables. 107 rooms, 43 with private bath. Easily accessible by motor car. Booklet.

R. D. COMPTON, Cragsmoor, N. Y.

NEW YORK—New York City.

IN THE COUNTRY IN NEW YORK CITY.

Ideal hotel, 300 feet above Hudson. Large grounds, plenty shade, fine tennis court. Stable and garage accommodations, modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accommodates 50 guests; accessible by train or Subway. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York City. Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

PROSPECT HOUSE

SHELTER ISLAND HEIGHTS, L. I., N. Y.

DELIGHTFUL WEEK-ENDS. Golf Tennis. Unexcelled Yachting. Commodious Bathing Casino. Garage. Ideal Auto Run. Booklet.

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Far Rockaway, L. I. 130 Suites, all outside. European and American plan. Garage.

SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW YORK—Watkins.

The Glen Springs

In the Heart of the Lake Country, Noted for the most beautiful scenery of Lake, River, and Mountain in America.

THE AMERICAN NAUHEIM

A perfectly appointed Hotel, and a completely equipped Mineral Springs Health Resort. The only place in America administering the

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on

Lake Hopatcong, N. J.

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Beginning Aug. 8, for 2 weeks. Exceptional Cuisine, Service, and Music. Catering to Select Patronage. Rates $4.00 per day, $21 per week up. Running Hot and Cold Water in every room.

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NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

GRAND ATLANTIC

Virginia Av., Near Beach, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

Rooms en suite, with hot and cold sea water baths. Elevator from street level. $2.50 daily and up. $12.50

The Right Bookkeeper.

How many times have you heard the expression, "How can I find the right bookkeeper?" It is a problem that has confronted many employers for it is an important position in any enterprise.

There is a solution that is quick and speedy. State your requirements in an "Effective Help Wanted Advertisement" in The New York Times, fifty words for one dollar. Outline just the kind of a position you have to offer, the requirements and the chances of advancement.

The "Help Wanted" columns of The New York Times are read by the highest class of workers in every line of endeavor.

Go to any advertising agency or telephone The New York Times, Bryant 1000.

Lost

25c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—At Desbrosses St. ferry or at the Pennsylvania Depot, New York side, about 12:45 P. M. Thursday, Aug. 10, business envelope containing business cards and checks and small envelope inside of which were two diamond rings. Finder will be liberally rewarded and no questions asked by returning same to A. Kodziesen, 850 Broadway, Brooklyn.

LOST—Pearl dress shirt stud, spring back, gold, in Pullman car No. 5 on N. Y., N. H. & H. train which left Boston Saturday 1 A. M. and reached New York at 7:05 A. M., or in cafe of Grand Union Hotel shortly after arrival of train; a suitable reward for return of stud to W. Miller, Second Floor, Times Building.

LOST—Held up and stolen at Woodlawn, New York, New Haven Road, between 10 P. M. and 7 A. M., gent's 1¼ solitaire, Tiffany setting; liberal reward; detectives please copy. J. T. Downey, 236 West 120th St.

LOST—Old-fashioned gold bangled bracelet, on 8th Av., between 145th and 147th Sts. Liberal reward for return to Anderson, 247 West 145th St., New York City.

LOST—Monday, the 7th, D. A. R. pin, diamond cluster, surrounded 13 diamonds; "Lizzie E. Botlmer" on back; reward. 846 West 72d St.

Partner with capital wanted; first-class established waist and dress manufacturing. French, 19 West 26th St.

LOST.—Gold braid watch fob without locket; liberal reward. H. T. Puchard, 45 West 27th.

LOST—Bunch of keys; reward. Howard, 204 Reaper Block, Chicago, Ill.

Found

25c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

PROPERTY CLERK'S OFFICE, Police Department of the City of New York, Room 9, 300 Mulberry St., New York, Aug. 11, 1911.—Lost Property: Purse containing cash, keys, bank book, coat hangers, receipt book &c.; bag containing locket and chain. Branch Office, 269 State St., Brooklyn: Satchel, bag containing purse, small amount of cash, and handkerchief.

FOUND, Aug. 11.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.: Basket, hat, package, purse, package of shaving paste.

FOUND, Aug. 11.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Pin, cane, three umbrellas, book, ticket, cardcase, box, package, spectacles, roll, steel casting, fountain pen.

FOUND, Aug. 11.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Three dress suitcases, satchel, five packages, one umbrella, book, package of photographs.

FOUND, Aug. 11.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, —— J.: One suitcase, five packages.

FOUND, Aug. 11.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Dress suitcase, hat, cane, lady's umbrella, straw hat, pocketbook, camera.

FOUND, Aug. 11.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Package containing suit of clothes, cardcase, two soft hats, child's green parasol, umbrella, stickpin, book, dress suitcase, camera.

FOUND, Aug. 11.—PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Picture, cap, cane, straw hat, umbrella, breastpin, cuff button, shaving outfit, one package, valises, umbrella, package, pocketbook.

FOUND, Aug. 11.—BY POLICE. Apply Property Clerk, 300 Mulberry St.: Rule, keys, file and cutter. IN BROOKLYN. Apply 269 State St., Brooklyn: Auto signs.

FOUND, Aug. 10.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO., HUDSON TUBES. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Satchel, hat, keys, umbrellas, parasols, eyeglasses, waist.

Business Opportunities

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

I will pay $70,000 yearly to an investor or investors or a private banker who will invest $400,000 cash for sanitarium purposes; money invested to be secured by first mortgages upon improved property situated at Stamford, Conn., and New York City now valued at $700,000. George J. Gladman, M. D., C. M., 143 West 71st St., New York City.

Large factory on railroad, fully equipped, boilers, engines, dynamos, pulleys, belting, shafting, pumps, air compressors, 4 acres land; ideal freight and labor conditions; will sell, lease, exchange, or take stock in a corporation; chance lifetime for manufacturer. G. P. Butterly, 47 West 34th St.

FOR SALE.—One-half interest in flourishing young ladies boarding school, Washington, D. C.; a rare opportunity. Address X 80 Times.

$1,000 invested rooming house will net $2,000 profits in 8 months if properly run. James, 15 East 54th. Phone 3657 Broad.

Partner wanted with $2,000 to $3,000; established cloak and suit manufacturing business. X 120 Times.

Business Notices

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Specialty Manufacturers.—Our business is selling manufacturers' specialties on commission in Michigan and Ohio. Write at once stating lines you make. Harris & Co., 147 Jefferson Av., Detroit, Mich.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS. High-Grade Office Helpers.
BOOKKEEPERS. Office Service Co. (Agency)
STENOGRAPHERS. 50 Pine St. Tel. 3423 John.

Domestic.

COMPETENT help of all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. Phone 1538 Riverside.

COUPLES, cooks, general workers, waitresses, colored; city, country. Instant Relief Agency. 'Phone 7288 Morningside.

HELP.—Select colored help furnished. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. 'Phone Harlem—6370.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency.) 514 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

For Sale

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Slightly used office furniture, desks, chairs, tables, filing cabinets, typewriters, safes, cash registers, time clocks, mimeographs, multigraphs, adding machines, specialties, bookcases, partition. Nathan's, White Street and West Broadway.

Safes, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, mirrors, wall fixtures, business furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 56-60 Pearl St., and Brooklyn.

Country Board

30c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 2 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Long Island.

Rockaway Park, 46 Second Av.—Cool, comfortable rooms with balconies overlooking ocean; excellent board.

Battershall Inn, Sea Cliff, L. I.—Elevation 200 ft.; no mosquitos; references; send for booklet.

New York State.

EDGEHILL INN, Spuyten Duyvil-on-Hudson. Summer and Winter accommodations of the very best; fine grounds; tennis courts; suites with private bath; Subway and Central. Miss Mary E. Huntington.

New Jersey.

"COLUMBIA," Butler, N. J.—Hydropathic, Kneipp, massage, osteopathic, faradic, milk, regeneration treatment scientifically; refuge for neurasthenic, rheumatic; stomach circulatory trouble; $10, (circular.)

An ideal place to rest, at "Overlook," Morristown, N. J.; 1¼ miles from station; fine view, plenty shade, good table; vegetables, fruits, milk, eggs, all from place. Tel. 438.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 25c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT.—One with experience at stenography and typewriting; state experience and salary expected. Address Assistant, Box 317 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, &c.—Middle-aged woman with some office experience, knowledge of stenography and typewriting, for out of town steady position; first-class references required. Apply to H. Koblenzer, New Brunswick, N. J.

WANTED—Stenographer and office assistant for law office; require person of education and good technique, but practical experience not essential. Apply in writing to Room 1,016, 25 Broad St., New York, giving schooling and experience.

WANTED—Nursery governess, willing to live in country. Address Hull, Richlands, Tazewell Co., Va.

WRITERS.—The Butterick Publishing Co. offers desirable positions to well-educated young women capable of writing fashion descriptions. Apply by letter only to L. D., Butterick Building, New York.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BODY MAKER WANTED—An experienced carriage and wagon body builder; should be familiar with panel bodies and know how to do quick work; write, giving age, experience, and present wages; good pay for the right man. Washington Motor Vehicle Company, 213 L St., S. W., Washington, D. C.

CARRIAGE PAINTER WANTED—A thoroughly experienced wagon and carriage painter; must have good references and be able to do high-class work; write age, experience, and present wages; good pay for the right man. Washington Motor Vehicle Company, 213 L St., S. W., Washington, D. C.

COLLECTOR and SALESMAN.—Ability to speak foreign languages and over 25 preferred; salary $10 and commission; permanent position with opportunity for advancement. Mr. Patterson, 567 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

ENGINEER WANTED. 56 East 59th St.

MANAGER—Forty to fifty years, married; must be thorough office man; good judgment in determining ability of men. X 130 Times.

ORDINARY LIFE INSURANCE MEN.
An opportunity to make $5,000 per year without interference with your present business; strict confidence will be maintained; investigate. Fred Keith, 60 Liberty St.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN who have made good wanted on high-class Long Island development; easiest selling proposition on the market. Development, X 80 Times.

SALESMAN wanted on ladies' waists and dresses to call on department stores and office; trade for city on commission basis. Apply, between 11 and 12 o'clock, Schwartz Brothers, 11 Lispenard St.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, loose-leaf or manifold salesman with established trade; exceptional arrangement with firm having most complete line; give full particulars. Confidential, R 215 Times.

SALESMEN, &c.—Men over 25 to act as salesmen and collectors; must come well recommended; good-paying, steady position. Apply all day, 217 West 125th St., Room 18.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman in hosiery and underwear wanted to sell specialty line from the mill in section of New York and Pennsylvania. X 122 Times.

SHIRT SALESMAN wanted, by reliable firm, for the jobbing trade; only those with established trade need apply; state particulars. Address Shirts, P 294 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Assistant in an uptown agency representing companies writing all classes of insurance; excellent opportunity for the right man; in reply state experience, amount of business controlled. X 121 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted as rent collector in real estate office; must be clean cut and able to furnish surety bond; small salary to start; good chance for advancement. Apply before 12 o'clock Saturday, 4,207 Broadway, (near 178th.)

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

NOTICE TO EMPLOYERS.

Commencing August 15th, 1911.

WE WILL PROVIDE IN OUR BUILDING AT 56 AND 58 COOPER SQUARE, (CORNER 7TH STREET AND 4TH AVENUE,) ONE ENTIRE FLOOR, WHERE SKILLED WORKMEN OF ALL KINDS CAN CONGREGATE MORNINGS FOR THE PURPOSE OF BEING INTERVIEWED BY PROSPECTIVE EMPLOYERS. WE WILL ALSO PROVIDE ON ANOTHER FLOOR SPACE FOR UNSKILLED WORKMEN.

EMPLOYERS ARE RESPECTFULLY REQUESTED TO SEND THEIR REPRESENTATIVES TO THE ABOVE ADDRESS WHENEVER IT IS POSSIBLE TO DO SO, IN PLACE OF TELEPHONING, SO AS TO PERSONALLY SELECT THE MEN NEEDED. THIS METHOD OF BRINGING EMPLOYER AND EMPLOYEE TOGETHER WILL SAVE TROUBLE AND EXPENSE OF ADVERTISING, AND WILL, WE BELIEVE, GREATLY FACILITATE THE SECURING OF SATISFACTORY MEN AND PLACES. AS IT IS NOW, IT IS IMPOSSIBLE FOR THE WORKING MAN TO CALL IN RESPONSE TO THE MANY ADVERTISEMENTS FOR HELP IN HIS LINE APPEARING IN THE DAILY PAPERS. AT THE PLACES HE IS ABLE TO CALL, HE FREQUENTLY IS NOT ACCEPTED, FOR ONE REASON OR ANOTHER, AND BY THE TIME HE ARRIVES AT OTHER PLACES HE IS TOO LATE. THIS CAUSES HIM TO BE OUT OF EMPLOYMENT DAYS AT A TIME. ON THE OTHER HAND, EMPLOYERS HAVE OFTEN TO REPEAT THEIR ADVERTISEMENTS BEFORE THEY SECURE THE SUITABLE MEN. IT CAN READILY BE SEEN THAT BY HAVING ONE PLACE WHERE EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYEES CAN MEET, IT WILL SAVE TIME, MONEY, AND TROUBLE.

EVERY MAN SEEKING EMPLOYMENT MAY HAVE THE BENEFIT OF OUR SERVICES FREE OF CHARGE, UNTIL HE ACTUALLY SECURES EMPLOYMENT THROUGH US, WHEN A SMALL FEE WILL BE CHARGED.

NO MEN WILL BE FURNISHED WHERE THERE IS A STRIKE.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
(Agency)
56 and 58 Cooper Sq., (corner 7th St. & 4th Av.,)
NEW YORK CITY.
Established 1909.
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:

Otto T. Bannard, President	Jacob H. Schiff
John R. MacArthur, Vice-Pres.	Robert W. DeForest
Paul M. Warburg, Treasurer	George Blumenthal
V. Everit Macy, Secretary	Francis L. Hine

Eugene H. Outerbridge
Edward W. Carpenter, Manager

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography; moderate salary; best references. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2250—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, systematizer; expert all lines; monthly audits; personal service. Accountant, X 27 Times.

A man that has been employed in two N. Y. City banks over thirty years desires a change; would like work that will not confine him to a desk; satisfactory references furnished. B. C., 313 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer.—Young man, good appearance; best references; willing and ambitious; thoroughly competent; $18. Box 49, North Side News.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

Cashier, assistant bookkeeper, correspondent; young man having several years experience in above lines wishes connection with progressive house. R 219 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single man; intelligent, willing, honest; ready to go anywhere; good reference for past ten years; good mechanic. Address American, X 116 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced, careful driver, for city or country; sober and industrious; does own repair. Jos. Herrman, 162 W. 56th.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, 22, two years' business experience, desires position with responsible firm; hard, willing worker; excellent record. E. M., 203 West 125th St.

DRY GOODS and notions salesman, 5 years' experience in the South, desires position with reputable house for coming season; references. X 129 Times.

HERE is a clean-cut young college man (Dartmouth) who's had just enough sound business training to round off the sharp corners. He will come to you brimful of energy and enthusiasm if you can show him the rung of the ladder which leads upward in your establishment. X 126 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER wishes position at $30 per week; young, wideawake, and adaptable; experienced in clock factory, clothing, and phonographs. P 263 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—An experienced specialty salesman, who has thoroughly covered America and who has a large acquaintance with drug and hardware trade, wishes to connect himself with a strictly reliable concern. X 102 Times.

SALESMAN—Now traveling with line of shoes, desires change; city or road. X 110 Times.

SPECIALTY side line, covering wholesale department dry goods and wholesale druggists; covering Pittsburgh, Pacific Coast, and entire Southern States. Commission, X 122 Times.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

5TH AV., 47.—Large and small rooms, private baths; transients and table guests.

16TH ST., 20-22-33 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; private bath; table guests; exclusive.

63D ST., 133 WEST.—Lady having private house will board one or two refined gentlemen or married couple; homelike, reasonable; telephone; reference.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Cool, comfortable rooms; private baths; superior table; Summer rates; telephone; references.

74TH, 123 WEST, (Phone 1336 Columbus.)—Small, large rooms; elegant table; very reasonable; references.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive rooms; home cooking; parlor dining; table guests; telephone; references.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—Sixteenth year; Summer rates; rooms; private baths, references.

76TH, 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, parlor dining; Southerners, Westerners desired; transients accommodated; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining, table board; references required.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Refined, exclusive home for desirable people; private bath; telephone; generous table.

80TH, 141-143 WEST.—Desirable rooms, newly decorated; private bath; parlor dining; references.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—Beautiful, comfortable rooms; excellent table; high-class Jewish house; table guests.

50-52 WEST 82D.
Newly furnished; electric light; private baths; telephone.

82D ST., 136 WEST.—Large and single rooms, with excellent board; quiet American home; reference.

84TH ST., 51 WEST.—Elegant rooms; private bath; excellent cuisine; table guests and transients accommodated.

93D, 122 WEST.—Desirable room; all conveniences; also single room; good board; references.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Newly decorated house; rooms with board; homelike. Telephone 7442 Riverside; reference.

95TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with board; private bath; business people preferred; telephone.

107TH ST., 220 WEST.—Cool, attractive room; two; private family; elevator apartment; references. Hughes.

117TH, 407 WEST.—Coolest location; large room; private bath; single room; phone Morningside 8136.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Summer rates.

157TH SUBWAY, Washington Heights.—Pleasant room overlooking Hudson; home cooking. Telephone 203—Audubon.

A gentleman and daughter, owning their home on West 86th St., will rent with board to gentlemen, a large room with bath or entire floor. Address Emoor, X 123 Times.

East Side.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, (opposite Stuyvesant Park.)—Handsome back parlor, private bath; single and double rooms; telephone; table guests.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view Stuyvesant Park; transients accommodated; references; telephone; board optional.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms; exceptionally good board; telephone.

34TH ST., 117 AND 119 EAST.—Newly renovated rooms; single, en suite; telephone.

63D, 23 EAST, (694, 696 Madison Av., near 62d St.)—Rooms, $3 to $10 weekly; with board, $8 to $16; private baths.

80TH, 40 EAST.—One block park; fine rooms; elevator; excellent board optional; Summer rates.

MADISON AV., 839 (70th St.)—Rooms or board; Summer prices; breakfast in rooms; references.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, HEIGHTS, 5.—Water view; Subway, five minutes Wall St.; corner trolley connects ferry, bridges, seaside; apartments, rooms, furnished, unfurnished; neighborhood, house high-class; table, choicest products New York markets; $8-$30 weekly. 905—Main.

PIERREPONT ST., 76, (Near Borough Hall Subway Sattion.)—Delightfully cool rooms; excellent table; moderate rates. Phone 1795 Main.

Board Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

Wanted.—Board in a refined private family by a lady who requires a large bright room; private bath preferred; apartment or house above 59th St. on west side; state terms and particulars. X 128 Times.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

9TH, ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming suite or single; delightfully cool; electric lights; references.

9TH, 41 WEST.—Large room; adjoining bath; hot and cold water; large closets; telephone.

9TH ST., 39 WEST.—Large room; private bath; single room; hot and cold water; telephone.

30TH ST., 44 EAST.—Desirable large rooms, also small rooms; 'phone; references; gentlemen.

36TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; scrupulously neat; breakfast optional; references required.

37TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large, small rooms; modern conveniences; Southerners accommodated; references.

43D ST., 250 WEST, near Times Square.—Two large front parlors; bath and 'phone. Edwards.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Large and small airy, comfortable rooms; running water; private baths; reference.

52D ST., 248 WEST. (Broadway.)—Desirable rooms; large and single; all conveniences. Phone Columbus 6180.

58TH ST., 17 WEST.—Handsome furnished suite, electric lights, private bath; suitable high-class physician; references.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large, small rooms; with, without bath; electric light; phone; reasonable.

70TH ST., 30 WEST.—Suite or [illegible] comfort; beautiful location; [illegible] refined home.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive cool rooms, baths; Subway express; Summer prices.

73D, 173 WEST.—Very desirable rooms; Summer rates.

74TH, 106 WEST.—Large and small rooms, single or en suite; Summer rates; references; phone.

75TH, 104 WEST.—Large, airy rooms; all modern improvements; very exclusive.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, cool rooms in refined neighborhood; telephone; references; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 148 WEST.—Second floor, suite, bath; also third floor rooms; electric lights; telephone.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Elegant front room, all conveniences; suitable two gentlemen; also single rooms.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Entire second floor, with private bath; also small room; private family.

79TH ST., 133 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front room, private bath; small room; gentlemen preferred; telephone.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large, small rooms, newly furnished, adjoining bath; private family; telephone; references.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Suite two rooms, private bath; large front room, private bath; telephone.

82D ST., 150 WEST.—Large, front room, second floor; dressing room, running water; private house; telephone.

83D ST., 311 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room; electric light, telephone; private residence; gentlemen.

84TH ST., 124 WEST.—Clean, neat rooms; closets, bath, home comforts; $2.50; private family. Hoffmann.

86TH ST., 106 WEST.—Delightful rooms; every convenience; ideal location; near Subway and "L"; references.

87TH ST., 127 WEST.—Beautiful single room; bath, electric lights, telephone; gentlemen; $20 a month.

92D ST., 12 WEST.—Front furnished room to let with private family; telephone in apartment; fourth floor east. Apply evenings.

94TH ST., 78 WEST.—Large, small comfortable clean rooms; separate, connected; running water; telephone. Higham.

95TH ST., 151 WEST.—Rooms, newly furnished, in private house; references required.

98TH ST., 126 WEST.—Large, cool room, kitchenette; running water; bath; also smaller room; reasonable.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Residence near Riverside Drive; handsomely furnished room; large; accommodations; all conveniences; reasonable; phone.

103D, 216 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Cheerful, bright, outside room, comfortably furnished; $3; private. Carroll.

107TH, 210 WEST.—Large, attractive front room, ample closets; elevator apartment; Southern family. White.

112TH ST., 505 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom, desirable; bath; telephone; private entrance; very reasonable. Willford.

113TH ST., 414 WEST.—Breezy Morningside Heights; large and small rooms; elevator; Subway, trolley. Smith.

118TH, 421 WEST, (Apartment 41.)—Private family; light, clean room, $3.50; business gentleman preferred.

121ST, 509 WEST, Bancroft Apartments.—Just completed; none finer; beautiful rooms, furnished, unfurnished; single or en suite; private baths; electric lights, elevators; elegant dining room; transients accommodated.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Cool, corner rooms; modern; telephone; Summer rates; $3-$5. Hungerford.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Cor. Bway.—Exceptionally cool front rooms; kitchen; elevator; references. Apt. 21.

124TH ST., 522 WEST.—Outside room; lady or married couple; telephone. Everette.

137TH, 296 WEST.—Elegant suite; private bath; also large front bedroom; Summer rates; congenial; references.

145TH ST., (198 Edgecombe Av.)—Two rooms; nicely furnished, well kept; private house; all conveniences.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 410.—Nicely furnished room; telephone, piano; no other rooms; reference. Fisher.

FURNISHED ROOMS in elegant apartment hotel; $5 per week upward. Morningside 7500. Apt. 309.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 600.—Rooms facing river; single, en suite; private baths; meal accommodations. Pierson.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 552, (127TH.)
Large, light room; phone Morningside 7028 Button.

East Side.

11TH ST., 35 EAST.—Large and small rooms, newly furnished; running water; southern exposure.

15TH ST., 142 EAST.—Furnished rooms; housekeeping; couple; men; $2 upwards; bath; running water.

17TH ST., 113 EAST, Near Union Square.—Large, light, clean front, rear rooms; reasonable; telephone.

21ST ST., 139 EAST, (Overlooking Park.)—Furnished rooms without board; $3 per week up.

22D ST., 45 EAST.—Pleasant rooms in refined house; $3 to $7 week; references.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Large, single room for gentleman; also two connecting rooms, suitable for gentlemen or man and wife. Telephone 5299—Madison.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Large and small rooms, with baths; Summer rates; gentlemen; references.

54TH ST., 15 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Desirable rooms, select neighborhood; board optional.

57TH ST., 63 EAST.—Fine rooms; new furniture; select neighborhood; Summer rates.

A.—76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attractive rooms; ideal Summer location; board optional; Summer rates.

IRVING PLACE, 71.
Large and small rooms, private bath; $3.50 up.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE, with reception room and extension; all handsomely furnished. Apply 1,041 Madison Av.

Brooklyn.

GREENE AV., 66.—Large, delightfully cool room; superior; convenient Subway and Brighton "L"; $3.50.

Furnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

FURNISHED ROOM, preferably with bath and telephone extension, by out-of-town gentleman staying in town two or three times a week. Address X 134 Times.

Room wanted, centrally located, with good piano. X 217 Times.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

An unusually desirable 8-room apartment to sublet for two years from October at a sacrifice; splendid location and service; immediate possession. Superintendent, 206 West 86th St.

77 WEST 92D ST.
Fine location; desirable 8 rooms; hot water, steam heat; $52-$62. Apply on premises.

21st St., 326 West.—Six light rooms; bath, hot water supply; halls heated; reasonable rent.

East Side.

IDEAL APARTMENTS, 2 and 4 rooms and bath. 12 East 30th St.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

30c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Nicely furnished 8-room apartment, all rooms overlooking the Palisades of the Hudson, Fort View Apartments, 181st St. and Northern Av. Apartment 6-D. Ask for Lopaz. A bargain.

FURNISHED APARTMENT OR ONE ROOM TO RENT. RIVERSIDE DRIVE. X 92 TIMES.

Most elegant rooms in city, $25-$40 monthly; private bath, meals. 32 West 69th.

Furnished Apartments Wanted

30c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

[illegible] and wife, middle aged, desire to [illegible] furnished housekeeping apartment [illegible] refined location, N. W. [illegible] state full particulars [illegible] desirable tenants. X 133 Times.

Used Autos For Sale

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AUTOMOBILES.
Green's Purchasing Agency, old Brewster Building, 1,587-1,589 Broadway, corner 48th St. Used automobiles of the highest grades can be purchased from us at sacrifice prices. We have the largest showrooms in the city and the greatest variety of cars to select from. All makes, from $125 to $8,000. Demonstrations cheerfully given. Satisfactory time payments arranged.

Buick, five-passenger, 30 h. p., 1910 touring car; guaranteed to be in absolutely perfect condition; newly painted; has top, side curtains, speedometer, Presto headlights, oil lamps, tire chains, Klaxon horn, 1911 carburetter, tools, extra shoe and tubes; on high gear will run from 4 to 60 miles per hour, and climb Fort George Hill; will demonstrate; price low for quick sale. Owner, E. H. Ridgeway, 410 East 52d St., New York. 'Phone 484—Madison Sq.

STODDARD-DAYTON.
If you have a car and wish to trade for a better one, come in and see our factory rebuilt cars, which carry the same guarantee as new cars. 1909-10-11 cars, with all types of bodies. Used CAR DEPARTMENT, STODDARD MOTOR COMPANY, 225 West 57th St.

Pierce-Arrow, 7-passenger, 40 h. p., 4-cylinder; excellent condition and running order; fully equipped; no dealers; no reasonable offer refused. Inquire owner, Tea Room, 33 West 61st St.

For sale cheap, White 5 passenger touring car; repainted; A No. 1 order; used two months. Coleman, 517 East 69th St.

CHALMERS "FORTY" TOURING car, rebuilt and repainted. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, New York.

Five-parsenger touring; excellent riding; competent driver; $2.50 an hour. Tea Room, 33 West 61st St.

CHALMERS cars, rebuilt, repainted, and guaranteed. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, City.

Automobile Supplies

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AUTO TIRES AND TUBES.
When you are through going around looking for bargains try us; we have them. TUXEDO TIRE EXCHANGE, 53d St. and 8th Av. 'Phone 1482 Col.

Automobiles to Rent

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AUTOS FOR HIRE.
PEERLESS CARS.
PEERLESS RENTAL SERVICE.
'Phone 2353 Columbus.

Beautiful six-cylinder, large, seven-passenger touring car, $3 per hour. Lamensdorf, 4550—Audubon.

Real Estate For Sale or To Let.

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Long Island.

ON PAYMENT SAME AS RENT.—Seven-room house; all improvements; near station and trolley; 30 minutes from Penn. Station; 40,000 square feet of land; price, $3,700. Wm. Sallberg, 201 East 140th St., corner of 3d Av., Room 213.

New 7-room house and bath; parquet floors; steam heat; 2 lots; 20 minutes out; $4,500; $500 or more cash, balance to suit. Karlberg, 103 East 51st St.

Huntington.—Small bungalows, with plot 100x100; high, airy, fertile land; prices $600 and up; write for tickets to see them. Beck, 1,361 Broadway, Brooklyn.

A postal brings illustrated book of Linden Shores, the best water-front property near New York. Suburban Sales Company, 1,328 Broadway.

New Jersey.

Astonishing Bargain.—Cottage, 6 rooms; quarter acre cultivated land; abundant fruit; overlooking Orange Mountain; 25 minutes from Broadway, Lackawanna Railroad; price $2,000; easy terms. Nicholson, Lynhurst, N. J.

Bargain.—New cottage, 6 rooms, all improvements; high, healthy, restricted; price $3,700, $300 cash; photo, particulars mailed. Hallberg, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

New England.

FOR SALE.
Several small farms for sale cheap; suitable for a Summer home; beautiful scenery; write for descriptions. J. H. Malone, Redding Ridge, Conn.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

A.—Modern three-story high-stoop dwelling in the Schermerhorn Block, (East 68th St.;) newly decorated; rents $1,000 and $1,200.
FIRM L. J. CARPENTER,
25 Liberty, 1,181 3d Av.

Private house in the Fifties; newly decorated; furnished or unfurnished; sell furnishings on easy terms. James, 15 East 54th St. 'Phone 3637—Broad.

Pianos and Organs

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

STEINWAY mahogany upright piano, in fine condition; will sell very cheap. 316 West 42d.

SURROGATE CITATION.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW York, by the Grace of God, Free and Independent, to LUIGI SORMANI, infant, and all other heirs, devisees and next of kin of ALEXANDER SORMANI, (also known as Sormini Alexander,) if any, and all other persons claiming under them or either of them, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogate's Court of said county, held at the Hall of Records in the County of New York on the 19th day of September, 1911, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to show cause before this court why an order should not be made authorizing and directing Harold R. Lhowe, administrator of the goods, chattels and credits of Alexander Sormani, (also known as Sormani Alexander,) to execute and deliver a deed of the said real estate above described to Isaac Cohen, the person entitled thereto, upon such terms as the court may prescribe; the said deed to have the effect of conveying the right, title and interest of the decedent at the time of his death in and to certain premises situated in the town of Mamaroneck, County of Westchester, State of New York; and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto [L. S.] affixed. Witness Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, the 16th day of June in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

LEGAL NOTICES.

THOMAS A. WRENN.—Notice is hereby given that we, Thomas A. Wrenn, residing at No. 113 Eastman Street, Cranford, New Jersey, as general partner, and Clifford B. Wright, residing at Dexter Park, Cincinnati, Ohio, as special partner, both of full age, have, pursuant to the laws of the State of New York, continued and renewed, and do hereby continue and renew a limited partnership heretofore formed by us, for the purposes, and upon the terms following, viz.: The firm name is Thomas A. Wrenn. The nature of the business intended to be transacted is the handling of flour, grain, and mill stuff on commission, and buying and selling the same. The principal place of business is to be located in New York County. The names of all the general and special partners interested therein, and their respective places of residence are as hereinbefore stated. The special partner, Clifford B. Wright, has contributed to the common stock, in cash, the sum of $7,500. The said continued or renewed copartnership is to begin on the 1st day of July, 1911, and to end on the 1st day of July, 1914.

Dated June 20th, 1911.

THOMAS A. WRENN,
CLIFFORD B. WRIGHT.

BANKERS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

Notice is hereby given that the Bankers Life Insurance Company of the City of New York, a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 5th day of September, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day or as soon thereafter

DRESSED-UP POLICE IS THE ORDER NOW

No Shabby Uniforms Nor Untidy Neckdress Can Be Worn by One of Them Anywhere.

"THE FINEST" MUST LOOK IT

Chief Inspector Says the Word to the Captains, Who Are Held Liable—East Side and Broadway Alike.

The police force of New York is the best police force in the world. Chief Inspector Schmittberger believes that. It should be the best-looking police force in the world. The Chief Inspector also believes that. It is a real conviction with him, and he intends to see that the patrolmen shall keep themselves scrupulously up to the mark. The word has gone forth in the department.

It was Commissioner Waldo who noticed several instances of untidiness among men, and who spoke to the Chief Inspector about it. The Chief Inspector spoke to the men, and in no uncertain language. Late Thursday night, when he dropped into the West 125th Street Station, he subjected the men assigned there to an embarrassing scrutiny, and told them a few things on how to wear a collar and how to tie a tie, and spoke of the advantages of a trim uniform. Other precincts will enjoy this sort of hauling over in time. Yesterday a police Captain was summoned to Schmittberger's office at Headquarters, and told a few things he will not forget in a hurry. For the appearance of the force is built out of the appearance of the various precinct groups, and the appearance of the men in each precinct is and always has been up to the Captain. The Chief Inspector proposes to put it up to the Captains with renewed emphasis. It's all in the regulations:

"Captains will at all times," says Rule 42, Paragraph 79, "require the members of the force under their command while on duty to be dressed according to the rules and regulations of the Police Department, and be neat and clean in their dress, habits, and person. All negligence in dress, want of cleanliness or unfitness for duty for any cause whatever will be made the subject of charges by the commanding officer."

The time to look over the patrolmen is when they leave the station house after roll call. An inspecting officer, either a Sergeant or Lieutenant, is on the lookout to see that they have their equipment complete. He must also be particularly on the lookout that they look neat in every respect. The Chief Inspector sees no reason why the black tie should depart from the place prescribed by custom, nor why the uniform should not fit and be pressed and brushed.

"I think people have been satisfied with the standard of appearance as it has been maintained for the last fifty or sixty years," said Commissioner Waldo, "and it is our plan that appearance should not deteriorate."

The Chief Inspector, through long experience with policemen, has grasped the idea that the well-dressed policeman is the good policeman.

"The man who is careless with his uniform," Inspector Schmittberger said, "the man who doesn't care how he looks, is the man who doesn't care how he patrols or does any of his duties. You'll notice that the officers are all pretty particular about how they look. Well, if they hadn't been they wouldn't have become officers. That's how I look at it. And I know when I go the rounds and see men here and there off their posts, I find, as a rule, that they are the very men whose uniform is sloppy, whose braid is torn, and whose tie is askew."

But some of the old policemen view the new order with a certain melancholy. They shake their heads sadly over the fussy ways of latter administrations, and think all this talk of fine feathers is namby-pamby. Schmittberger only smiles at these opinions, and says the men who hold them are the kind of policeman the force can do without.

He sees no reason why the men assigned to duty in the sorriest parts of the lower east side should not be just as spick and span as those whose happier lot it is to patrol Fifth Avenue and the fine cross streets.

"I served my time on the east side," he said yesterday, "and I know. Down there, among the foreigners, the policeman is about the whole thing. He represents law, order, and Government to people who know little of these things. He ought to set the standard of neatness and general shipshape condition. I tell you it makes a lot of difference to a caller at a station if the Lieutenant on the desk is spruce, with his collar buttoned up tight. It looks like authority. It means business. There's a lot to it."

Schmittberger recalled that he had just seen over in Queens several of the mounted police who had been transferred from Fifth Avenue and Broadway, and he rejoiced to see their uniforms as spotless and their gloves as white as when they rode on the showy thoroughfares.

"The training is in them, and they never forget," he commented with satisfaction.

Policemen have wily ways of evading the regulations as they have been enforced. They put on their new blouse on inspection day and when it is their lot to testify in court, and then shift for a shabby one that does duty until the next red-letter day. The Chief Inspector would like to stop that by branding a shabby uniform with acid, army fashion. But the uniforms belong to the men themselves, and he fears the department would not have the right to do it.

The cloth for the uniforms must be purchased at Headquarters, and, according to the rules, the men are advised to employ a tailor accustomed to making first-class uniforms, as all and every part of the uniforms not made in accordance with the regulations will be rejected.

The trouble is that while there are established tailors who have made uniforms satisfactorily for a generation, there are some cheaper tailors who are cutting prices and beguiling the economical patrolman to make shift with an ill-fitting garment. The patrolman has to buy three a year, Summer, Winter, and dress, and it is a temptation to get a cheaper make.

Commissioner Waldo was inclined yesterday to scout the suggestion that there be a department tailor so that the tailoring as well as the cloth and style should be uniform. The designation of a group of tailors as special purveyors to the force would open a field for limitless corruption, he said, and as for the department doing its own tailoring, he hardly thought that feasible or even desirable. To prevent the men from ordering from an inferior tailor, the present power of rejection is sufficient, he pointed out, and there is a rule that only the written permission of the Commissioner will make it possible for a member of the force to buy or wear the uniform of any member or ex-member.

A Captain must either hold the inspecting officer to account for untidiness in the ranks or himself be held accountable from higher up. And every one agrees that most of the men don't have to be urged to look just as imposing as a policeman can. And policemen can look very imposing.

EXTENDING SUBWAY WORK.

Permits Granted for Three More Shafts in Lexington Avenue.

Permits were granted yesterday to the Bradley Constructing Company, which has the contract for four sections of the new Subway, to erect three more platforms and to sink the necessary shafts. These platforms will be at Lexington Avenue and Eighty-ninth, Ninety-seventh, and 103d Streets. The platforms and shafts at the two former points will be built right across the street and shafts will be sunk on both sides of the avenue, as now at Sixty-second Street. At 103d Street the platform will be on the east side of the street only.

The date for the actual beginning of the work at these points is not mentioned in the permit. Justice Ford has not yet rendered his decision on the application for an injunction restraining any further work on the Lexington Avenue line, but briefs will be handed up to him to-day.

WON'T PAY OLD JUDGMENT.

Ralph H. Beach Answers Contempt Charge and Gets Another Chance.

In the attempt to enforce a payment of a seven-year-old judgment for $20,877.50 for an alleged breach of contract for services rendered in the promotion of the affairs of a corporation, William Haven applied yesterday, through William B. Hill, his counsel, to Judge Lacombe, in the United State Circuit Court, to commit Ralph H. Beach for contempt. Mr. Beach is the inventor of an electric railway car and President of the Federal Storage Battery Company. He lives at the Hotel Majestic. He refused to answer certain questions about his property and is alleged to have made "manifestly false and untrue" answers to others in supplementary proceedings.

Mr. Hill recited in a long affidavit the woes of his client. The judgment, obtained on May 2, 1904, with interest now amounts to $30,000, and Beach has made an offer of settlement for $6,000.

Mr. Beach in his reply denies that he owns any stock in the Federal Storage Battery Company, although he is the President, and states that he is willing to answer any questions about his own affairs, but does not wish to reveal the affairs of the corporation to the advantage of its competitor.

Mr. Beach adds that, though he is advised he could get rid of this debt by going through bankruptcy, he does not wish to do so. Judge Lacombe refused to commit him for contempt, but directs that if the admissions in the papers in the contempt motion do not satisfy the plaintiff Beach must appear before Commissioner Shields, sitting as referee, and that if he then refuses to answer proper questions the motion for contempt may be renewed.

CUT IN TELEPHONE RATES.

Five Instead of Ten Cents to Many Parts of Long Island After Dec. 1.

The new telephone rates which under the order of the Public Service Commission of the Second District must be put in force by Dec. 1 provide for a considerable reduction in a number of suburban calls.

Five instead of 10 cents will be charged for calls between Manhattan below West 110th Street and East 103d Street and that section of Long Island between the Sound, East River, and New York Bay and a line beginning at Sixty-fifth Street, Brooklyn, and New York Bay, then along the Bay Ridge extension and Manhattan Beach Division of the Long Island Railroad, easterly from New York Bay to New Lots Avenue; thence easterly along that avenue to Fountain Avenue; thence northeasterly to the intersection of Blake Avenue and Crystal Street extended; thence easterly on Blake Avenue to the boundary line between Brooklyn and Queens; thence northerly along the borough line to Forest Park; thence across Forest Park to a point 100 feet south of Myrtle Avenue; thence easterly and parallel to Myrtle Avenue to a point 100 feet east of Dry Harbor Road extended; thence northerly and parallel to Dry Harbor Road through St. John's Cemetery to a point about 100 feet south of North Hempstead Road; thence northeasterly along North Hempstead Road and 100 feet therefrom as far as Flushing Creek; thence northerly along the creek to Flushing Bay.

In the same way a reduction from 15 to 10 cents is provided for messages between Manhattan below West 110th Street and East 103d Street, and central station districts, Flushing, Richmond Hill, and Jamaica, L. I.

The New York Telephone Company appealed against the original order of the Public Service Commission, but will accept this one.

NUGENT STILL FIGHTING.

Ousted Chairman Declares Committee Action Was Illegal.

James R. Nugent, who was ousted as Chairman of the New Jersey Democratic State Committee on Thursday, issued a statement yesterday in Newark, declaring illegal the action of the fourteen State Committeemen in vacating his office because he insulted Gov. Wilson when he toasted him as an "ingrate and a liar." He also denies that he was responsible for the riotous scene created at the committee meeting. This is the statement:

The meeting yesterday of members of the Democratic State Committee was neither formally called nor legally held. In the first place, there was no authority for its calling. I had notified those members who were desirous of holding a meeting and who had joined in a request for me to issue a call that I would give them and the other members due notice of a meeting it was my intention to call in the near future.

Those members who were guided by some hidden and hostile hand were not content with my assurance, and in violation of the courtesy they owed me as Chairman they, with the aid of William K. Devereux, Secretary of the committee, ignored my rights and arranged for a meeting.

I maintain that any action taken at that meeting was void and of no effect because of its irregularity. I am not ready at this time to say what my future course will be with respect to the situation that has developed in the State Committee, but I shall at all times consider that the thing that is of primary importance always is the welfare of the Democratic Party.

The published accounts of the meeting in several of this morning's newspapers are absolutely biased and untruthful so far as they relate to the dispute over the presence of William H. Kraft of Camden. The facts are these: Mr. Kraft claimed to have a proxy from William J. Davis, the State Committeeman from Camden. I called for that proxy, but Mr. Kraft did not present it. I had a right to question his presence there, inasmuch as I had a letter from Mr. Davis, which I read to the committee, repudiating Kraft as his representative in the State Committee.

Up to this point newspaper men and others had not been excluded from the meeting room. There were less than twenty persons present besides members of the committee. While the dispute was in progress Mr. Crater of Monmouth made a motion to go into executive session. Then Mr. Crater and several others began jostling the spectators out. Mr. Kraft was jostled out with the rest. Certainly no violence was offered to him. He remained out and I refused to entertain a motion to let him in. I called Mr. Wills to the chair while I addressed the committee. Mr. Wills entertained a second motion that was made to admit Kraft. Then I, with Mr. Gallagher of Mercer County left the room and immediately departed from the Coleman House. What occurred after that I do not know. When I left the room those who were outside crowded in, and there was apparently general excitement. Nobody had offered either violence or insult to Kraft up to the time that I left.

The attitude of Mr. Nugent is not worrying his opponents in the State Committee in the least. Without censuring the ousted Chairman, they are now devoting their time to seeking a good man to head the committee.

It is known that the committeemen have under consideration the name of Edward Grosscup of Gloucester, a member of the State Board of Equalization of Taxes. The name of Judge Howard Carrow has been also mentioned.

Martine and Gore at Wilson Rally.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 11.—Among the many politicians who have accepted invitations to attend the outing and barbecue of the Woodrow Wilson Democratic Club, to be held at the Inter-State Fair Grounds here on Wednesday, Aug. 23, are United States Senators James E. Martine of this State and Thomas P. Gore of Oklahoma.

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THE COLLEGE AND CANDIDATE, A VITAL CATECHISM FOR BOTH

Many Salient Questions Which the Student and the College Should Ask Each Other.

By WILLIAM De WITT HYDE
President of Bowdoin College.

CHOOSING a college and admitting students, like marrying and giving in marriage, are too often done thoughtlessly and unadvisedly. The student goes where his friends have been; where other fellows are going; where his social set thinks everybody ought to go. And the college too often welcomes all candidates who can pass the examinations or bring the certificate.

The result on both sides is about as satisfactory as the results of a lottery usually are. On the whole, both colleges and students are good enough to give tolerable results from even such hap-hazard match-making.

I sometimes wonder whether either students ever will choose their college wisely, or colleges will select their students with honest discrimination. It certainly would be a great gain on both sides, for not every college is adapted to every boy, and not every boy is adapted to every college.

Wise selection would involve a good many pretty "obstinate questionings" on both sides. Perhaps the best way to indicate the basis of right choice would be to formulate some of these questions:

The Student: "How large is the college? Is it large enough to have all types of mind represented? Is it small enough to let the individuals count?"

The College: "How big a man are you? Would you command a place of leadership and responsibility in a group of two hundred, and be a mere unnoticed and negligible unit in a mass of a thousand or more?"

The Student: "Are your professors mainly great scholars with international reputations who lecture to large audiences? Or are they mainly young and enthusiastic teachers meeting small groups intimately by the preceptorial method?"

The College: Are your intellectual tastes and interests already developed so that impersonal contact with a great man at a distance will kindle your zeal into a steady flame? Or are you merely a big boy who wants, or for whom parents want, something or other that is called an education?"

The Student: "Are your students rich and cultivated; drawn from the best social circles? Or are they all poor boys working their way? Or do rich and poor meet together on terms of equality and intimacy?"

The College: "Are you a snob who needs to learn how much stronger and braver and better some poor fellows are than the best your select circle can show? Or have you had limited advantages and need to learn how wealthy and cultivated fellows meet and overcome temptations you never dreamed of, and are qualified for positions you could never fill unless you learn by association with them what they have to teach?"

The Student: "Is the tone of student life in its modes of recreation, in its attitude toward work, clean and sound and earnest? Or is it low and vulgar and flippant?"

The College: "Are you able to pick and choose and create a wholesome, moral environment for yourself? Or are you weak enough to be made or unmade by the environment into which you happen to fall?"

The Student: "How much money in endowment for teaching, salaries of professors, investment in plant, per student, have you to offer? On how large an investment shall I draw my share of interest in return for the tuition I pay?"

The College: "How much intellectual earnestness do you bring with you to indicate that you are worth spending our resources upon?"

The Student: "Who are your graduates? and what sort of places are the men getting whom you are graduating now?"

The College: "What kind of a man are we capable of making of you, if we give four years of our best efforts to the task?"

The Student: "Is your student life organized into small intimate groups, where the older influence the younger; the younger look up to the older, and all help each other to a happy and helpful social life? And how large a proportion of the student body can secure the best such fraternity life has to offer?"

The College: "What sort of a fellow are you? And have you enough geniality and social training to make you a desirable member of such a group?"

These are a few of the questions every boy or every parent should ask of the college to which the boy thinks of going. Not by any means every college, if it honestly answered these questions, could prove to half its candidates for admission that it is the right college for them. Not by any means every candidate for admission, if he honestly answered these questions, could prove his right to enter the college to which he applies.

Choosing a college and admitting a student are a serious responsibility, and the more such questions as these are asked and answered, the fewer misfits there will be, the more good the colleges and their students will do for each other. For, in the modern college, with its liberty hampered by intimate personal influence, the students do almost as much to make the college as the college does to make the students.

If the student would seek out, or his parents would seek out for him, the one college out of a dozen carefully considered best fitted to develop him, and the college would honestly advise those not adapted to profit by its life to go to a larger or a smaller, a more or less paternal, a more or less wealthy, a more or less socially organized college, it would be an immense gain to both.

But, like all ideals, this is too good, or, rather, involves too much thought and sacrifice, to come true all at once. The suggested questions, however, may help a few candidates to do the wise and a few institutions to do the honest thing.

SCHOOLS.

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